

PRIMER FOR GLOSSY SURFACES

Revision nr.6 Dated 17/06/2020 Printed on 24/07/2020 Page n. 1 / 14

Replaced revision:5 (Dated 24/06/2019)

Safety Data Sheet

According to Annex II to REACH - Regulation 2015/830

SECTION 1. Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

1.1. Product identifier

Product name PRIMER FOR GLOSSY SURFACES

1.2. Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Intended use Solvent based primer for the protection of glossy surfaces (Aluminium,

Copper, glass etc.).

1.3. Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Name VITEX S.A. Full address IMEROS TOPOS

District and Country 19300 ASPROPYRGOS (ATTIKI)

GREECE

Tel. (0030) 2105589400 Fax (0030) 2105597859

e-mail address of the competent person

responsible for the Safety Data Sheet vitexlab@vitex.gr

Product distribution by: VITEX S.A

1.4. Emergency telephone number

For urgent inquiries refer to (0030) 2105589400

(0030) 2107793777

SECTION 2. Hazards identification

2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture

The product is classified as hazardous pursuant to the provisions set forth in (EC) Regulation 1272/2008 (CLP) (and subsequent amendments and supplements). The product thus requires a safety datasheet that complies with the provisions of (EU) Regulation 2015/830. Any additional information concerning the risks for health and/or the environment are given in sections 11 and 12 of this sheet.

Hazard classification and indication:

| Flammable liquid, category 2 | H225 | Highly flammable liquid and vapour. |
|---|------|--|
| Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure, | H373 | May cause damage to organs through prolonged or |
| category 2 | | repeated exposure. |
| Eye irritation, category 2 | H319 | Causes serious eye irritation. |
| Skin irritation, category 2 | H315 | Causes skin irritation. |
| Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure, | H335 | May cause respiratory irritation. |
| category 3 | | |
| Hazardous to the aquatic environment, chronic | H412 | Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects. |
| toxicity_category 3 | | |

2.2. Label elements

Hazard labelling pursuant to EC Regulation 1272/2008 (CLP) and subsequent amendments and supplements.

Hazard pictograms:



Signal words: Danger

Hazard statements:

H225 Highly flammable liquid and vapour.



PRIMER FOR GLOSSY SURFACES

Revision nr.6 Dated 17/06/2020 Printed on 24/07/2020 Page n. 2 / 14

Replaced revision:5 (Dated 24/06/2019)

SECTION 2. Hazards identification .../>>

H373 May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

H319 Causes serious eye irritation.
H315 Causes skin irritation.

H335 May cause respiratory irritation.

H412 Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Precautionary statements:

P101 If medical advice is needed, have product container or label at hand.

P102 Keep out of reach of children.

P210 Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking.

P260 Do not breathe dust / fume / gas / mist / vapours / spray.

P271 Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area.

P280 Wear protective gloves / eye protection / face protection.

P405 Store locked up.

P501 Dispose of contents / container in accordance with local and national regulations.

Contains: Reaction mass of ethylbenzene and m-xylene and p-xylene

VOC (Directive 2004/42/EC):

One-pack performance coatings.

VOC given in g/litre of product in a ready-to-use condition : 499,00 Limit value: 500,00

2.3. Other hazards

On the basis of available data, the product does not contain any PBT or vPvB in percentage greater than 0,1%.

SECTION 3. Composition/information on ingredients

3.2. Mixtures

Contains:

Identification x = Conc. % Classification 1272/2008 (CLP)

Reaction mass of ethylbenzene and m-xylene and p-xylene

CAS 10 ≤ x < 35 Flam. Liq. 3 H226, Acute Tox. 4 H312, Acute Tox. 4 H332, Asp. Tox. 1 H304,

STOT RE 2 H373, Eye Irrit. 2 H319, Skin Irrit. 2 H315, STOT SE 3 H335,

Aquatic Chronic 3 H412,

Classification note according to Annex VI to the CLP Regulation: C

EC 905-562-9

INDEX

Reg. no. 01-2119488216-32-XXXX XYLENE (MIXTURE OF ISOMERS)

CAS 1330-20-7 $5 \le x < 9$ Flam. Liq. 3 H226, Acute Tox. 4 H312, Acute Tox. 4 H332, Asp. Tox. 1 H304,

STOT RE 2 H373, Eye Irrit. 2 H319, Skin Irrit. 2 H315, STOT SE 3 H335, Classification note according to Annex VI to the CLP Regulation: C

EC 215-535-7 INDEX 601-022-00-9 Reg. no. 01-2119488216-XXXX HYDROCARBONS, C9, AROMATICS

CAS 64742-95-6 $3 \le x < 6$ Flam. Liq. 3 H226, Asp. Tox. 1 H304, STOT SE 3 H335, STOT SE 3 H336,

Aquatic Chronic 2 H411, EUH066,

Classification note according to Annex VI to the CLP Regulation: P

EC 918-668-5 INDEX 649-356-00-4

Reg. no. 01-2119455851-35-XXXX

ETHYLBENZENE

CAS 100-41-4 0 ≤ x < 3 Flam. Liq. 2 H225, Acute Tox. 4 H332, Asp. Tox. 1 H304, STOT RE 2 H373

EC 202-849-4 INDEX 601-023-00-4 Rea. no. 01-2119489370-XXXX

HYDROCARBONS, C9-C11, n-ALKANES, ISOALKANES, CYCLICS, <2% AROMATICS

CAS 64742-48-9 0 ≤ x < 1 Flam. Liq. 3 H226, Asp. Tox. 1 H304, STOT SE 3 H336, EUH066,

Classification note according to Annex VI to the CLP Regulation: P

EC 919-857-5



PRIMER FOR GLOSSY SURFACES

Revision nr.6 Dated 17/06/2020 Printed on 24/07/2020 Page n. 3 / 14

Replaced revision:5 (Dated 24/06/2019)

SECTION 3. Composition/information on ingredients .../>

INDEX 649-327-00-6

Reg. no. 01-2119463258-33-XXXX CALCIUM BIS (2-ETHYLHEXANOATE)

CAS 136-51-6 $0 \le x < 0,5$ Repr. 2 H361d, Eye Dam. 1 H318

EC 205-249-0

INDEX

Reg. no. 01-2119978297-19-XXXX

TOLUENE

CAS 108-88-3 0 ≤ x < 0,1 Flam. Lig. 2 H225, Repr. 2 H361d, Asp. Tox. 1 H304, STOT RE 2 H373, Skin Irrit. 2 H315

, STOT SE 3 H336

EC 203-625-9 INDEX 601-021-00-3 Reg. no. 01-2119471310-51

The full wording of hazard (H) phrases is given in section 16 of the sheet.

SECTION 4. First aid measures

4.1. Description of first aid measures

EYES: Remove contact lenses, if present. Wash immediately with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes, opening the eyelids fully. If problem persists, seek medical advice.

SKIN: Remove contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with a shower immediately. Get medical advice/attention immediately. Wash contaminated clothing before using it again.

INHALATION: Remove to open air. If the subject stops breathing, administer artificial respiration. Get medical advice/attention immediately. INGESTION: Get medical advice/attention immediately. Do not induce vomiting. Do not administer anything not explicitly authorised by a doctor

4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Specific information on symptoms and effects caused by the product are unknown.

4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Information not available

SECTION 5. Firefighting measures

5.1. Extinguishing media

SUITABLE EXTINGUISHING EQUIPMENT

Extinguishing substances are: carbon dioxide, foam, chemical powder. For product loss or leakage that has not caught fire, water spray can be used to disperse flammable vapours and protect those trying to stem the leak.

UNSUITABLE EXTINGUISHING EQUIPMENT

Do not use jets of water. Water is not effective for putting out fires but can be used to cool containers exposed to flames to prevent explosions.

5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

HAZARDS CAUSED BY EXPOSURE IN THE EVENT OF FIRE

Excess pressure may form in containers exposed to fire at a risk of explosion. Do not breathe combustion products.

5.3. Advice for firefighters

GENERAL INFORMATION

Use jets of water to cool the containers to prevent product decomposition and the development of substances potentially hazardous for health. Always wear full fire prevention gear. Collect extinguishing water to prevent it from draining into the sewer system. Dispose of contaminated water used for extinction and the remains of the fire according to applicable regulations.

SPECIAL PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT FOR FIRE-FIGHTERS

Normal fire fighting clothing i.e. fire kit (BS EN 469), gloves (BS EN 659) and boots (HO specification A29 and A30) in combination with self-contained open circuit positive pressure compressed air breathing apparatus (BS EN 137).

SECTION 6. Accidental release measures

6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Block the leakage if there is no hazard.

Wear suitable protective equipment (including personal protective equipment referred to under Section 8 of the safety data sheet) to prevent any contamination of skin, eyes and personal clothing. These indications apply for both processing staff and those involved in emergency procedures.



PRIMER FOR GLOSSY SURFACES

Revision nr.6 Dated 17/06/2020 Printed on 24/07/2020 Page n. 4 / 14

Replaced revision:5 (Dated 24/06/2019)

SECTION 6. Accidental release measures .../>>

Send away individuals who are not suitably equipped. Use explosion-proof equipment. Eliminate all sources of ignition (cigarettes, flames, sparks, etc.) from the leakage site.

6.2. Environmental precautions

The product must not penetrate into the sewer system or come into contact with surface water or ground water.

6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Collect the leaked product into a suitable container. Evaluate the compatibility of the container to be used, by checking section 10. Absorb the remainder with inert absorbent material.

Make sure the leakage site is well aired. Contaminated material should be disposed of in compliance with the provisions set forth in point 13.

6.4. Reference to other sections

Any information on personal protection and disposal is given in sections 8 and 13.

SECTION 7. Handling and storage

7.1. Precautions for safe handling

Keep away from heat, sparks and naked flames; do not smoke or use matches or lighters. Vapours may catch fire and an explosion may occur; vapour accumulation is therefore to be avoided by leaving windows and doors open and ensuring good cross ventilation. Without adequate ventilation, vapours may accumulate at ground level and, if ignited, catch fire even at a distance, with the danger of backfire. Avoid bunching of electrostatic charges. When performing transfer operations involving large containers, connect to an earthing system and wear antistatic footwear. Vigorous stirring and flow through the tubes and equipment may cause the formation and accumulation of electrostatic charges. In order to avoid the risk of fires and explosions, never use compressed air when handling. Open containers with caution as they may be pressurised. Do not eat, drink or smoke during use. Avoid leakage of the product into the environment.

7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Store only in the original container. Store the containers sealed, in a well ventilated place, away from direct sunlight. Store in a cool and well ventilated place, keep far away from sources of heat, naked flames and sparks and other sources of ignition. Keep containers away from any incompatible materials, see section 10 for details.

7.3. Specific end use(s)

Information not available

SECTION 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

8.1. Control parameters

Regulatory References:

| BGR | България | МИНИСТЕРСТВО НА ТРУДА И СОЦИАЛНАТА ПОЛИТИКА МИНИСТЕРСТВО НА |
|-----|-----------------|--|
| | | ЗДРАВЕОПАЗВАНЕТО НАРЕДБА No 13 от 30 декември 2003 г (4 Септември 2018г) |
| CZE | Česká Republika | Nařízení vlády č. 246/2018 Sb. Nařízení vlády, kterým se mění nařízení vlády č. 361/2007 Sb., |
| | | kterým se stanoví podmínky ochrany zdraví při práci, ve znění pozdějších předpisů |
| FRA | France | Valeurs limites d'exposition professionnelle aux agents chimiques en France. ED 984 - INRS |
| GBR | United Kingdom | EH40/2005 Workplace exposure limits (Third edition, published 2018) |
| GRC | Ελλάδα | ΕΦΗΜΕΡΙΔΑ ΤΗΣ ΚΥΒΕΡΝΗΣΕΩΣ - ΤΕΥΧΟΣ ΠΡΩΤΟ Αρ. Φύλλου 152 - 21 Αυγούστου 2018 |
| HRV | Hrvatska | Pravilnik o zaštiti radnika od izloženosti opasnim kemikalijama na radu, graničnim vrijednostima |
| | | izloženosti i biološkim graničnim vrijednostima (NN 91/18) |
| HUN | Magyarország | A pénzügyminiszter 7/2018. (VIII. 29.) PM rendelete a munkahelyek kémiai biztonságáról szóló |
| | | 25/2000. (IX. 30.) EüM–SZCSM együttes rendelet módosításáról |
| ITA | Italia | DIRETTIVA (UE) 2017/164 DELLA COMMISSIONE del 31 gennaio 2017 |
| SVK | Slovensko | Nariadenie vlády č. 33/2018 Z. z. Nariadenie vlády Slovenskej republiky, ktorým sa mení a dopĺňa |
| | | nariadenie vlády Slovenskej republiky č. 355/2006 Z. z. o ochrane zamestnancov pred rizikami |
| | | súvisiacimi s expozíciou chemickým faktorom pri práci v znení neskorších predpisov |
| EU | OEL EU | Directive (EU) 2017/2398; Directive (EU) 2017/164; Directive 2009/161/EU; Directive 2006/15/EC; |
| | | Directive 2004/37/EC; Directive 2000/39/EC; Directive 91/322/EEC. |
| | TLV-ACGIH | ACGIH 2019 |
| | | |



PRIMER FOR GLOSSY SURFACES

Revision nr.6 Dated 17/06/2020 Printed on 24/07/2020 Page n. 5 / 14 Replaced revision:5 (Dated 24/06/2019)

| SECTION 8. E | xposure controls/ | personal | protection | / >> |
|---------------------|-------------------|----------|------------|------|
|---------------------|-------------------|----------|------------|------|

| O HOIT O. EXP | | | • | | | | | | |
|------------------|-------------|--------------|--------------|-----------------|--------------|------------------|-------------|---------|----------|
| | | | Reaction mas | ss of ethylbenz | ene and m-xy | ylene and p-xyle | ne | | |
| Threshold Limit | Value | | | | | | | | |
| Type | Count | ry TWA | /8h | STEL/15 | min | Remarks / O | bservations | | |
| | | mg/n | n3 ppm | mg/m3 | ppm | | | | |
| TLV | BGR | 221 | | 442 | | SKIN | | | |
| TLV | CZE | 200 | | 400 | | SKIN | | | |
| VLEP | FRA | 221 | 50 | 442 | 100 | SKIN | | | |
| WEL | GBR | 220 | 50 | 441 | 100 | | | | |
| TLV | GRC | 435 | 100 | 650 | 150 | SKIN | | | |
| GVI/KGVI | HRV | 221 | 50 | 442 | 100 | SKIN | | | |
| AK | HUN | 221 | | 442 | | SKIN | | | |
| VLEP | ITA | 221 | 50 | 442 | 100 | SKIN | | | |
| NPEL | SVK | 221 | 50 | 442 | | SKIN | | | |
| OEL | EU | 221 | 50 | 442 | 100 | SKIN | | | |
| TLV-ACGIH | | 434 | 100 | 651 | 150 | | | | |
| lealth - Derived | I no-effect | t level - DN | EL / DMEL | | | | | | |
| | | Effects on c | onsumers | | | Effects on wor | kers | | |
| Route of expo | sure | Acute | Acute | Chronic | Chronic | Acute local | Acute | Chronic | Chronic |
| | | local | systemic | local | systemic | | systemic | local | systemic |
| Oral | | | | VND | 1,6 | | | | |
| | | | | | mg/kg/d | | | | |
| Inhalation | | 174 | 174 | VND | 14,8 | 289 | 289 | VND | 77 |
| | | mg/m3 | mg/m3 | | mg/m3 | mg/m3 | mg/m3 | | mg/m3 |
| Skin | | | | VND | 108 | | | VND | 180 |
| | | | | | mg/kg/d | | | | mg/kg/d |
| | | | | | | | | | |

| | | | | XYLENE (MIXT | URE OF ISO | MERS) | | | |
|------------------|--------------|--------------|--------|--------------|------------|----------------|-------------|---------|----------|
| Threshold Limit | Value | | | | | | | | |
| Type | Country | TWA/8h | | STEL/15 | min | Remarks / O | bservations | | |
| | | mg/m3 | ppm | mg/m3 | ppm | | | | |
| TLV | BGR | 221 | | 442 | | SKIN | | | |
| TLV | CZE | 200 | | 400 | | SKIN | | | |
| VLEP | FRA | 221 | 50 | 442 | 100 | SKIN | | | |
| WEL | GBR | 220 | 50 | 441 | 100 | | | | |
| TLV | GRC | 435 | 100 | 650 | 150 | SKIN | | | |
| GVI/KGVI | HRV | 221 | 50 | 442 | 100 | SKIN | | | |
| AK | HUN | 221 | | 442 | | SKIN | | | |
| VLEP | ITA | 221 | 50 | 442 | 100 | SKIN | | | |
| NPEL | SVK | 221 | 50 | 442 | | SKIN | | | |
| OEL | EU | 221 | 50 | 442 | 100 | SKIN | | | |
| TLV-ACGIH | | 434 | 100 | 651 | 150 | | | | |
| Health - Derived | no-effect le | vel - DNEL / | DMEL | | | | | | |
| | Eff | ects on cons | umers | | | Effects on wor | kers | | |
| Route of expo | sure Ac | ute Ac | ute | Chronic | Chronic | Acute local | Acute | Chronic | Chronic |
| | loc | al sy: | stemic | local | systemic | | systemic | local | systemic |
| Oral | | • | | VND | 1,6 | | • | | • |
| | | | | | mg/kg/d | | | | |
| Inhalation | 174 | 1 17 | 4 | VND | 14,8 | 289 | 289 | VND | 77 |
| | mg | /m3 mg | ı/m3 | | mg/m3 | mg/m3 | mg/m3 | | mg/m3 |
| Skin | | | | VND | 108 | - | - | VND | 180 |
| | | | | | mg/kg/d | | | | mg/kg/d |

| | | | | Н | YDROCARBON | NS, C9, ARON | IATICS | | | |
|---------------------|----------------------|--------------|-------|-------|------------|--------------|--------------|-------------|---------|----------|
| hreshold Lin | nit Value | | | | | | | | | |
| Type | Coun | itry TV | /A/8h | | STEL/15 | min | Remarks / Ol | oservations | | |
| | | mg | /m3 | ppm | mg/m3 | ppm | | | | |
| OEL | EU | 10 | 0 | | | | | | | |
| lealth - Deriv | ed no-effec | ct level - D | NEL/ | DMEL | | | | | | |
| | Effects on consumers | | | | | kers | | | | |
| Route of exposure A | | Acute | Acı | ute | Chronic | Chronic | Acute local | Acute | Chronic | Chronic |
| | | local | sys | temic | local | systemic | | systemic | local | systemic |
| Oral | | | | | VND | 11 | | | | |
| | | | | | | mg/kg/d | | | | |
| Inhalation | | | | | VND | 150 | | | VND | 32 |
| | | | | | | mg/m3 | | | | mg/m3 |
| Skin | | | | | VND | 11 | | | VND | 25 |
| | | | | | | mg/kg/d | | | | mg/kg/d |



PRIMER FOR GLOSSY SURFACES

Revision nr.6 Dated 17/06/2020 Printed on 24/07/2020 Page n. 6 / 14 Replaced revision:5 (Dated 24/06/2019)

SECTION 8. Exposure controls/personal protection .../>>

| | | | | ETHYL | BENZENE | | |
|--------------|---------|--------|-----|---------|---------|------------------------|--|
| eshold Limit | Value | | | | | | |
| Type | Country | TWA/8h | | STEL/15 | min | Remarks / Observations | |
| | | mg/m3 | ppm | mg/m3 | ppm | | |
| TLV | BGR | 435 | | 545 | | SKIN | |
| TLV | CZE | 200 | | 500 | | SKIN | |
| VLEP | FRA | 88,4 | 20 | 442 | 100 | SKIN | |
| WEL | GBR | 441 | 100 | 552 | 125 | SKIN | |
| TLV | GRC | 435 | 100 | 545 | 125 | | |
| GVI/KGVI | HRV | 442 | 100 | 884 | 200 | SKIN | |
| AK | HUN | 442 | | 884 | | | |
| VLEP | ITA | 442 | 100 | 884 | 200 | SKIN | |
| NPEL | SVK | 442 | 100 | 884 | | SKIN | |
| OEL | EU | 442 | 100 | 884 | 200 | SKIN | |
| TLV-ACGIH | | 20 | 100 | | 87 | | |

| | | HYDROC | ARBON | S, C9-C11 | , n-ALKANES, | ISOALKANE | S, CYCLICS, <2% | AROMATIC | S | |
|----------------------|------------|-------------|---------|-----------|--------------|--------------------|-----------------|-----------------|---------|----------|
| Threshold Limi | it Value | | | | | | | | | |
| Type Country | | try TV | VA/8h | | STEL/15 | min | Remarks / Ob | servations | | |
| | | m | g/m3 | ppm | mg/m3 | ppm | | | | |
| OEL | EU | 12 | 00 | | | | | | | |
| Health - Derive | d no-effec | t level - C | NEL / I | OMEL | | | | | | |
| Effects on consumers | | mers | | | | Effects on workers | | | | |
| Route of exp | osure | Acute | Acu | te | Chronic | Chronic | Acute local | Acute | Chronic | Chronic |
| | | local | syst | emic | local | systemic | | systemic | local | systemic |
| Oral | | | | | VND | 300 | | | | |
| | | | | | | mg/kg/d | | | | |
| Inhalation | | | | | VND | 900 | VND | 1500 | | |
| | | | | | | mg/m3 | | mg/m3 | | |
| Skin | | | | | VND | 300 | | - | VND | 300 |
| | | | | | | mg/kg/d | | | | mg/kg/d |

| | | | | C/ | ALCIUM BIS (2- | ETHYLHEXA | NOATE) | | | | |
|------------------|---------------------|-------------|-------|-------|----------------|-----------|------------------------|----------|---------|----------|--|
| Threshold Limit | t Value | | | | | | - | | | | |
| Type | Type Country TWA/8h | | /A/8h | | STEL/15 | min | Remarks / Observations | | | | |
| | | mg | J/m3 | ppm | mg/m3 | ppm | | | | | |
| TLV | GRC | 500 | 00 | | | | | | | | |
| Health - Derived | d no-effec | t level - D | NEL / | DMEL | | | | | | | |
| | | Effects or | consu | ımers | | | Effects on worl | cers | | | |
| Route of expo | osure | Acute | Acu | ıte | Chronic | Chronic | Acute local | Acute | Chronic | Chronic | |
| | | local | sys | temic | local | systemic | | systemic | local | systemic | |
| Oral | | | | | VND | 2,83 | | | | | |
| | | | | | | mg/m3 | | | | | |
| Inhalation | | | | | VND | 9,86 | | | VND | 39,98 | |
| | | | | | | mg/m3 | | | | mg/m3 | |
| Skin | | | | | VND | 2,83 | | | VND | 5,67 | |
| | | | | | | mg/m3 | | | | mg/kg/d | |



PRIMER FOR GLOSSY SURFACES

Revision nr 6 Dated 17/06/2020 Printed on 24/07/2020 Page n. 7 / 14

Replaced revision:5 (Dated 24/06/2019)

CTION 8. Exposure controls/personal protection/>>

| | | | | TO | LUENE | |
|-------------------|---------------|-------------|-----|---------|-------|------------------------|
| Threshold Limit | Value | | | | | |
| Туре | Country | TWA/8h | | STEL/15 | min | Remarks / Observations |
| | | mg/m3 | ppm | mg/m3 | ppm | |
| TLV | BGR | 150 | | 300 | | |
| TLV | CZE | 200 | | 500 | | SKIN |
| VLEP | FRA | 76,8 | 20 | 384 | 100 | SKIN |
| WEL | GBR | 191 | 50 | 384 | 100 | SKIN |
| TLV | GRC | 192 | 50 | 384 | 100 | |
| GVI/KGVI | HRV | 192 | 50 | 384 | 100 | SKIN |
| AK | HUN | 190 | | 760 | | |
| VLEP | ITA | 192 | 50 | | | SKIN |
| NPEL | SVK | 192 | 50 | 384 | | SKIN |
| OEL | EU | 192 | 50 | 384 | 100 | SKIN |
| TLV-ACGIH | | 75,4 | 20 | | | |
| Predicted no-effe | ect concentra | ation - PNE | 3 | | | |
| | | | | | | 0.00 |

| Normal value in fresh water | 0,68 | mg/l |
|--|-------|-------|
| Normal value of STP microorganisms | 13,61 | mg/l |
| Normal value for the terrestrial compartment | 16 39 | ma/ka |

Normal value for the terrestrial compartment

| | Effects or | n consumers | | | Effects on workers | | | |
|-------------------|------------|--------------|---------|----------------|--------------------|--------------|---------|----------------|
| Route of exposure | Acute | Acute | Chronic | Chronic | Acute local | Acute | Chronic | Chronic |
| | local | systemic | local | systemic | | systemic | local | systemic |
| Oral | | | VND | 8,13 mg/kg | | | | |
| Inhalation | VND | 226 mg/m3 | VND | 56,5 mg/m3 | VND | 384 mg/m3 | VND | 192 mg/m3 |
| Skin | | | VND | 226 mg/kg/d | | | VND | 180 mg/kg/d |

Legend:

(C) = CEILING; INHAL = Inhalable Fraction; RESP = Respirable Fraction; THORA = Thoracic Fraction. VND = hazard identified but no DNEL/PNEC available ; NEA = no exposure expected ; NPI = no hazard identified.

8.2. Exposure controls

As the use of adequate technical equipment must always take priority over personal protective equipment, make sure that the workplace is well aired through effective local aspiration.

When choosing personal protective equipment, ask your chemical substance supplier for advice.

Personal protective equipment must be CE marked, showing that it complies with applicable standards.

Provide an emergency shower with face and eye wash station.

Exposure levels must be kept as low as possible to avoid significant build-up in the organism. Manage personal protective equipment so as to guarantee maximum protection (e.g. reduction in replacement times).

HAND PROTECTION

Protect hands with category III work gloves (see standard EN 374).

The following should be considered when choosing work glove material: compatibility, degradation, failure time and permeability.

The work gloves' resistance to chemical agents should be checked before use, as it can be unpredictable. The gloves' wear time depends on the duration and type of use.

SKIN PROTECTION

Wear category II professional long-sleeved overalls and safety footwear (see Regulation 2016/425 and standard EN ISO 20344). Wash body with soap and water after removing protective clothing.

Consider the appropriateness of providing antistatic clothing in the case of working environments in which there is a risk of explosion.

EYE PROTECTION

Wear airtight protective goggles (see standard EN 166).

RESPIRATORY PROTECTION

If the threshold value (e.g. TLV-TWA) is exceeded for the substance or one of the substances present in the product, wear a mask with a type AX filter, whose limit of use will be defined by the manufacturer (see standard EN 14387). In the presence of gases or vapours of various kinds and/or gases or vapours containing particulate (aerosol sprays, fumes, mists, etc.) combined filters are required.

Respiratory protection devices must be used if the technical measures adopted are not suitable for restricting the worker's exposure to the threshold values considered. The protection provided by masks is in any case limited.

If the substance considered is odourless or its olfactory threshold is higher than the corresponding TLV-TWA and in the case of an emergency, wear open-circuit compressed air breathing apparatus (in compliance with standard EN 137) or external air-intake breathing apparatus (in compliance with standard EN 138). For a correct choice of respiratory protection device, see standard EN 529.

ENVIRONMENTAL EXPOSURE CONTROLS

The emissions generated by manufacturing processes, including those generated by ventilation equipment, should be checked to ensure compliance with environmental standards.

Product residues must not be indiscriminately disposed of with waste water or by dumping in waterways.



PRIMER FOR GLOSSY SURFACES

Revision nr.6 Dated 17/06/2020 Printed on 24/07/2020 Page n. 8 / 14

Information

Replaced revision:5 (Dated 24/06/2019)

SECTION 9. Physical and chemical properties

9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

PropertiesValueAppearanceviscous liquidColourgreyOdourcharacteristicOdour thresholdNot availablepHNot available

Melting point / freezing point Not available Initial boiling point 35 °C Not available Boiling range Flash point 23 °C **Evaporation Rate** Not available Flammability of solids and gases Not available Lower inflammability limit Not available

Lower inflammability limit
Upper inflammability limit
Not available
Lower explosive limit
Upper explosive limit
Vapour pressure
Vapour density
Not available
Vapour density
Not available
Vapour density
Not available
Vapour density
Not available

Solubility insoluble in water
Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water Not available
Auto-ignition temperature Not available
Decomposition temperature Not available
Viscosity 75-85 KU
Explosive properties Not available
Oxidising properties Not available

9.2. Other information

Information not available

SECTION 10. Stability and reactivity

10.1. Reactivity

There are no particular risks of reaction with other substances in normal conditions of use.

TOLUENE

TOLUENE: breaks down in sunlight.

10.2. Chemical stability

The product is stable in normal conditions of use and storage.

10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions

The vapours may also form explosive mixtures with the air.

ETHYLBENZENE

ETHYLBENZENE: reacts violently with strong oxidising agents and attacks various types of plastics. Can form explosive mixtures with the air.

g/mL

TOLUENE

TOLUENE: risk of explosion on contact with fuming sulphuric acid, nitric acid, silver perchlorates, nitrogen dioxide, non-metal halogenides, acetic acid, organic nitrocompounds. Can form explosive mixtures with the air. May react dangerously with: strong oxidising agents, strong acids, sulphur (in the presence of heat).

10.4. Conditions to avoid

Avoid overheating. Avoid bunching of electrostatic charges. Avoid all sources of ignition.



PRIMER FOR GLOSSY SURFACES

Revision nr.6 Dated 17/06/2020 Printed on 24/07/2020 Page n. 9 / 14

Replaced revision:5 (Dated 24/06/2019)

SECTION 10. Stability and reactivity .../>>

10.5. Incompatible materials

Information not available

10.6. Hazardous decomposition products

In the event of thermal decomposition or fire, gases and vapours that are potentially dangerous to health may be released.

ETHYLBENZENE

ETHYLBENZENE: methane, styrene, hydrogen, ethane.

SECTION 11. Toxicological information

11.1. Information on toxicological effects

ETHYLBENZENE

ETHYLBENZENE: like the benzene homologues, may exert an effect on the CNS with depression, narcosis, often preceded by dizziness and accompanied by headache. It is irritating to the skin, conjunctivae and respiratory apparatus.

TOLUENE

TOLUENE: it has a toxic effect on the central and peripheral nervous system (with encephalopathies and polyneuritis). Irritating to the skin, conjunctivae, cornea and respiratory apparatus.

Metabolism, toxicokinetics, mechanism of action and other information

Information not available

Information on likely routes of exposure

Information not available

Delayed and immediate effects as well as chronic effects from short and long-term exposure

Information not available

Interactive effects

Information not available

ACUTE TOXICITY

LC50 (Inhalation) of the mixture: > 20 mg/l

LD50 (Oral) of the mixture: Not classified (no significant component)

LD50 (Dermal) of the mixture: >2000 mg/kg

Reaction mass of ethylbenzene and m-xylene and p-xylene

LD50 (Oral) > 2000 mg/kg Rat LC50 (Inhalation) > 10 mg/l/4h Rat

XYLENE (MIXTURE OF ISOMERS)

LD50 (Oral) > 2000 mg/kg Rat LC50 (Inhalation) > 10 mg/l/4h Rat

HYDROCARBONS, C9, AROMATICS

 LD50 (Oral)
 > 2000 mg/kg Rat

 LD50 (Dermal)
 > 2000 mg/kg Rabbit

 LC50 (Inhalation)
 > 20 mg/l/4h

HYDROCARBONS, C9-C11, n-ALKANES, ISOALKANES, CYCLICS, <2% AROMATICS

 LD50 (Oral)
 > 5000 mg/kg Rat

 LD50 (Dermal)
 > 5000 mg/kg Rabbit

 LC50 (Inhalation)
 > 20 mg/l/4h Rat

TOLUENE

 LD50 (Oral)
 5580 mg/kg Rat

 LD50 (Dermal)
 12124 mg/kg Rabbit

 LC50 (Inhalation)
 28,1 mg/l/4h Rat



PRIMER FOR GLOSSY SURFACES

Revision nr.6 Dated 17/06/2020 Printed on 24/07/2020 Page n. 10 / 14

Replaced revision:5 (Dated 24/06/2019)

SECTION 11. Toxicological information .../>>

SKIN CORROSION / IRRITATION

Causes skin irritation

SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE / IRRITATION

Causes serious eye irritation

RESPIRATORY OR SKIN SENSITISATION

Does not meet the classification criteria for this hazard class

GERM CELL MUTAGENICITY

Does not meet the classification criteria for this hazard class

CARCINOGENICITY

Does not meet the classification criteria for this hazard class

REPRODUCTIVE TOXICITY

Does not meet the classification criteria for this hazard class

STOT - SINGLE EXPOSURE

May cause respiratory irritation

STOT - REPEATED EXPOSURE

May cause damage to organs

ASPIRATION HAZARD

Does not meet the classification criteria for this hazard class Viscosity: 75-85 KU

SECTION 12. Ecological information

This product is dangerous for the environment and the aquatic organisms. In the long term, it have negative effects on aquatic environment.

12.1. Toxicity

Reaction mass of ethylbenzene and m-xylene and p-xylene

Chronic NOEC for Fish > 1 mg/l based on test data

Chronic NOEC for Crustacea > 0,1 mg/l

XYLENE (MIXTURE OF ISOMERS)

 LC50 - for Fish
 > 1 mg/l/96h

 EC50 - for Crustacea
 > 1 mg/l/48h

 EC50 - for Algae / Aquatic Plants
 > 1 mg/l/72h

Chronic NOEC for Fish > 1 mg/l based on test data

Chronic NOEC for Crustacea > 0,1 mg/l

HYDROCARBONS, C9, AROMATICS

 LC50 - for Fish
 > 1 mg/l/96h

 EC50 - for Crustacea
 > 1 mg/l/48h

 EC50 - for Algae / Aquatic Plants
 > 1 mg/l/72h

Chronic NOEC for Fish > 1 mg/l based on modeled data Chronic NOEC for Crustacea > 1 mg/l based on modeled data

HYDROCARBONS, C9-C11, n-ALKANES, ISOALKANES, CYCLICS, <2% AROMATICS

 LC50 - for Fish
 > 100 mg/l/96h

 EC50 - for Crustacea
 > 100 mg/l/48h

 EC50 - for Algae / Aquatic Plants
 > 100 mg/l/72h

Chronic NOEC for Fish > 0,1 mg/l based on modeled data



PRIMER FOR GLOSSY SURFACES

Revision nr.6 Dated 17/06/2020 Printed on 24/07/2020 Page n. 11 / 14

Replaced revision:5 (Dated 24/06/2019)

SECTION 12. Ecological information .../>>

Chronic NOEC for Crustacea > 0,1 mg/l based on modeled data

CALCIUM BIS (2-ETHYLHEXANOATE)

 LC50 - for Fish
 180 mg/l/96h

 EC50 - for Crustacea
 85,4 mg/l/48h

 EC50 - for Algae / Aquatic Plants
 49,3 mg/l/72h

12.2. Persistence and degradability

Reaction mass of ethylbenzene and m-xylene and p-xylene Rapidly degradable

XYLENE (MIXTURE OF ISOMERS)

Rapidly degradable

HYDROCARBONS, C9, AROMATICS

Rapidly degradable

HYDROCARBONS, C9-C11, n-ALKANES, ISOALKANES, CYCLICS, <2% AROMATICS

Rapidly degradable

CALCIUM BIS (2-ETHYLHEXANOATE)

Rapidly degradable

12.3. Bioaccumulative potential

Reaction mass of ethylbenzene and m-xylene and p-xylene Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water 3,12

XYLENE (MIXTURE OF ISOMERS)

Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water 3,12

HYDROCARBONS, C9, AROMATICS

Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water 3,7

HYDROCARBONS, C9-C11, n-ALKANES, ISOALKANES, CYCLICS, <2% AROMATICS

Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water 5

12.4. Mobility in soil

Information not available

12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

On the basis of available data, the product does not contain any PBT or vPvB in percentage greater than 0,1%.

12.6. Other adverse effects

Information not available

SECTION 13. Disposal considerations

13.1. Waste treatment methods

Reuse, when possible. Product residues should be considered special hazardous waste. The hazard level of waste containing this product should be evaluated according to applicable regulations.

Disposal must be performed through an authorised waste management firm, in compliance with national and local regulations.

Waste transportation may be subject to ADR restrictions.

CONTAMINATED PACKAGING

Contaminated packaging must be recovered or disposed of in compliance with national waste management regulations.

SECTION 14. Transport information

14.1. UN number

ADR / RID, IMDG, IATA: 1263



PRIMER FOR GLOSSY SURFACES

Revision nr.6 Dated 17/06/2020 Printed on 24/07/2020 Page n. 12 / 14

Replaced revision:5 (Dated 24/06/2019)

SECTION 14. Transport information .../>>

14.2. UN proper shipping name

ADR / RID: PAINT OF PAINT RELATED MATERIAL IMDG: PAINT OF PAINT RELATED MATERIAL IATA: PAINT OF PAINT RELATED MATERIAL

14.3. Transport hazard class(es)

ADR / RID: Class: 3 Label: 3

IMDG: Class: 3 Label: 3

IATA: Class: 3 Label: 3



14.4. Packing group

ADR / RID, IMDG, IATA:

The product, if packed in packages of less than 450 litres, can be assigned to P.G. III as provided for by 2.2.3.1.4 of the ADR. The product, if packed in packages of less than 30 litres, can be assigned to P.G. III as provided for by 2.3.2.2 of the IMDG Code. The product, if packed in packages of less than 30 litres, can be assigned to P.G. III as provided for by 3.3.3.1.1 of the DGR IATA.

14.5. Environmental hazards

ADR / RID: NO IMDG: NO IATA: NO

14.6. Special precautions for user

ADR / RID: HIN - Kemler: 33 Limited Quantities: 5 L Tunnel restriction code: (D/E)

Special Provision: 640D

IMDG: EMS: F-E, <u>S-E</u> Limited Quantities: 5 L

IATA: Cargo: Maximum quantity: 60 L Packaging instructions: 364
Pass.: Maximum quantity: 5 L Packaging instructions: 353

Special Instructions: A3, A72, A192

14.7. Transport in bulk according to Annex II of Marpol and the IBC Code

Information not relevant

SECTION 15. Regulatory information

15.1. Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

Seveso Category - Directive 2012/18/EC: P50

Restrictions relating to the product or contained substances pursuant to Annex XVII to EC Regulation 1907/2006

Product

Point 3 - 40

Substances in Candidate List (Art. 59 REACH)

On the basis of available data, the product does not contain any SVHC in percentage greater than 0,1%.

Substances subject to authorisation (Annex XIV REACH)

None

Substances subject to exportation reporting pursuant to (EC) Reg. 649/2012:

None

Substances subject to the Rotterdam Convention:

None

@ EPY 9.11.3 - SDS 1004.13



PRIMER FOR GLOSSY SURFACES

Revision nr 6 Dated 17/06/2020 Printed on 24/07/2020 Page n. 13 / 14

Replaced revision:5 (Dated 24/06/2019)

SECTION 15. Regulatory information .../>>

Substances subject to the Stockholm Convention:

Healthcare controls

Workers exposed to this chemical agent must not undergo health checks, provided that available risk-assessment data prove that the risks related to the workers' health and safety are modest and that the 98/24/EC directive is respected.

VOC (Directive 2004/42/EC):

One-pack performance coatings.

15.2. Chemical safety assessment

A chemical safety assessment has not been performed for the preparation/for the substances indicated in section 3.

SECTION 16. Other information

Text of hazard (H) indications mentioned in section 2-3 of the sheet:

Flammable liquid, category 2 Flam. Lig. 2 Flam. Liq. 3 Flammable liquid, category 3 Repr. 2 Reproductive toxicity, category 2 Acute Tox. 4 Acute toxicity, category 4 Aspiration hazard, category 1 Asp. Tox. 1

STOT RE 2 Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure, category 2

Eye Dam. 1 Serious eye damage, category 1 Eye Irrit. 2 Eye irritation, category 2 Skin Irrit. 2 Skin irritation, category 2

STOT SE 3 Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure, category 3

Aquatic Chronic 2 Hazardous to the aquatic environment, chronic toxicity, category 2 **Aquatic Chronic 3** Hazardous to the aquatic environment, chronic toxicity, category 3

Highly flammable liquid and vapour. H225 H226 Flammable liquid and vapour. H361d Suspected of damaging the unborn child.

Harmful in contact with skin. H312

Harmful if inhaled.

H332

May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways. H304

H373 May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

H318 Causes serious eye damage. H319 Causes serious eye irritation. H315 Causes skin irritation. May cause respiratory irritation. H335 H336 May cause drowsiness or dizziness. H411

Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects. Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects. H412

EUH066 Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking.

LEGEND:

- ADR: European Agreement concerning the carriage of Dangerous goods by Road
- CAS NUMBER: Chemical Abstract Service Number
- CE50: Effective concentration (required to induce a 50% effect)
- CE NUMBER: Identifier in ESIS (European archive of existing substances)
- CLP: EC Regulation 1272/2008
- DNEL: Derived No Effect Level
- EmS: Emergency Schedule
- GHS: Globally Harmonized System of classification and labeling of chemicals
- IATA DGR: International Air Transport Association Dangerous Goods Regulation
- IC50: Immobilization Concentration 50%
- IMDG: International Maritime Code for dangerous goods
- IMO: International Maritime Organization
- INDEX NUMBER: Identifier in Annex VI of CLP
- LC50: Lethal Concentration 50%
- LD50: Lethal dose 50%
- OEL: Occupational Exposure Level
- PBT: Persistent bioaccumulative and toxic as REACH Regulation
- PEC: Predicted environmental Concentration
- PEL: Predicted exposure level
- PNEC: Predicted no effect concentration
- REACH: EC Regulation 1907/2006



PRIMER FOR GLOSSY SURFACES

Revision nr 6 Dated 17/06/2020 Printed on 24/07/2020 Page n. 14 / 14

Replaced revision:5 (Dated 24/06/2019)

SECTION 16. Other information

- RID: Regulation concerning the international transport of dangerous goods by train- TLV: Threshold Limit Value
- TLV CEILING: Concentration that should not be exceeded during any time of occupational exposure.
- TWA STEL: Short-term exposure limit
- TWA: Time-weighted average exposure limit
- VOC: Volatile organic Compounds
- vPvB: Very Persistent and very Bioaccumulative as for REACH Regulation
- WGK: Water hazard classes (German).

GENERAL BIBLIOGRAPHY

- 1. Regulation (EC) 1907/2006 (REACH) of the European Parliament
- 2. Regulation (EC) 1272/2008 (CLP) of the European Parliament
- 3. Regulation (EU) 790/2009 (I Atp. CLP) of the European Parliament
- 4. Regulation (EU) 2015/830 of the European Parliament
- 5. Regulation (EU) 286/2011 (II Atp. CLP) of the European Parliament
- 6. Regulation (EU) 618/2012 (III Atp. CLP) of the European Parliament
- 7. Regulation (EU) 487/2013 (IV Atp. CLP) of the European Parliament
- 8. Regulation (EU) 944/2013 (V Atp. CLP) of the European Parliament
- 9. Regulation (EU) 605/2014 (VI Atp. CLP) of the European Parliament
- 10. Regulation (EU) 2015/1221 (VII Atp. CLP) of the European Parliament
- 11. Regulation (EU) 2016/918 (VIII Atp. CLP) of the European Parliament
- 12. Regulation (EU) 2016/1179 (IX Atp. CLP)
- 13. Regulation (EU) 2017/776 (X Atp. CLP)
- 14. Regulation (EU) 2018/669 (XI Atp. CLP)
- 15. Regulation (EU) 2018/1480 (XIII Atp. CLP)
- 16. Regulation (EU) 2019/521 (XII Atp. CLP)
- The Merck Index. 10th Edition
- Handling Chemical Safety
- INRS Fiche Toxicologique (toxicological sheet)
- Patty Industrial Hygiene and Toxicology
- N.I. Sax Dangerous properties of Industrial Materials-7, 1989 Edition
- IFA GESTIS website
- FCHA website
- Database of SDS models for chemicals Ministry of Health and ISS (Istituto Superiore di Sanità) Italy

Note for users:

The information contained in the present sheet are based on our own knowledge on the date of the last version. Users must verify the suitability and thoroughness of provided information according to each specific use of the product.

This document must not be regarded as a guarantee on any specific product property.

The use of this product is not subject to our direct control; therefore, users must, under their own responsibility, comply with the current health and safety laws and regulations. The producer is relieved from any liability arising from improper uses.

Provide appointed staff with adequate training on how to use chemical products.

Product's classification is based on the calculation methods set out in Annex I of the CLP Regulation, unless otherwise indicated in sections 11 and 12

The data for evaluation of chemical-physical properties are reported in section 9.

Changes to previous review:

The following sections were modified:

01 / 02 / 03 / 07 / 08 / 09 / 10 / 11 / 12 / 14 / 15 / 16.