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#### BETOFIX WATERSTOP



### SECTION 1: IDENTIFICATION OF THE SUBSTANCE/MIXTURE AND OF THE COMPANY/UNDERTAKING

1.1 Product identifier: BETOFIX WATERSTOP

### 1.2 Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against:

Relevant uses: Cold plastic paint with high resistance to negative pressures Uses advised against: All uses not specified in this section or in section 7.3

### 1.3 Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet:

NEOTEX S.A.

V. MOIRA STR., INDUSTRIAL AREA MANDRA

GR 19600 ATHENS - GREECE

Phone.: +302105557579 - Fax: +302105558482

support@neotex.gr www.neotex.eu

**1.4 Emergency telephone number:** Poison Center +302107793777

### SECTION 2: HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION \*\*

#### 2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture:

### CLP Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008:

Classification of this product has been carried out in accordance with CLP Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008.

Aquatic Chronic 2: Hazardous to the aquatic environment, long-term hazard, Category 2, H411

Asp. Tox. 1: Aspiration hazard, Category 1, H304 Eye Dam. 1: Serious eye damage, Category 1, H318 Flam. Liq. 3: Flammable liquids, Category 3, H226

Skin Irrit. 2: Skin irritation, Category 2, H315

Skin Sens. 1B: Sensitisation, skin, Category 1B, H317 STOT SE 3: Specific toxicity causing drowsiness and dizziness, single exposure, Category 3, H336

STOT SE 3: Respiratory tract toxicity, single exposure, Category 3, H335

### 2.2 Label elements:

### CLP Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008:

#### Danger











### **Hazard statements:**

Aguatic Chronic 2: H411 - Toxic to aguatic life with long lasting effects

Asp. Tox. 1: H304 - May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways

Eye Dam. 1: H318 - Causes serious eye damage Flam. Liq. 3: H226 - Flammable liquid and vapour

Skin Irrit. 2: H315 - Causes skin irritation

Skin Sens. 1B: H317 - May cause an allergic skin reaction STOT SE 3: H336 - May cause drowsiness or dizziness STOT SE 3: H335 - May cause respiratory irritation

### **Precautionary statements:**

P101: If medical advice is needed, have product container or label at hand

P102: Keep out of reach of children

P210: Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking

P264: Wash thoroughly after handling

P280: Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection

P305+P351+P338: IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing

P370+P378: In case of fire: Use ABC powder extinguisher to extinguish

P501: Dispose of contents/container according to the separated collection system used in your municipality

#### Substances that contribute to the classification

Cement, portland, chemicals; Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light arom., < 0.1 % EC 200-753-7

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### SECTION 2: HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION \*\* (continued)

#### 2.3 Other hazards:

Product fails to meet PBT/vPvB criteria

### SECTION 3: COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS \*\*

#### 3.1 Substance:

Non-applicable

#### 3.2 Mixture:

Chemical description: Mixture composed of additives and acrylic resin in solvents

#### **Components:**

In accordance with Annex II of Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 (point 3), the product contains:

	Identification		Chemical name/Classification			
CAS:	65997-15-1	Cement, portland, ch	Cement, portland, chemicals <sup>(1)</sup> Self-classified			
EC: Index: REACH:	266-043-4 Non-applicable I: Non-applicable	Regulation 1272/2008	Eye Dam. 1: H318; Skin Irrit. 2: H315; Skin Sens. 1B: H317; STOT SE 3: H335	- Danger 🗘 🕸	25 - <50 %	
	64742-95-6 265-199-0 : 649-356-00-4 H: 01-2119486773-24- XXXX	Solvent naphtha (per	troleum), light arom., < 0.1 % EC 200-753-7 <sup>(1)</sup>	ATP ATP01		
EC: Index: REACH:		Regulation 1272/2008	Aquatic Chronic 2: H411; Asp. Tox. 1: H304; Flam. Liq. 3: H226; Skin Irrit. 2: H315; STOT SE 3: H336; EUH066 - Danger	(1) (2) (4) (4)	25 - <50 %	
CAS:	1330-20-7	Xylene <sup>(1)</sup>		ATP CLP00		
EC: Index: REACH:	215-535-7 601-022-00-9 01-2119488216-32- XXXX	Regulation 1272/2008	Acute Tox. 4: H312+H332; Flam. Liq. 3: H226; Skin Irrit. 2: H315 - Warning	<b>(1)</b>	1 - <2,5 %	

<sup>(1)</sup> Substances presenting a health or environmental hazard which meet criteria laid down in Regulation (EU) No. 2015/830

To obtain more information on the hazards of the substances consult sections 11, 12 and 16.

### **SECTION 4: FIRST AID MEASURES**

### 4.1 Description of first aid measures:

The symptoms resulting from intoxication can appear after exposure, therefore, in case of doubt, seek medical attention for direct exposure to the chemical product or persistent discomfort, showing the SDS of this product.

### By inhalation:

Remove the person affected from the area of exposure, provide with fresh air and keep at rest. In serious cases such as cardiorespiratory failure, artificial resuscitation techniques will be necessary (mouth to mouth resuscitation, cardiac massage, oxygen supply, etc.) requiring immediate medical assistance.

### By skin contact:

Remove contaminated clothing and footwear, rinse skin or shower the person affected if appropriate with plenty of cold water and neutral soap. In serious cases see a doctor. If the product causes burns or freezing, clothing should not be removed as this could worsen the injury caused if it is stuck to the skin. If blisters form on the skin, these should never be burst as this will increase the risk of infection.

### By eye contact:

Rinse eyes thoroughly with water for at least 15 minutes. If the injured person uses contact lenses, these should be removed unless they are stuck to the eyes, in which case removal could cause further damage. In all cases, after cleaning, a doctor should be consulted as quickly as possible with the SDS for the product.

### By ingestion/aspiration:

Request medical assistance immediately, showing the SDS of this product. Do not induce vomiting, but if it does happen keep the head down to avoid aspiration. In the case of loss of consciousness do not administer anything orally unless supervised by a doctor. Rinse out the mouth and throat, as they may have been affected during ingestion. Keep the person affected at rest.

### 4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed:

Acute and delayed effects are indicated in sections 2 and 11.

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### SECTION 4: FIRST AID MEASURES (continued)

### 4.3 Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed:

Non-applicable

### **SECTION 5: FIREFIGHTING MEASURES**

### 5.1 Extinguishing media:

If possible use polyvalent powder fire extinguishers (ABC powder), alternatively use foam or carbon dioxide extinguishers (CO<sub>2</sub>). IT IS RECOMMENDED NOT to use full jet water as an extinguishing agent.

### 5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture:

As a result of combustion or thermal decomposition reactive sub-products are created that can become highly toxic and, consequently, can present a serious health risk.

### 5.3 Advice for firefighters:

Depending on the magnitude of the fire it may be necessary to use full protective clothing and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA). Minimum emergency facilities and equipment should be available (fire blankets, portable first aid kit,...) in accordance with Directive 89/654/EC.

#### **Additional provisions:**

Act in accordance with the Internal Emergency Plan and the Information Sheets on actions to take after an accident or other emergencies. Eliminate all sources of ignition. In case of fire, cool the storage containers and tanks for products susceptible to combustion, explosion or BLEVE as a result of high temperatures. Avoid spillage of the products used to extinguish the fire into an aqueous medium.

### SECTION 6: ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

### 6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures:

Isolate leaks provided that there is no additional risk for the people performing this task. Evacuate the area and keep out those without protection. Personal protection equipment must be used against potential contact with the spilt product (See section 8). Above all prevent the formation of any vapour-air flammable mixtures, through either ventilation or the use of an inert medium. Destroy any source of ignition. Eliminate electrostatic charges by interconnecting all the conductive surfaces on which static electricity could form, and also ensuring that all surfaces are connected to the ground.

### 6.2 Environmental precautions:

Avoid at all cost any type of spillage into an aqueous medium. Contain the product absorbed appropriately in hermetically sealed containers. Notify the relevant authority in case of exposure to the general public or the environment.

### 6.3 Methods and material for containment and cleaning up:

It is recommended:

Absorb the spillage using sand or inert absorbent and move it to a safe place. Do not absorb in sawdust or other combustible absorbents. For any concern related to disposal consult section 13.

### 6.4 Reference to other sections:

See sections 8 and 13.

### SECTION 7: HANDLING AND STORAGE

### 7.1 Precautions for safe handling:

A.- Precautions for safe manipulation

Use in ventilated areas. Avoid the build up of dust

B.- Technical recommendations for the prevention of fires and explosions

Transfer in well ventilated areas, preferably through localized extraction. Fully control sources of ignition (mobile phones, sparks,...) and ventilate during cleaning operations. Avoid the existence of dangerous atmospheres inside containers, applying inertization systems where possible. Transfer at a slow speed to avoid the creation of electrostatic charges. Against the possibility of electrostatic charges: ensure a perfect equipotential connection, always use groundings, do not wear work clothes made of acrylic fibres, preferably wearing cotton clothing and conductive footwear. Comply with the essential security requirements for equipment and systems defined in Directive 2014/34/EC (ATEX 100) and with the minimum requirements for protecting the security and health of workers under the selection criteria of Directive 1999/92/EC (ATEX 137). Consult section 10 for conditions and materials that should be avoided.

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### SECTION 7: HANDLING AND STORAGE (continued)

C.- Technical recommendations to prevent ergonomic and toxicological risks

Do not eat or drink during the process, washing hands afterwards with suitable cleaning products.

D.- Technical recommendations to prevent environmental risks

Due to the danger of this product for the environment it is recommended to use it within an area containing contamination control barriers in case of spillage, as well as having absorbent material in close proximity.

#### 7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities:

A.- Technical measures for storage

Minimum Temp.: 30 °C Maximum Temp.: Maximum time: 12 Months

B.- General conditions for storage

Avoid sources of heat, radiation, static electricity and contact with food. For additional information see subsection 10.5 Keep the container tightly sealed and protected from open air and humidity.

#### 7.3 Specific end use(s):

Except for the instructions already specified it is not necessary to provide any special recommendation regarding the uses of this product.

### SECTION 8: EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

#### 8.1 **Control parameters:**

Substances whose occupational exposure limits have to be monitored in the workplace (European OEL, not country-specific legislation):

	Identification	Occupational exposure limits			
Xylene		IOELV (8h)	50 ppm	221 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	
CAS: 1330-20-7	EC: 215-535-7	IOELV (STEL)	100 ppm	442 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	

### **DNEL (Workers):**

		Short e	xposure	Long e	xposure
Identification		Systemic	Local	Systemic	Local
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light arom., < 0.1 % EC 200 -753-7	Oral	Non-applicable	Non-applicable	Non-applicable	Non-applicable
CAS: 64742-95-6	Dermal	Non-applicable	Non-applicable	Non-applicable	Non-applicable
EC: 265-199-0	Inhalation	1286,4 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	1066,67 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	Non-applicable	837,5 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
Xylene	Oral	Non-applicable	Non-applicable	Non-applicable	Non-applicable
CAS: 1330-20-7	Dermal	Non-applicable	Non-applicable	212 mg/kg	Non-applicable
EC: 215-535-7	Inhalation	442 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	442 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	221 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	221 mg/m <sup>3</sup>

#### **DNEL (General population):**

		Short e	xposure	Long ex	xposure
Identification		Systemic	Local	Systemic	Local
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light arom., < 0.1 % EC 200 -753-7	Oral	Non-applicable	Non-applicable	Non-applicable	Non-applicable
CAS: 64742-95-6	Dermal	Non-applicable	Non-applicable	Non-applicable	Non-applicable
EC: 265-199-0	Inhalation	1152 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	640 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	Non-applicable	178,57 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
Xylene	Oral	Non-applicable	Non-applicable	12,5 mg/kg	Non-applicable
CAS: 1330-20-7	Dermal	Non-applicable	Non-applicable	125 mg/kg	Non-applicable
EC: 215-535-7	Inhalation	260 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	260 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	65,3 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	65,3 mg/m <sup>3</sup>

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### SECTION 8: EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION (continued)

Identification				
Xylene	STP	6,58 mg/L	Fresh water	0,327 mg/L
CAS: 1330-20-7	Soil	2,31 mg/kg	Marine water	0,327 mg/L
EC: 215-535-7	Intermittent	0,327 mg/L	Sediment (Fresh water)	12,46 mg/kg
	Oral	Non-applicable	Sediment (Marine water)	12,46 mg/kg

### 8.2 Exposure controls:

A.- General security and hygiene measures in the work place

As a preventative measure it is recommended to use basic Personal Protective Equipment, with the corresponding <<CE marking>> in accordance with Directive 89/686/EC. For more information on Personal Protective Equipment (storage, use, cleaning, maintenance, class of protection,...) consult the information leaflet provided by the manufacturer. For more information see subsection 7.1.

All information contained herein is a recommendation which needs some specification from the labour risk prevention services as it is not known whether the company has additional measures at its disposal.

B.- Respiratory protection

Pictogram	PPE	Labelling	CEN Standard	Remarks
Mandatory respiratory tract protection	Filter mask for gases and vapours	CAT III	EN 405:2001+A1:2009	Replace when there is a taste or smell of the contaminant inside the face mask. If the contaminant comes with warnings it is recommended to use isolation equipment.

### C.- Specific protection for the hands

Pictogram	PPE	Labelling	CEN Standard	Remarks
Mandatory hand protection	Protective gloves against minor risks	CATI		Replace gloves in case of any sign of damage. For prolonged periods of exposure to the product for professional users/industrials, we recommend using CE III gloves in line with standards EN 420:2003+A1:2009 and EN ISO 374-1:2016

<sup>&</sup>quot;As the product is a mixture of several substances, the resistance of the glove material can not be predicted in advance with total reliability and has therefore to be checked prior to the application"

# D.- Ocular and facial protection

Pictogram	PPE	Labelling	CEN Standard	Remarks
Mandatory face protection	Panoramic glasses against splash/projections.	CATII	EN 166:2001 EN ISO 4007:2018	Clean daily and disinfect periodically according to the manufacturer's instructions. Use if there is a risk of splashing.

### E.- Body protection

	Pictogram	PPE	Labelling	CEN Standard	Remarks
_	Mandatory complete body protection	Antistatic and fireproof protective clothing	CAT III	EN 1149-1:2006 EN 1149-2:1997 EN 1149-3:2004 EN 168:2001 EN ISO 14116:2015 EN 1149-5:2018	Limited protection against flames.
	Mandatory foot protection	Safety footwear with antistatic and heat resistant properties	CATIII	EN ISO 13287:2012 EN ISO 20345:2011	Replace boots at any sign of deterioration.

# F.- Additional emergency measures

Emergency measure	Standards	Emergency measure	Standards
Emergency shower	ANSI Z358-1 ISO 3864-1:2011, ISO 3864-4:2011	<b>E</b> yewash stations	DIN 12 899 ISO 3864-1:2011, ISO 3864-4:2011

### **Environmental exposure controls:**

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# SECTION 8: EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION (continued)

In accordance with the community legislation for the protection of the environment it is recommended to avoid environmental spillage of both the product and its container. For additional information see subsection 7.1.D

### **Volatile organic compounds:**

With regard to Directive 2010/75/EU, this product has the following characteristics:

V.O.C. (Supply): 27,34 % weight

V.O.C. density at 20 °C: 427,36 kg/m<sup>3</sup> (427,36 g/L)

Average carbon number: 8,93

119,42 g/mol Average molecular weight:

### SECTION 9: PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

#### 9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties:

For complete information see the product datasheet.

Appearance:

Physical state at 20 °C: Liquid Not available Appearance: Colour: Not available Not available Odour: Odour threshold: Non-applicable \*

Volatility:

Boiling point at atmospheric pressure: 163 °C Vapour pressure at 20 °C: 263 Pa

Vapour pressure at 50 °C: 1596 Pa (1,6 kPa) Evaporation rate at 20 °C: Non-applicable \*

**Product description:** 

Density at 20 °C: 1562,9 kg/m<sup>3</sup>

Relative density at 20 °C: 1,563

Dynamic viscosity at 20 °C: Non-applicable \* Non-applicable \* Kinematic viscosity at 20 °C: <20,5 cSt Kinematic viscosity at 40 °C: Concentration: Non-applicable \* pH: Non-applicable \* Vapour density at 20 °C: Non-applicable \* Partition coefficient n-octanol/water 20 °C: Non-applicable \*

Solubility in water at 20 °C: Non-applicable \* Solubility properties: Non-applicable \* Decomposition temperature: Non-applicable \* Melting point/freezing point: Non-applicable \* Explosive properties: Non-applicable \* Oxidising properties: Non-applicable \*

Flammability:

Flash Point: 40 °C

Flammability (solid, gas): Non-applicable \*

220 °C Autoignition temperature: Lower flammability limit: Not available

\*Not relevant due to the nature of the product, not providing information property of its hazards.

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# SECTION 9: PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES (continued)

Upper flammability limit: Not available

**Explosive:** 

Lower explosive limit: Non-applicable \* Upper explosive limit: Non-applicable \*

9.2 Other information:

Surface tension at 20 °C:

Refraction index:

Non-applicable \*

Non-applicable \*

\*Not relevant due to the nature of the product, not providing information property of its hazards.

### SECTION 10: STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

#### 10.1 Reactivity:

No hazardous reactions are expected because the product is stable under recommended storage conditions. See section 7.

#### 10.2 Chemical stability:

Chemically stable under the conditions of storage, handling and use.

### 10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions:

Under the specified conditions, hazardous reactions that lead to excessive temperatures or pressure are not expected.

### 10.4 Conditions to avoid:

Applicable for handling and storage at room temperature:

Shock and friction	Contact with air	Increase in temperature	Sunlight	Humidity
Not applicable	Not applicable	Risk of combustion	Avoid direct impact	Avoid direct impact

### 10.5 Incompatible materials:

Acids	Water	Oxidising materials	Combustible materials	Others
Incompatible	Silicate formation and calcium hydroxide	Avoid direct impact	Not applicable	Base metal salts (Al, NH4,)

#### 10.6 Hazardous decomposition products:

See subsection 10.3, 10.4 and 10.5 to find out the specific decomposition products. Depending on the decomposition conditions, complex mixtures of chemical substances can be released: carbon dioxide (CO2), carbon monoxide and other organic compounds.

### SECTION 11: TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

### 11.1 Information on toxicological effects:

The experimental information related to the toxicological properties of the product itself is not available

### Dangerous health implications:

In case of exposure that is repetitive, prolonged or at concentrations higher than the recommended occupational exposure limits, adverse effects on health may result, depending on the means of exposure:

- A- Ingestion (acute effect):
  - Acute toxicity: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met, as it does not contain substances classified as dangerous for consumption. For more information see section 3.
  - Corrosivity/Irritability: The consumption of a considerable dose can cause irritation in the throat, abdominal pain, nausea and vomiting.
- B- Inhalation (acute effect):
  - Acute toxicity: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met. However, it contains substances classified as dangerous for inhalation. For more information see section 3.
  - Corrosivity/Irritability: Causes irritation in respiratory passages, which is normally reversible and limited to the upper respiratory passages.
- C- Contact with the skin and the eyes (acute effect):

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### SECTION 11: TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION (continued)

- Contact with the skin: Produces skin inflammation.
- Contact with the eyes: Produces serious eye damage after contact.
- D- CMR effects (carcinogenicity, mutagenicity and toxicity to reproduction):
  - Carcinogenicity: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met, as it does not contain substances classified as dangerous for the effects mentioned. For more information see section 3.
    - IARC: Xylene (3); Titanium dioxide (aerodynamic diameter  $\geq$  10 µm) (2B)
  - Mutagenicity: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met, as it does not contain substances classified as dangerous for this effect. For more information see section 3.
  - Reproductive toxicity: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met, as it does not contain substances classified as dangerous for this effect. For more information see section 3.
- E- Sensitizing effects:
  - Respiratory: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met, as it does not contain substances classified as dangerous with sensitising effects. For more information see section 3.
  - Cutaneous: Prolonged contact with the skin can result in episodes of allergic contact dermatitis.
- F- Specific target organ toxicity (STOT) single exposure:

Causes irritation in respiratory passages, which is normally reversible and limited to the upper respiratory passages.

- G- Specific target organ toxicity (STOT)-repeated exposure:
  - Specific target organ toxicity (STOT)-repeated exposure: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met, as it does not contain substances classified as dangerous for this effect. For more information see section 3.
  - Skin: Remove contaminated clothing and footwear, rinse skin or shower the person affected if appropriate with plenty of cold water and neutral soap. In serious cases see a doctor. If the product causes burns or freezing, clothing should not be removed as this could worsen the injury caused if it is stuck to the skin. If blisters form on the skin, these should never be burst as this will increase the risk of infection.
- H- Aspiration hazard:

The consumption of a considerable dose can cause pulmonary damage.

### Other information:

Contact with human skin, without adequate protection, can result in skin thickening, cracking, or fissuring

### Specific toxicology information on the substances:

Identification	Acute toxicity		Genus
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light arom., < 0.1 % EC 200-753-7	LD50 oral	2100 mg/kg	Rat
CAS: 64742-95-6	LD50 dermal	2000 mg/kg	Rabbit
EC: 265-199-0	LC50 inhalation	>20 mg/L (4 h)	
Xylene	LD50 oral	2100 mg/kg	Rat
CAS: 1330-20-7	LD50 dermal	1100 mg/kg (ATEi)	Rat
EC: 215-535-7	LC50 inhalation	11 mg/L (4 h) (ATEi)	
Cement, portland, chemicals	LD50 oral	>2000 mg/kg	
CAS: 65997-15-1	LD50 dermal	>2000 mg/kg	
EC: 266-043-4	LC50 inhalation	>5 mg/L (4 h)	

## SECTION 12: ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

The experimental information related to the eco-toxicological properties of the product itself is not available

### 12.1 Toxicity:

Identification	Acute toxicity		Species	Genus
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light arom., < 0.1 % EC 200-753-7	LC50	1 - 10 mg/L (96 h)		Fish
CAS: 64742-95-6	EC50	1 - 10 mg/L		Crustacean
EC: 265-199-0	EC50	1 - 10 mg/L		Algae
Xylene		13.5 mg/L (96 h)	Oncorhynchus mykiss	Fish
CAS: 1330-20-7	EC50	3.4 mg/L (48 h)	Ceriodaphnia dubia	Crustacean
EC: 215-535-7	EC50	10 mg/L (72 h)	Skeletonema costatum	Algae

12.2 Persistence and degradability:

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### SECTION 12: ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION (continued)

Identification	Degradability		Biodegradability	
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light arom., < 0.1 % EC 200 -753-7	BOD5	0.19 g O2/g	Concentration	Non-applicable
CAS: 64742-95-6	COD	0.44 g O2/g	Period	Non-applicable
EC: 265-199-0	BOD5/COD	0.43	% Biodegradable	Non-applicable
Xylene	BOD5	Non-applicable	Concentration	Non-applicable
CAS: 1330-20-7	COD	Non-applicable	Period	28 days
EC: 215-535-7	BOD5/COD	Non-applicable	% Biodegradable	88 %

### 12.3 Bioaccumulative potential:

Identification	Bioaccumulation potential		
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light arom., < 0.1 % EC 200-753-7	BCF		
CAS: 64742-95-6	Pow Log	4	
EC: 265-199-0	Potential		
Xylene	BCF	9	
CAS: 1330-20-7	Pow Log	2.77	
EC: 215-535-7	Potential	Low	

#### 12.4 Mobility in soil:

Identification	Absorption/desorption Volatility		Absorption/desorption		ility
Xylene	Koc	202	Henry	524,86 Pa·m³/mol	
CAS: 1330-20-7	Conclusion	Moderate	Dry soil	Yes	
EC: 215-535-7	Surface tension	Non-applicable	Moist soil	Yes	

#### 12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB assessment:

Product fails to meet PBT/vPvB criteria

#### 12.6 Other adverse effects:

Not described

### SECTION 13: DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

#### 13.1 Waste treatment methods:

С	Code	Description	Waste class (Regulation (EU) No 1357/2014)
		It is not possible to assign a specific code, as it depends on the intended use by the user	Dangerous

### Type of waste (Regulation (EU) No 1357/2014):

HP14 Ecotoxic, HP5 Specific Target Organ Toxicity (STOT)/Aspiration Toxicity, HP3 Flammable, HP13 Sensitising, HP4 Irritant — skin irritation and eye damage

### Waste management (disposal and evaluation):

Consult the authorized waste service manager on the assessment and disposal operations in accordance with Annex 1 and Annex 2 (Directive 2008/98/EC). As under 15 01 (2014/955/EC) of the code and in case the container has been in direct contact with the product, it will be processed the same way as the actual product. Otherwise, it will be processed as non-dangerous residue. We do not recommended disposal down the drain. See paragraph 6.2.

### Regulations related to waste management:

In accordance with Annex II of Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 (REACH) the community or state provisions related to waste management are stated

Community legislation: Directive 2008/98/EC, 2014/955/EU, Regulation (EU) No 1357/2014

### **SECTION 14: TRANSPORT INFORMATION**

### Transport of dangerous goods by land:

With regard to ADR 2019 and RID 2019:

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14.1 UN number: UN1993

FLAMMABLE LIQUID, N.O.S. (Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light 14.2 UN proper shipping name:

arom., < 0.1 % EC 200-753-7)

14.3 Transport hazard class(es):

Labels:

14.4 Packing group: III 14.5 Environmental hazards: Yes

14.6 Special precautions for user

274, 601 Special regulations: Tunnel restriction code: D/F

Physico-Chemical properties: see section 9

Limited quantities: 5 L

14.7 Transport in bulk according to Annex II of Marpol and

Non-applicable

the IBC Code: Transport of dangerous goods by sea:

With regard to IMDG 39-18:

14.1 UN number: UN1993

14.2 UN proper shipping name: FLAMMABLE LIQUID, N.O.S. (Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light

arom., < 0.1 % EC 200-753-7)

14.3 Transport hazard class(es):

Labels: 3 III 14.4 Packing group:

14.5 Environmental hazards: Yes

14.6 Special precautions for user

Special regulations: 274, 223, 955 EmS Codes: F-E, S-E Physico-Chemical properties: see section 9

Limited quantities: 5 L

Non-applicable Segregation group: 14.7 Transport in bulk according

to Annex II of Marpol and the IBC Code:

Non-applicable

Transport of dangerous goods by air:

With regard to IATA/ICAO 2020:



14.1 UN number: UN1993

14.2 UN proper shipping name: FLAMMABLE LIQUID, N.O.S. (Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light

arom., < 0.1 % EC 200-753-7)

14.3 Transport hazard class(es):

Labels: 3

14.4 Packing group: III 14.5 Environmental hazards: Yes

14.6 Special precautions for user

see section 9 Physico-Chemical properties: 14.7 Transport in bulk according Non-applicable

> to Annex II of Marpol and the IBC Code:

### SECTION 15: REGULATORY INFORMATION

### 15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture:

Candidate substances for authorisation under the Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 (REACH): Non-applicable Substances included in Annex XIV of REACH ("Authorisation List") and sunset date: Non-applicable Regulation (EC) No 1005/2009, about substances that deplete the ozone layer: Non-applicable

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This SDS is an English translation of Regulation (EU) no 2015/830, without any country-specific legislation

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### SECTION 15: REGULATORY INFORMATION (continued)

Article 95, REGULATION (EU) No 528/2012: Non-applicable

REGULATION (EU) No 649/2012, in relation to the import and export of hazardous chemical products: Non-applicable

#### Seveso III:

Section	Description	Lower-tier requirements	Upper-tier requirements
P5c	FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS	5000	50000
E2	ENVIRONMENTAL HAZARDS	200	500

# Limitations to commercialisation and the use of certain dangerous substances and mixtures (Annex XVII REACH, etc ....):

Shall not be used, as substance or as mixtures in aerosol dispensers where these aerosol dispensers are intended for supply to the general public for entertainment and decorative purposes such as the following:

- metallic glitter intended mainly for decoration,
- artificial snow and frost,
- "whoopee" cushions,
- silly string aerosols,
- imitation excrement,
- horns for parties,
- decorative flakes and foams,
- artificial cobwebs,
- stink bombs.

Without prejudice to the application of other Community provisions on the classification, packaging and labelling of substances, suppliers shall ensure before the placing on the market that the packaging of aerosol dispensers referred to above is marked visibly, legibly and indelibly with:

'For professional users only'.

- 1. Cement and cement-containing mixtures shall not be placed on the market, or used, if they contain, when hydrated, more than 2 mg/kg (0,0002 %) soluble chromium VI of the total dry weight of the cement.
- 2. If reducing agents are used, then without prejudice to the application of other Community provisions on the classification, packaging and labelling of substances and mixtures, suppliers shall ensure before the placing on the market that the packaging of cement or cement-containing mixtures is visibly, legibly and indelibly marked with information on the packing date, as well as on the storage conditions and the storage period appropriate to maintaining the activity of the reducing agent and to keeping the content of soluble chromium VI below the limit indicated in paragraph 1.
- 3. By way of derogation, paragraphs 1 and 2 shall not apply to the placing on the market for, and use in, controlled closed and totally automated processes in which cement and cement-containing mixtures are handled solely by machines and in which there is no possibility of contact with the skin.

Shall not be used in:

- —ornamental articles intended to produce light or colour effects by means of different phases, for example in ornamental lamps and ashtrays,
- -tricks and jokes,
- —games for one or more participants, or any article intended to be used as such, even with ornamental aspects. Occupational exposure to respirable crystalline silica must be controlled pursuant to Directive (EU) 2019/130.

### Specific provisions in terms of protecting people or the environment:

It is recommended to use the information included in this safety data sheet as a basis for conducting workplace-specific risk assessments in order to establish the necessary risk prevention measures for the handling, use, storage and disposal of this product.

### Other legislation:

The product could be affected by sectorial legislation

#### 15.2 Chemical safety assessment:

The supplier has not carried out evaluation of chemical safety.

### **SECTION 16: OTHER INFORMATION**

### Legislation related to safety data sheets:

The SDS shall be supplied in an official language of the country where the product is placed on the market. This safety data sheet has been designed in accordance with ANNEX II-Guide to the compilation of safety data sheets of Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 (Regulation (EC) No 2015/830).

Modifications related to the previous Safety Data Sheet which concerns the ways of managing risks.:

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### SECTION 16: OTHER INFORMATION (continued)

COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS (SECTION 3):

New declared substances Xylene (1330-20-7)

Substances that contribute to the classification (SECTION 2):

New declared substances Xylene (1330-20-7)

### Texts of the legislative phrases mentioned in section 2:

H315: Causes skin irritation

H336: May cause drowsiness or dizziness H335: May cause respiratory irritation

H411: Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects

H318: Causes serious eye damage

H317: May cause an allergic skin reaction

H304: May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways

H226: Flammable liquid and vapour

### Texts of the legislative phrases mentioned in section 3:

The phrases indicated do not refer to the product itself; they are present merely for informative purposes and refer to the individual components which appear in section 3

### CLP Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008:

Acute Tox. 4: H312+H332 - Harmful in contact with skin or if inhaled Aquatic Chronic 2: H411 - Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects Asp. Tox. 1: H304 - May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways

Eye Dam. 1: H318 - Causes serious eye damage Flam. Liq. 3: H226 - Flammable liquid and vapour

Skin Irrit. 2: H315 - Causes skin irritation

Skin Sens. 1B: H317 - May cause an allergic skin reaction STOT SE 3: H335 - May cause respiratory irritation STOT SE 3: H336 - May cause drowsiness or dizziness

#### Classification procedure:

Skin Irrit. 2: Calculation method STOT SE 3: Calculation method STOT SE 3: Calculation method Aquatic Chronic 2: Calculation method Eye Dam. 1: Calculation method Skin Sens. 1B: Calculation method Asp. Tox. 1: Calculation method

Flam. Liq. 3: Calculation method (2.6.4.3)

### Advice related to training:

Minimal training is recommended in order to prevent industrial risks for staff using this product and to facilitate their comprehension and interpretation of this safety data sheet, as well as the label on the product.

### Principal bibliographical sources:

http://echa.europa.eu http://eur-lex.europa.eu

### **Abbreviations and acronyms:**

ADR: European agreement concerning the international carriage of dangerous goods by road

IMDG: International maritime dangerous goods code

IATA: International Air Transport Association ICAO: International Civil Aviation Organisation

COD: Chemical Oxygen Demand

BOD5: 5-day biochemical oxygen demand

BCF: Bioconcentration factor LD50: Lethal Dose 50 LC50: Lethal Concentration 50 EC50: Effective concentration 50

Log-POW: Octanol-water partition coefficient Koc: Partition coefficient of organic carbon

The information contained in this safety data sheet is based on sources, technical knowledge and current legislation at European and state level, without being able to guarantee its accuracy. This information cannot be considered a guarantee of the properties of the product, it is simply a description of the security requirements. The occupational methodology and conditions for users o this product are not within our awareness or control, and it is ultimately the responsibility of the user to take the necessary measures to obtain the legal requirements concerning the manipulation, storage, use and disposal of chemical products. The information on this safety data sheet only refers to this product, which should not be used for needs other than those specified.

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