This SDS is an English translation of Regulation (EU) no 2015/830, without any country-specific legislation

#### **EPOXOL PRIMER A**



## SECTION 1: IDENTIFICATION OF THE SUBSTANCE/MIXTURE AND OF THE COMPANY/UNDERTAKING

1.1 Product identifier: EPOXOL PRIMER A

## 1.2 Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against:

Relevant uses: Primer for floors

Uses advised against: All uses not specified in this section or in section 7.3

#### 1.3 Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet:

NEOTEX S.A.

V. MOIRA STR., INDUSTRIAL AREA MANDRA

GR 19600 ATHENS - GREECE

Phone.: +302105557579 - Fax: +302105558482

support@neotex.gr www.neotex.eu

**1.4 Emergency telephone number:** Poison Center +302107793777

## SECTION 2: HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION \*\*

## 2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture:

#### CLP Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008:

Classification of this product has been carried out in accordance with CLP Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008.

Eye Irrit. 2: Eye irritation, Category 2, H319

Flam. Liq. 3: Flammable liquids, Category 3, H226

Skin Irrit. 2: Skin irritation, Category 2, H315

Skin Sens. 1: Sensitisation, skin, Category 1, H317

STOT RE 2: Specific target organ toxicity if swallowed, repeated exposure, Category 2, H373

STOT SE 3: Specific toxicity causing drowsiness and dizziness, single exposure, Category 3, H336

#### 2.2 Label elements:

## CLP Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008:

#### Warning







#### **Hazard statements:**

Eye Irrit. 2: H319 - Causes serious eye irritation Flam. Liq. 3: H226 - Flammable liquid and vapour

Skin Irrit. 2: H315 - Causes skin irritation

Skin Sens. 1: H317 - May cause an allergic skin reaction

STOT RE 2: H373 - May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure (Oral)

STOT SE 3: H336 - May cause drowsiness or dizziness

#### **Precautionary statements:**

P101: If medical advice is needed, have product container or label at hand

P102: Keep out of reach of children

P210: Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking

P264: Wash thoroughly after handling

P280: Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection

P305+P351+P338: IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing

P370+P378: In case of fire: Use ABC powder extinguisher to extinguish

P501: Dispose of contents/container according to the separated collection system used in your municipality

#### Substances that contribute to the classification

Epichlorohydrin/Bisphenol-A epoxy resin (700 < MW < 1100); Xylene; 1-methoxy-2-propanol; N-butyl acetate

#### 2.3 Other hazards:

Product fails to meet PBT/vPvB criteria

Date of compilation: 17/12/2014 Revised: 16/10/2020 Version: 7 (Replaced 6) **Page 1/13** 

<sup>\*\*</sup> Changes with regards to the previous version

<sup>\*\*</sup> Changes with regards to the previous version



## SECTION 3: COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS \*\*

#### 3.1 Substance:

Non-applicable

#### 3.2 Mixture:

Chemical description: Mixture composed of additives and epoxy resin in solvents

**Components:** 

In accordance with Annex II of Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 (point 3), the product contains:

	Identification		Chemical name/Classification		Concentration
CAS:	25036-25-3	Epichlorohydrin/Bisp	ohenol-A epoxy resin (700 < MW < 1100) <sup>(1)</sup>	Self-classified	
EC: Index: REACH:	dev: Non-applicable		Eye Irrit. 2: H319; Skin Irrit. 2: H315; Skin Sens. 1: H317 - Warning	<b>(</b> )	25 - <50 %
CAS:	1330-20-7	Xylene <sup>(1)</sup>		Self-classified	
EC: Index: REACH:	215-535-7 601-022-00-9 01-2119488216-32- XXXX	Regulation 1272/2008	Acute Tox. 4: H312+H332; Asp. Tox. 1: H304; Eye Irrit. 2: H319; Flam. Liq. 3: H226; Skin Irrit. 2: H315; STOT RE 2: H373; STOT SE 3: H335 - Danger	1 4 4	10 - <25 %
CAS:	107-98-2	1-methoxy-2-propar	methoxy-2-propanol <sup>(1)</sup> ATP ATP01		
Index:	EC: 203-539-1 Index: 603-064-00-3 REACH: 01-2119457435-35- XXXX	Regulation 1272/2008	Flam. Liq. 3: H226; STOT SE 3: H336 - Warning	<u>(1)</u>	10 - <25 %
CAS:	1330-20-7	Xylene <sup>(1)</sup>		ATP CLP00	
EC: Index: REACH:	lov: 601_022_00_0		Acute Tox. 4: H312+H332; Flam. Liq. 3: H226; Skin Irrit. 2: H315 - Warning	<u>(1)</u>	10 - <25 %
CAS:	123-86-4	N-butyl acetate(1)		ATP CLP00	
EC: Index: REACH:	204-658-1 607-025-00-1 01-2119485493-29- XXXX	Regulation 1272/2008	Flam. Liq. 3: H226; STOT SE 3: H336; EUH066 - Warning	<b>(!)</b>	10 - <25 %

<sup>(1)</sup> Substances presenting a health or environmental hazard which meet criteria laid down in Regulation (EU) No. 2015/830

To obtain more information on the hazards of the substances consult sections 11, 12 and 16.

## **SECTION 4: FIRST AID MEASURES**

## 4.1 Description of first aid measures:

The symptoms resulting from intoxication can appear after exposure, therefore, in case of doubt, seek medical attention for direct exposure to the chemical product or persistent discomfort, showing the SDS of this product.

## By inhalation:

Remove the person affected from the area of exposure, provide with fresh air and keep at rest. In serious cases such as cardiorespiratory failure, artificial resuscitation techniques will be necessary (mouth to mouth resuscitation, cardiac massage, oxygen supply, etc.) requiring immediate medical assistance.

## By skin contact:

Remove contaminated clothing and footwear, rinse skin or shower the person affected if appropriate with plenty of cold water and neutral soap. In serious cases see a doctor. If the product causes burns or freezing, clothing should not be removed as this could worsen the injury caused if it is stuck to the skin. If blisters form on the skin, these should never be burst as this will increase the risk of infection.

## By eye contact:

Rinse eyes thoroughly with water for at least 15 minutes. If the injured person uses contact lenses, these should be removed unless they are stuck to the eyes, in which case removal could cause further damage. In all cases, after cleaning, a doctor should be consulted as quickly as possible with the SDS for the product.

## By ingestion/aspiration:

Do not induce vomiting, but if it does happen keep the head down to avoid aspiration. Keep the person affected at rest. Rinse out the mouth and throat, as they may have been affected during ingestion.

#### 4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed:

Acute and delayed effects are indicated in sections 2 and 11.

## 4.3 Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed:

Non-applicable

Date of compilation: 17/12/2014 Revised: 16/10/2020 Version: 7 (Replaced 6) Page 2/13

<sup>\*\*</sup> Changes with regards to the previous version



## **SECTION 5: FIREFIGHTING MEASURES**

## 5.1 Extinguishing media:

If possible use polyvalent powder fire extinguishers (ABC powder), alternatively use foam or carbon dioxide extinguishers (CO<sub>2</sub>). IT IS RECOMMENDED NOT to use full jet water as an extinguishing agent.

#### 5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture:

As a result of combustion or thermal decomposition reactive sub-products are created that can become highly toxic and, consequently, can present a serious health risk.

## 5.3 Advice for firefighters:

Depending on the magnitude of the fire it may be necessary to use full protective clothing and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA). Minimum emergency facilities and equipment should be available (fire blankets, portable first aid kit,...) in accordance with Directive 89/654/EC.

#### **Additional provisions:**

Act in accordance with the Internal Emergency Plan and the Information Sheets on actions to take after an accident or other emergencies. Eliminate all sources of ignition. In case of fire, cool the storage containers and tanks for products susceptible to combustion, explosion or BLEVE as a result of high temperatures. Avoid spillage of the products used to extinguish the fire into an aqueous medium.

## SECTION 6: ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

#### 6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures:

Isolate leaks provided that there is no additional risk for the people performing this task. Evacuate the area and keep out those without protection. Personal protection equipment must be used against potential contact with the spilt product (See section 8). Above all prevent the formation of any vapour-air flammable mixtures, through either ventilation or the use of an inert medium. Destroy any source of ignition. Eliminate electrostatic charges by interconnecting all the conductive surfaces on which static electricity could form, and also ensuring that all surfaces are connected to the ground.

## 6.2 Environmental precautions:

This product is not classified as hazardous to the environment. Keep product away from drains, surface and underground water.

#### 6.3 Methods and material for containment and cleaning up:

It is recommended:

Absorb the spillage using sand or inert absorbent and move it to a safe place. Do not absorb in sawdust or other combustible absorbents. For any concern related to disposal consult section 13.

#### 6.4 Reference to other sections:

See sections 8 and 13.

## SECTION 7: HANDLING AND STORAGE

#### 7.1 Precautions for safe handling:

A.- Precautions for safe manipulation

Comply with the current legislation concerning the prevention of industrial risks. Keep containers hermetically sealed. Control spills and residues, destroying them with safe methods (section 6). Avoid leakages from the container. Maintain order and cleanliness where dangerous products are used.

B.- Technical recommendations for the prevention of fires and explosions

Transfer in well ventilated areas, preferably through localized extraction. Fully control sources of ignition (mobile phones, sparks,...) and ventilate during cleaning operations. Avoid the existence of dangerous atmospheres inside containers, applying inertization systems where possible. Transfer at a slow speed to avoid the creation of electrostatic charges. Against the possibility of electrostatic charges: ensure a perfect equipotential connection, always use groundings, do not wear work clothes made of acrylic fibres, preferably wearing cotton clothing and conductive footwear. Comply with the essential security requirements for equipment and systems defined in Directive 2014/34/EC (ATEX 100) and with the minimum requirements for protecting the security and health of workers under the selection criteria of Directive 1999/92/EC (ATEX 137). Consult section 10 for conditions and materials that should be avoided.

C.- Technical recommendations to prevent ergonomic and toxicological risks

Do not eat or drink during the process, washing hands afterwards with suitable cleaning products.

D.- Technical recommendations to prevent environmental risks

It is recommended to have absorbent material available at close proximity to the product (See subsection 6.3)

- CONTINUED ON NEXT PAGE -

Page 3/13

## This SDS is an English translation of Regulation (EU) $n^{o}$ 2015/830, without any country-specific legislation

## **EPOXOL PRIMER A**



# SECTION 7: HANDLING AND STORAGE (continued)

## 7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities:

A.- Technical measures for storage

Minimum Temp.: 5 °C

Maximum Temp.: 30 °C

Maximum time: 12 Months

B.- General conditions for storage

Avoid sources of heat, radiation, static electricity and contact with food. For additional information see subsection 10.5

## 7.3 Specific end use(s):

Except for the instructions already specified it is not necessary to provide any special recommendation regarding the uses of this product.

## SECTION 8: EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

## 8.1 Control parameters:

Substances whose occupational exposure limits have to be monitored in the workplace (European OEL, not country-specific legislation):

Identification	Oc	Occupational exposure limits		
Xylene	IOELV (8h)	50 ppm	221 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	
CAS: 1330-20-7 EC: 215-535-7	IOELV (STEL)	100 ppm	442 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	
1-methoxy-2-propanol	IOELV (8h)	100 ppm	375 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	
CAS: 107-98-2 EC: 203-539-1	IOELV (STEL)	150 ppm	568 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	
Xylene	IOELV (8h)	50 ppm	221 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	
CAS: 1330-20-7 EC: 215-535-7	IOELV (STEL)	100 ppm	442 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	
N-butyl acetate	IOELV (8h)	50 ppm	241 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	
CAS: 123-86-4 EC: 204-658-1	IOELV (STEL)	150 ppm	723 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	

## **DNEL (Workers):**

		Short e	ort exposure Long exposure		xposure
Identification	Systemic	Local	Systemic	Local	
Xylene	Oral	Non-applicable	Non-applicable	Non-applicable	Non-applicable
CAS: 1330-20-7	Dermal	Non-applicable	Non-applicable	212 mg/kg	Non-applicable
EC: 215-535-7	Inhalation	442 mg/m³	442 mg/m³	221 mg/m³	221 mg/m³
1-methoxy-2-propanol	Oral	Non-applicable	Non-applicable	Non-applicable	Non-applicable
CAS: 107-98-2	Dermal	Non-applicable	Non-applicable	183 mg/kg	Non-applicable
EC: 203-539-1	Inhalation	553,5 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	553,5 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	369 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	Non-applicable
Xylene	Oral	Non-applicable	Non-applicable	Non-applicable	Non-applicable
CAS: 1330-20-7	Dermal	Non-applicable	Non-applicable	212 mg/kg	Non-applicable
EC: 215-535-7	Inhalation	442 mg/m³	442 mg/m³	221 mg/m³	221 mg/m³
N-butyl acetate	Oral	Non-applicable	Non-applicable	Non-applicable	Non-applicable
CAS: 123-86-4	Dermal	11 mg/kg	Non-applicable	11 mg/kg	Non-applicable
EC: 204-658-1	Inhalation	600 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	600 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	300 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	300 mg/m <sup>3</sup>

## **DNEL (General population):**

		Short e	Short exposure Long expos		xposure
Identification	Systemic	Local	Systemic	Local	
Xylene	Oral	Non-applicable	Non-applicable	12,5 mg/kg	Non-applicable
CAS: 1330-20-7	Dermal	Non-applicable	Non-applicable	125 mg/kg	Non-applicable
EC: 215-535-7	Inhalation	260 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	260 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	65,3 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	65,3 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
1-methoxy-2-propanol	Oral	Non-applicable	Non-applicable	33 mg/kg	Non-applicable
CAS: 107-98-2	Dermal	Non-applicable	Non-applicable	78 mg/kg	Non-applicable
EC: 203-539-1	Inhalation	Non-applicable	Non-applicable	43,9 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	Non-applicable
Xylene	Oral	Non-applicable	Non-applicable	12,5 mg/kg	Non-applicable
CAS: 1330-20-7	Dermal	Non-applicable	Non-applicable	125 mg/kg	Non-applicable
EC: 215-535-7	Inhalation	260 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	260 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	65,3 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	65,3 mg/m <sup>3</sup>

Date of compilation: 17/12/2014 Revised: 16/10/2020 Version: 7 (Replaced 6) Page 4/13







## SECTION 8: EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION (continued)

		Short e	xposure	Long ex	xposure
Identification		Systemic	Local	Systemic	Local
N-butyl acetate	Oral	2 mg/kg	Non-applicable	2 mg/kg	Non-applicable
CAS: 123-86-4	Dermal	6 mg/kg	Non-applicable	6 mg/kg	Non-applicable
EC: 204-658-1	Inhalation	300 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	300 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	35,7 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	35,7 mg/m <sup>3</sup>

## PNEC:

Identification				
Xylene	STP	6,58 mg/L	Fresh water	0,327 mg/L
CAS: 1330-20-7	Soil	2,31 mg/kg	Marine water	0,327 mg/L
EC: 215-535-7	Intermittent	0,327 mg/L	Sediment (Fresh water)	12,46 mg/kg
	Oral	Non-applicable	Sediment (Marine water)	12,46 mg/kg
1-methoxy-2-propanol	STP	100 mg/L	Fresh water	10 mg/L
CAS: 107-98-2	Soil	4,59 mg/kg	Marine water	1 mg/L
EC: 203-539-1	Intermittent	100 mg/L	Sediment (Fresh water)	52,3 mg/kg
	Oral	Non-applicable	Sediment (Marine water)	5,2 mg/kg
Xylene	STP	6,58 mg/L	Fresh water	0,327 mg/L
CAS: 1330-20-7	Soil	2,31 mg/kg	Marine water	0,327 mg/L
EC: 215-535-7	Intermittent	0,327 mg/L	Sediment (Fresh water)	12,46 mg/kg
	Oral	Non-applicable	Sediment (Marine water)	12,46 mg/kg
N-butyl acetate	STP	35,6 mg/L	Fresh water	0,18 mg/L
CAS: 123-86-4	Soil	0,09 mg/kg	Marine water	0,018 mg/L
EC: 204-658-1	Intermittent	0,36 mg/L	Sediment (Fresh water)	0,981 mg/kg
	Oral	Non-applicable	Sediment (Marine water)	0,098 mg/kg

#### 8.2 Exposure controls:

A.- General security and hygiene measures in the work place

As a preventative measure it is recommended to use basic Personal Protective Equipment, with the corresponding <<CE marking>> in accordance with Directive 89/686/EC. For more information on Personal Protective Equipment (storage, use, cleaning, maintenance, class of protection,...) consult the information leaflet provided by the manufacturer. For more information see subsection 7.1.

All information contained herein is a recommendation which needs some specification from the labour risk prevention services as it is not known whether the company has additional measures at its disposal.

## B.- Respiratory protection

Pictogram	PPE	Labelling	CEN Standard	Remarks
Mandatory respiratory tract protection	Filter mask for gases and vapours	CAT III	EN 405:2001+A1:2009	Replace when there is a taste or smell of the contaminant inside the face mask. If the contaminant comes with warnings it is recommended to use isolation equipment.

## C.- Specific protection for the hands

Pictogram	PPE	Labelling	CEN Standard	Remarks
Mandatory hand protection	Protective gloves against minor risks	CATI		Replace gloves in case of any sign of damage. For prolonged periods of exposure to the product for professional users/industrials, we recommend using CE III gloves in line with standards EN 420:2003+A1:2009 and EN ISO 374-1:2016

"As the product is a mixture of several substances, the resistance of the glove material can not be predicted in advance with total reliability and has therefore to be checked prior to the application"

## D.- Ocular and facial protection

Pictogram	PPE	Labelling	CEN Standard	Remarks
Mandatory face protection	Panoramic glasses against splash/projections.	CATII	EN 166:2001 EN ISO 4007:2018	Clean daily and disinfect periodically according to the manufacturer's instructions. Use if there is a risk of splashing.

Date of compilation: 17/12/2014 Revised: 16/10/2020 Version: 7 (Replaced 6) **Page 5/13** 

This SDS is an English translation of Regulation (EU) no 2015/830, without any country-specific legislation

## **EPOXOL PRIMER A**







## SECTION 8: EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION (continued)

## E.- Body protection

Pictogram	PPE	Labelling	CEN Standard	Remarks
Mandatory complete body protection	Antistatic and fireproof protective clothing	CAT III	EN 1149-1:2006 EN 1149-2:1997 EN 1149-3:2004 EN 168:2001 EN ISO 14116:2015 EN 1149-5:2018	Limited protection against flames.
Mandatory foot protection	Safety footwear with antistatic and heat resistant properties	CAT III	EN ISO 13287:2012 EN ISO 20345:2011	Replace boots at any sign of deterioration.

#### F.- Additional emergency measures

Emergency measure	Standards	Emergency measure	Standards
Emergency shower	ANSI Z358-1 ISO 3864-1:2011, ISO 3864-4:2011	Eyewash stations	DIN 12 899 ISO 3864-1:2011, ISO 3864-4:2011

#### **Environmental exposure controls:**

In accordance with the community legislation for the protection of the environment it is recommended to avoid environmental spillage of both the product and its container. For additional information see subsection 7.1.D

#### Volatile organic compounds:

With regard to Directive 2010/75/EU, this product has the following characteristics:

V.O.C. (Supply): 50,94 % weight

V.O.C. density at 20 °C: 509,69 kg/m<sup>3</sup> (509,69 g/L)

Average carbon number: 6,63

Average molecular weight: 104,35 g/mol

## SECTION 9: PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

#### 9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties:

For complete information see the product datasheet.

**Appearance:** 

Physical state at 20 °C: Liquid Appearance: Not available Colour: Not available Odour: Not available Odour threshold: Non-applicable \*

Volatility:

132 °C Boiling point at atmospheric pressure: Vapour pressure at 20 °C: 926 Pa

Vapour pressure at 50 °C: 4881,75 Pa (4,88 kPa) Evaporation rate at 20 °C: Non-applicable \*

**Product description:** 

Density at 20 °C: 1000,6 kg/m<sup>3</sup>

Relative density at 20 °C: 1,001

Dynamic viscosity at 20 °C: Non-applicable \*

>50 cSt Kinematic viscosity at 20 °C:

Kinematic viscosity at 40 °C: Non-applicable \*

\*Not relevant due to the nature of the product, not providing information property of its hazards.

Date of compilation: 17/12/2014 Revised: 16/10/2020 Version: 7 (Replaced 6) Page 6/13



## SECTION 9: PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES (continued)

Concentration: Non-applicable \* pH: Non-applicable \* Vapour density at 20 °C: Non-applicable \* Partition coefficient n-octanol/water 20 °C: Non-applicable \* Solubility in water at 20 °C: Non-applicable \* Solubility properties: Non-applicable \* Decomposition temperature: Non-applicable \* Melting point/freezing point: Non-applicable \* Explosive properties: Non-applicable \* Non-applicable \* Oxidising properties:

Flammability:

Flash Point: 26 °C

Flammability (solid, gas):

Non-applicable \*

Autoignition temperature: 287 °C

Lower flammability limit: Not available

Upper flammability limit: Not available

**Explosive:** 

Lower explosive limit: Non-applicable \* Upper explosive limit: Non-applicable \*

9.2 Other information:

Surface tension at 20 °C:

Refraction index:

Non-applicable \*

Non-applicable \*

Non-applicable \*

## SECTION 10: STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

## 10.1 Reactivity:

No hazardous reactions are expected because the product is stable under recommended storage conditions. See section 7.

## 10.2 Chemical stability:

Chemically stable under the conditions of storage, handling and use.

## 10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions:

Under the specified conditions, hazardous reactions that lead to excessive temperatures or pressure are not expected.

## 10.4 Conditions to avoid:

Applicable for handling and storage at room temperature:

Shock and friction	Contact with air	Increase in temperature	Sunlight	Humidity
Not applicable	Not applicable	Risk of combustion	Avoid direct impact	Not applicable

## 10.5 Incompatible materials:

Acids	Water	Oxidising materials	Combustible materials	Others
Avoid strong acids	Not applicable	Avoid direct impact	Not applicable	Avoid alkalis or strong bases

#### 10.6 Hazardous decomposition products:

See subsection 10.3, 10.4 and 10.5 to find out the specific decomposition products. Depending on the decomposition conditions, complex mixtures of chemical substances can be released: carbon dioxide (CO2), carbon monoxide and other organic compounds.

## SECTION 11: TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION \*\*

## 11.1 Information on toxicological effects:

Date of compilation: 17/12/2014 Revised: 16/10/2020 Version: 7 (Replaced 6) **Page 7/13** 

<sup>\*\*</sup> Changes with regards to the previous version



## SECTION 11: TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION \*\* (continued)

The experimental information related to the toxicological properties of the product itself is not available

Contains glycols. It is recommended not to breathe the vapours for prolonged periods of time due to the possibility of effects that are hazardous to the health .

## Dangerous health implications:

In case of exposure that is repetitive, prolonged or at concentrations higher than the recommended occupational exposure limits, adverse effects on health may result, depending on the means of exposure:

- A- Ingestion (acute effect):
  - Acute toxicity: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met, as it does not contain substances classified as dangerous for consumption. For more information see section 3.
  - Corrosivity/Irritability: The consumption of a considerable dose can cause irritation in the throat, abdominal pain, nausea and vomiting.
- B- Inhalation (acute effect):
  - Acute toxicity: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met. However, it contains substances classified as dangerous for inhalation. For more information see section 3.
  - Corrosivity/Irritability: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met. However, it contains substances classified as dangerous for inhalation. For more information see section 3.
- C- Contact with the skin and the eyes (acute effect):
  - Contact with the skin: Produces skin inflammation.
  - Contact with the eyes: Produces eye damage after contact.
- D- CMR effects (carcinogenicity, mutagenicity and toxicity to reproduction):
  - Carcinogenicity: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met, as it does not contain substances classified as dangerous for the effects mentioned. For more information see section 3.

    IARC: Xylene (3); Xylene (3)
  - Mutagenicity: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met, as it does not contain substances classified as dangerous for this effect. For more information see section 3.
  - Reproductive toxicity: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met, as it does not contain substances classified as dangerous for this effect. For more information see section 3.
- E- Sensitizing effects:
  - Respiratory: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met, as it does not contain substances classified as dangerous with sensitising effects. For more information see section 3.
  - Cutaneous: Prolonged contact with the skin can result in episodes of allergic contact dermatitis.
- F- Specific target organ toxicity (STOT) single exposure:

Exposure in high concentration can interfere with the central nervous system causing headache, dizziness, vertigo, nausea, vomiting, confusion, and in serious cases, loss of consciousness.

- G- Specific target organ toxicity (STOT)-repeated exposure:
  - Specific target organ toxicity (STOT)-repeated exposure: Exposure in high concentration can interfere with the central nervous system causing headache, dizziness, vertigo, nausea, vomiting, confusion, and in serious cases, loss of consciousness.
  - Skin: Remove contaminated clothing and footwear, rinse skin or shower the person affected if appropriate with plenty of cold water and neutral soap. In serious cases see a doctor. If the product causes burns or freezing, clothing should not be removed as this could worsen the injury caused if it is stuck to the skin. If blisters form on the skin, these should never be burst as this will increase the risk of infection.
- H- Aspiration hazard:

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met. However, it does contain substances classified as dangerous for this effect. For more information see section 3.

## Other information:

Non-applicable

## Specific toxicology information on the substances:

Identification	Acute toxicity		Genus
Epichlorohydrin/Bisphenol-A epoxy resin (700 < MW < 1100)	LD50 oral	>2000 mg/kg	
CAS: 25036-25-3	LD50 dermal	>2000 mg/kg	
EC: Non-applicable	LC50 inhalation	>5 mg/L (4 h)	

<sup>\*\*</sup> Changes with regards to the previous version

Date of compilation: 17/12/2014 Revised: 16/10/2020 Version: 7 (Replaced 6) **Page 8/13** 







# SECTION 11: TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION \*\* (continued)

Identification	Identification		cute toxicity	Genus
Xylene		LD50 oral	2100 mg/kg	Rat
CAS: 1330-20-7		LD50 dermal	1100 mg/kg (ATEi)	Rat
EC: 215-535-7		LC50 inhalation	11 mg/L (4 h) (ATEi)	
1-methoxy-2-propanol		LD50 oral	>2000 mg/kg	
CAS: 107-98-2		LD50 dermal	>2000 mg/kg	
EC: 203-539-1		LC50 inhalation	>20 mg/L (4 h)	
N-butyl acetate		LD50 oral	12789 mg/kg	Rat
CAS: 123-86-4		LD50 dermal	14112 mg/kg	Rabbit
EC: 204-658-1		LC50 inhalation	23,4 mg/L (4 h)	Rat
Xylene		LD50 oral	2100 mg/kg	Rat
CAS: 1330-20-7		LD50 dermal	1100 mg/kg (ATEi)	Rat
EC: 215-535-7		LC50 inhalation	11 mg/L (4 h) (ATEi)	

<sup>\*\*</sup> Changes with regards to the previous version

# SECTION 12: ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION \*\*

The experimental information related to the eco-toxicological properties of the product itself is not available

## 12.1 Toxicity:

Identification	Acute toxicity		Species	Genus
Xylene	LC50	13.5 mg/L (96 h)	Oncorhynchus mykiss	Fish
CAS: 1330-20-7	EC50	3.4 mg/L (48 h)	Ceriodaphnia dubia	Crustacean
EC: 215-535-7	EC50	10 mg/L (72 h)	Skeletonema costatum	Algae
1-methoxy-2-propanol	LC50	20800 mg/L (96 h)	Pimephales promelas	Fish
CAS: 107-98-2	EC50	23300 mg/L (48 h)	Daphnia magna	Crustacean
EC: 203-539-1	EC50	1000 mg/L (168 h)	Selenastrum capricornutum	Algae
Xylene	LC50	13.5 mg/L (96 h)	Oncorhynchus mykiss	Fish
CAS: 1330-20-7	EC50	3.4 mg/L (48 h)	Ceriodaphnia dubia	Crustacean
EC: 215-535-7	EC50	10 mg/L (72 h)	Skeletonema costatum	Algae
N-butyl acetate	LC50	62 mg/L (96 h)	Leuciscus idus	Fish
CAS: 123-86-4	EC50	73 mg/L (24 h)	Daphnia magna	Crustacean
EC: 204-658-1	EC50	675 mg/L (72 h)	Scenedesmus subspicatus	Algae

## 12.2 Persistence and degradability:

Identification	De	gradability	Biodegra	dability
Xylene	BOD5	Non-applicable	Concentration	Non-applicable
CAS: 1330-20-7	COD	Non-applicable	Period	28 days
EC: 215-535-7	BOD5/COD	Non-applicable	% Biodegradable	88 %
1-methoxy-2-propanol	BOD5	Non-applicable	Concentration	100 mg/L
CAS: 107-98-2	COD	Non-applicable	Period	28 days
EC: 203-539-1	BOD5/COD	Non-applicable	% Biodegradable	90 %
Xylene	BOD5	Non-applicable	Concentration	Non-applicable
CAS: 1330-20-7	COD	Non-applicable	Period	28 days
EC: 215-535-7	BOD5/COD	Non-applicable	% Biodegradable	88 %
N-butyl acetate	BOD5	Non-applicable	Concentration	Non-applicable
CAS: 123-86-4	COD	Non-applicable	Period	5 days
EC: 204-658-1	BOD5/COD	0.79	% Biodegradable	84 %

## 12.3 Bioaccumulative potential:

Identification	Bioaccumulation potential	
Xylene	BCF 9	
CAS: 1330-20-7	Pow Log	2.77
EC: 215-535-7	Potential	Low

<sup>\*\*</sup> Changes with regards to the previous version

Date of compilation: 17/12/2014 Revised: 16/10/2020 Version: 7 (Replaced 6) **Page 9/13** 

This SDS is an English translation of Regulation (EU) no 2015/830, without any country-specific legislation

#### **EPOXOL PRIMER A**







## SECTION 12: ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION \*\* (continued)

Identification	Bioaccumulation potential		
1-methoxy-2-propanol	BCF	3	
CAS: 107-98-2	Pow Log	-0.44	
EC: 203-539-1	Potential	Low	
Xylene	BCF	9	
CAS: 1330-20-7	Pow Log	2.77	
EC: 215-535-7	Potential	Low	
N-butyl acetate	BCF	4	
CAS: 123-86-4	Pow Log	1.78	
EC: 204-658-1	Potential	Low	

## 12.4 Mobility in soil:

Identification	Absorption/desorption		Volatility	
Xylene	Koc	202	Henry	524,86 Pa·m³/mol
CAS: 1330-20-7	Conclusion	Moderate	Dry soil	Yes
EC: 215-535-7	Surface tension	Non-applicable	Moist soil	Yes
Xylene	Koc	202	Henry	524,86 Pa·m³/mol
CAS: 1330-20-7	Conclusion	Moderate	Dry soil	Yes
EC: 215-535-7	Surface tension	Non-applicable	Moist soil	Yes
N-butyl acetate	Koc	Non-applicable	Henry	Non-applicable
CAS: 123-86-4	Conclusion	Non-applicable	Dry soil	Non-applicable
EC: 204-658-1	Surface tension	2,478E-2 N/m (25 °C)	Moist soil	Non-applicable

#### 12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB assessment:

Product fails to meet PBT/vPvB criteria

#### 12.6 Other adverse effects:

Not described

## **SECTION 13: DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS**

#### 13.1 Waste treatment methods:

Code	Description	Waste class (Regulation (EU) No 1357/2014)
08 01 11*	waste paint and varnish containing organic solvents or other hazardous substances	Dangerous

## Type of waste (Regulation (EU) No 1357/2014):

HP3 Flammable, HP5 Specific Target Organ Toxicity (STOT)/Aspiration Toxicity, HP6 Acute Toxicity, HP13 Sensitising, HP4 Irritant — skin irritation and eye damage

#### Waste management (disposal and evaluation):

Consult the authorized waste service manager on the assessment and disposal operations in accordance with Annex 1 and Annex 2 (Directive 2008/98/EC). As under 15 01 (2014/955/EC) of the code and in case the container has been in direct contact with the product, it will be processed the same way as the actual product. Otherwise, it will be processed as non-dangerous residue. We do not recommended disposal down the drain. See paragraph 6.2.

## Regulations related to waste management:

In accordance with Annex II of Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 (REACH) the community or state provisions related to waste management are stated

Community legislation: Directive 2008/98/EC, 2014/955/EU, Regulation (EU) No 1357/2014

## SECTION 14: TRANSPORT INFORMATION

## Transport of dangerous goods by land:

With regard to ADR 2019 and RID 2019:

Date of compilation: 17/12/2014 Revised: 16/10/2020 Version: 7 (Replaced 6) **Page 10/13** 

<sup>\*\*</sup> Changes with regards to the previous version

This SDS is an English translation of Regulation (EU) no 2015/830, without any country-specific legislation

#### **EPOXOL PRIMER A**



## SECTION 14: TRANSPORT INFORMATION (continued)



14.1UN number:UN126314.2UN proper shipping name:PAINT14.3Transport hazard class(es):3Labels:3

**14.4 Packing group:** III **14.5 Environmental hazards:** No

14.6 Special precautions for user

Special regulations: 163, 367, 650

Tunnel restriction code: D/E

Physico-Chemical properties: see section 9

Limited quantities: 5 L

14.7 Transport in bulk according to Annex II of Marpol and

the IBC Code:

Non-applicable

#### Transport of dangerous goods by sea:

With regard to IMDG 39-18:



 14.1
 UN number:
 UN1263

 14.2
 UN proper shipping name:
 PAINT

 14.3
 Transport hazard class(es):
 3

 Labels:
 3

 14.4
 Packing group:
 III

14.5 Environmental hazards: No

14.6 Special precautions for user

Special regulations: 223, 955, 163, 367

EmS Codes: F-E, S-E Physico-Chemical properties: see section 9

Limited quantities: 5 L

Segregation group:
Non-applicable
Transport in bulk according to Annex II of Marpol and

the IBC Code:

## Transport of dangerous goods by air:

With regard to IATA/ICAO 2020:



 14.1
 UN number:
 UN1263

 14.2
 UN proper shipping name:
 PAINT

 14.3
 Transport hazard class(es):
 3

 Labels:
 3

 14.4
 Packing group:
 III

14.5 Environmental hazards: No
14.6 Special precautions for user

Dharias Chamical arrangetion

to Annex II of Marpol and

Physico-Chemical properties: see section 9 **14.7 Transport in bulk according** Non-applicable

the IBC Code:

## SECTION 15: REGULATORY INFORMATION

## 15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture:

Candidate substances for authorisation under the Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 (REACH): Non-applicable

Substances included in Annex XIV of REACH ("Authorisation List") and sunset date: Non-applicable

Regulation (EC) No 1005/2009, about substances that deplete the ozone layer: Non-applicable

Article 95, REGULATION (EU) No 528/2012: Non-applicable

REGULATION (EU) No 649/2012, in relation to the import and export of hazardous chemical products: Non-applicable

Seveso III:

Date of compilation: 17/12/2014 Revised: 16/10/2020 Version: 7 (Replaced 6) **Page 11/13** 







## SECTION 15: REGULATORY INFORMATION (continued)

Section	Description	Lower-tier requirements	Upper-tier requirements
P5c	FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS	5000	50000

## Limitations to commercialisation and the use of certain dangerous substances and mixtures (Annex XVII REACH, etc ....):

Shall not be used, as substance or as mixtures in aerosol dispensers where these aerosol dispensers are intended for supply to the general public for entertainment and decorative purposes such as the following:

- metallic glitter intended mainly for decoration,
- artificial snow and frost,
- "whoopee" cushions,
- silly string aerosols,
- imitation excrement,
- horns for parties,
- decorative flakes and foams,
- artificial cobwebs,
- stink hombs.

Without prejudice to the application of other Community provisions on the classification, packaging and labelling of substances, suppliers shall ensure before the placing on the market that the packaging of aerosol dispensers referred to above is marked visibly, legibly and indelibly with:

'For professional users only'.

Shall not be used in:

- —ornamental articles intended to produce light or colour effects by means of different phases, for example in ornamental lamps and ashtravs.
- —tricks and jokes,
- —games for one or more participants, or any article intended to be used as such, even with ornamental aspects.

## Specific provisions in terms of protecting people or the environment:

It is recommended to use the information included in this safety data sheet as a basis for conducting workplace-specific risk assessments in order to establish the necessary risk prevention measures for the handling, use, storage and disposal of this product.

## Other legislation:

The product could be affected by sectorial legislation

#### 15.2 Chemical safety assessment:

The supplier has not carried out evaluation of chemical safety.

## SECTION 16: OTHER INFORMATION \*\*

## Legislation related to safety data sheets:

The SDS shall be supplied in an official language of the country where the product is placed on the market. This safety data sheet has been designed in accordance with ANNEX II-Guide to the compilation of safety data sheets of Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 (Regulation (EC) No 2015/830).

## Modifications related to the previous Safety Data Sheet which concerns the ways of managing risks.:

COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS (SECTION 3, SECTION 11, SECTION 12):

· New declared substances

Xylene (1330-20-7)

Substances that contribute to the classification (SECTION 2):

New declared substances

Xylene (1330-20-7)

CLP Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 (SECTION 2, SECTION 16):

- Pictograms
- · Hazard statements

## Texts of the legislative phrases mentioned in section 2:

H315: Causes skin irritation

H317: May cause an allergic skin reaction

H373: May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure (Oral)

H336: May cause drowsiness or dizziness

H226: Flammable liquid and vapour

H319: Causes serious eye irritation

## Texts of the legislative phrases mentioned in section 3:

\*\* Changes with regards to the previous version

- CONTINUED ON NEXT PAGE -

Date of compilation: 17/12/2014 Revised: 16/10/2020 Version: 7 (Replaced 6) Page 12/13

This SDS is an English translation of Regulation (EU) no 2015/830, without any country-specific legislation

#### **EPOXOL PRIMER A**



## SECTION 16: OTHER INFORMATION \*\* (continued)

The phrases indicated do not refer to the product itself; they are present merely for informative purposes and refer to the individual components which appear in section 3

## CLP Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008:

Acute Tox. 4: H312+H332 - Harmful in contact with skin or if inhaled Asp. Tox. 1: H304 - May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways

Eye Irrit. 2: H319 - Causes serious eye irritation Flam. Liq. 3: H226 - Flammable liquid and vapour Skin Irrit. 2: H315 - Causes skin irritation

Skin Sens. 1: H317 - May cause an allergic skin reaction

STOT RE 2: H373 - May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure (Oral)

STOT SE 3: H335 - May cause respiratory irritation STOT SE 3: H336 - May cause drowsiness or dizziness

#### Classification procedure:

Skin Irrit. 2: Calculation method Skin Sens. 1: Calculation method STOT RE 2: Calculation method STOT SE 3: Calculation method

Flam. Liq. 3: Calculation method (2.6.4.3)

Eye Irrit. 2: Calculation method

## Advice related to training:

Minimal training is recommended in order to prevent industrial risks for staff using this product and to facilitate their comprehension and interpretation of this safety data sheet, as well as the label on the product.

## Principal bibliographical sources:

http://echa.europa.eu http://eur-lex.europa.eu

#### **Abbreviations and acronyms:**

ADR: European agreement concerning the international carriage of dangerous goods by road

IMDG: International maritime dangerous goods code IATA: International Air Transport Association ICAO: International Civil Aviation Organisation COD: Chemical Oxygen Demand

BOD5: 5-day biochemical oxygen demand

BCF: Bioconcentration factor LD50: Lethal Dose 50 LC50: Lethal Concentration 50 EC50: Effective concentration 50

Log-POW: Octanol-water partition coefficient Koc: Partition coefficient of organic carbon

The information contained in this safety data sheet is based on sources, technical knowledge and current legislation at European and state level, without being able to guarantee its accuracy. This information cannot be considered a guarantee of the properties of the product, it is simply a description of the security requirements. The occupational methodology and conditions for users of this product are not within our awareness or control, and it is ultimately the responsibility of the user to take the necessary measures to obtain the legal requirements concerning the manipulation, storage, use and disposal of chemical products. The information on this safety data sheet only refers to this product, which should not be used for needs other than those specified.

Date of compilation: 17/12/2014 Revised: 16/10/2020 Version: 7 (Replaced 6) **Page 13/13** 

<sup>\*\*</sup> Changes with regards to the previous version

## **EPOXOL PRIMER B**



## SECTION 1: IDENTIFICATION OF THE SUBSTANCE/MIXTURE AND OF THE COMPANY/UNDERTAKING

1.1 Product identifier: EPOXOL PRIMER B

#### 1.2 Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against:

Relevant uses: Primers and hardening base layers.

Uses advised against: All uses not specified in this section or in section 7.3

#### 1.3 Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet:

NEOTEX S.A.

V. MOIRA STR., INDUSTRIAL AREA MANDRA

GR 19600 ATHENS - GREECE

Phone.: +302105557579 - Fax: +302105558482

support@neotex.gr www.neotex.eu

**1.4 Emergency telephone number:** Poison Center +302107793777

## SECTION 2: HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION \*\*

## 2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture:

#### CLP Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008:

Classification of this product has been carried out in accordance with CLP Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008.

Aquatic Chronic 3: Hazardous to the aquatic environment, long-term hazard, Category 3, H412

Asp. Tox. 1: Aspiration hazard, Category 1, H304

Eye Dam. 1: Serious eye damage, Category 1, H318

Flam. Liq. 3: Flammable liquids, Category 3, H226 Skin Irrit. 2: Skin irritation, Category 2, H315

STOT RE 2: Specific target organ toxicity by inhalation, repeated exposure, Category 2, H373

STOT SE 3: Respiratory tract toxicity, single exposure, Category 3, H335

#### 2.2 Label elements:

## CLP Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008:

#### Danger









## **Hazard statements:**

Aquatic Chronic 3: H412 - Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects

Asp. Tox. 1: H304 - May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways

Eye Dam. 1: H318 - Causes serious eye damage Flam. Liq. 3: H226 - Flammable liquid and vapour

Skin Irrit. 2: H315 - Causes skin irritation

STOT RE 2: H373 - May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure (Inhalation)

STOT SE 3: H335 - May cause respiratory irritation

## **Precautionary statements:**

P101: If medical advice is needed, have product container or label at hand

P102: Keep out of reach of children

P210: Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking

P264: Wash thoroughly after handling

P280: Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection

P305+P351+P338: IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing

P370+P378: In case of fire: Use ABC powder extinguisher to extinguish

P501: Dispose of contents/container according to the separated collection system used in your municipality

## Substances that contribute to the classification

Aromatic hydrocarbons, C8; 1-butanol

#### 2.3 Other hazards:

Product fails to meet PBT/vPvB criteria

Date of compilation: 22/12/2014 Revised: 14/11/2018 Version: 6 (Replaced 5) **Page 1/12** 

<sup>\*\*</sup> Changes with regards to the previous version

## **EPOXOL PRIMER B**



## SECTION 3: COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

#### 3.1 Substance:

Non-applicable

#### 3.2 Mixture:

**Chemical description:** Mixture composed of additives and epoxy resin in solvents

Components:

In accordance with Annex II of Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 (point 3), the product contains:

	Identification		Chemical name/Classification		
CAS: EC:	EC: Non-applicable	Fatty acids, C18-uns and triethylenetetral	atd., dimers, polymers with isophthalic acid, tall-oil fatty acids mine□¹□	Self-classified	
	Non-applicable : Non-applicable	Regulation 1272/2008	Aquatic Chronic 3: H412; Eye Irrit. 2: H319; Skin Irrit. 2: H315 - Warning	<b>!</b>	25 - <50 %
CAS:	90989-38-1	Aromatic hydrocarbo	ons, C8□¹□	ATP ATP01	
Index:	EC: 292-694-9 Index: 648-010-00-X REACH: 01-2119486136-34-XXXX	Regulation 1272/2008	Acute Tox. 4: H312+H332; Asp. Tox. 1: H304; Eye Irrit. 2: H319; Flam. Liq. 3: H226; Skin Irrit. 2: H315; STOT RE 2: H373; STOT SE 3: H335 - Danger	<b>(¹) (♣)</b>	25 - <50 %
CAS:	1330-20-7	Xylene□¹□		ATP CLP00	
EC: 215-535-7 Index: 601-022-00-9 REACH: 01-2119488216-32-XXXX	Regulation 1272/2008	Acute Tox. 4: H312+H332; Flam. Liq. 3: H226; Skin Irrit. 2: H315 - Warning	<b>(!)</b>	10 - <25 %	
CAS: 71-36-3		1-butanol□¹□		ATP CLP00	
	200-751-6 603-004-00-6 : 01-2119484630-38-XXXX	Regulation 1272/2008	Acute Tox. 4: H302; Eye Dam. 1: H318; Flam. Liq. 3: H226; Skin Irrit. 2: H315; STOT SE 3: H335; STOT SE 3: H336 - Danger		10 - <25 %

<sup>□</sup>¹□ Substances presenting a health or environmental hazard which meet criteria laid down in Regulation (EU) No. 2015/830

To obtain more information on the hazards of the substances consult sections 8, 11, 12, 15 and 16.

## **SECTION 4: FIRST AID MEASURES**

#### 4.1 Description of first aid measures:

The symptoms resulting from intoxication can appear after exposure, therefore, in case of doubt, seek medical attention for direct exposure to the chemical product or persistent discomfort, showing the SDS of this product.

#### By inhalation

Remove the person affected from the area of exposure, provide with fresh air and keep at rest. In serious cases such as cardiorespiratory failure, artificial resuscitation techniques will be necessary (mouth to mouth resuscitation, cardiac massage, oxygen supply, etc.) requiring immediate medical assistance.

## By skin contact:

Remove contaminated clothing and footwear, rinse skin or shower the person affected if appropriate with plenty of cold water and neutral soap. In serious cases see a doctor. If the product causes burns or freezing, clothing should not be removed as this could worsen the injury caused if it is stuck to the skin. If blisters form on the skin, these should never be burst as this will increase the risk of infection.

## By eye contact:

Rinse eyes thoroughly with lukewarm water for at least 15 minutes. Do not allow the person affected to rub or close their eyes. If the injured person uses contact lenses, these should be removed unless they are stuck to the eyes, in which case this could cause further damage. In all cases, after cleaning, a doctor should be consulted as quickly as possible with the SDS of the product.

#### By ingestion/aspiration:

Request medical assistance immediately, showing the SDS of this product. Do not induce vomiting, but if it does happen keep the head down to avoid aspiration. In the case of loss of consciousness do not administer anything orally unless supervised by a doctor. Rinse out the mouth and throat, as they may have been affected during ingestion. Keep the person affected at rest.

## 4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed:

Acute and delayed effects are indicated in sections 2 and 11.

## 4.3 Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed:

Non-applicable

## **EPOXOL PRIMER B**



## **SECTION 5: FIREFIGHTING MEASURES**

#### 5.1 Extinguishing media:

If possible use polyvalent powder fire extinguishers (ABC powder), alternatively use foam or carbon dioxide extinguishers ( $CO\square$ ). IT IS RECOMMENDED NOT to use tap water as an extinguishing agent.

## 5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture:

As a result of combustion or thermal decomposition reactive sub-products are created that can become highly toxic and, consequently, can present a serious health risk.

#### 5.3 Advice for firefighters:

Depending on the magnitude of the fire it may be necessary to use full protective clothing and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA). Minimum emergency facilities and equipment should be available (fire blankets, portable first aid kit,...) in accordance with Directive 89/654/EC.

## **Additional provisions:**

Act in accordance with the Internal Emergency Plan and the Information Sheets on actions to take after an accident or other emergencies. Eliminate all sources of ignition. In case of fire, cool the storage containers and tanks for products susceptible to combustion, explosion or BLEVE as a result of high temperatures. Avoid spillage of the products used to extinguish the fire into an aqueous medium.

## SECTION 6: ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

#### 6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures:

Isolate leaks provided that there is no additional risk for the people performing this task. Evacuate the area and keep out those without protection. Personal protection equipment must be used against potential contact with the spilt product (See section 8). Above all prevent the formation of any vapour-air flammable mixtures, through either ventilation or the use of an inert medium. Destroy any source of ignition. Eliminate electrostatic charges by interconnecting all the conductive surfaces on which static electricity could form, and also ensuring that all surfaces are connected to the ground.

#### **6.2** Environmental precautions:

Avoid at all cost any type of spillage into an aqueous medium. Contain the product absorbed appropriately in hermetically sealed containers. Notify the relevant authority in case of exposure to the general public or the environment.

#### 6.3 Methods and material for containment and cleaning up:

It is recommended:

Absorb the spillage using sand or inert absorbent and move it to a safe place. Do not absorb in sawdust or other combustible absorbents. For any concern related to disposal consult section 13.

#### 6.4 Reference to other sections:

See sections 8 and 13.

## SECTION 7: HANDLING AND STORAGE

## 7.1 Precautions for safe handling:

A.- Precautions for safe manipulation

Comply with the current legislation concerning the prevention of industrial risks. Keep containers hermetically sealed. Control spills and residues, destroying them with safe methods (section 6). Avoid leakages from the container. Maintain order and cleanliness where dangerous products are used.

B.- Technical recommendations for the prevention of fires and explosions

Transfer in well ventilated areas, preferably through localized extraction. Fully control sources of ignition (mobile phones, sparks,...) and ventilate during cleaning operations. Avoid the existence of dangerous atmospheres inside containers, applying inertization systems where possible. Transfer at a slow speed to avoid the creation of electrostatic charges. Against the possibility of electrostatic charges: ensure a perfect equipotential connection, always use groundings, do not wear work clothes made of acrylic fibres, preferably wearing cotton clothing and conductive footwear. Comply with the essential security requirements for equipment and systems defined in Directive 94/9/EC (ATEX 100) and with the minimum requirements for protecting the security and health of workers under the selection criteria of Directive 1999/92/EC (ATEX 137). Consult section 10 for conditions and materials that should be avoided.

C.- Technical recommendations to prevent ergonomic and toxicological risks

Do not eat or drink during the process, washing hands afterwards with suitable cleaning products.

D.- Technical recommendations to prevent environmental risks

Due to the danger of this product for the environment it is recommended to use it within an area containing contamination control barriers in case of spillage, as well as having absorbent material in close proximity.

## **EPOXOL PRIMER B**



## SECTION 7: HANDLING AND STORAGE (continued)

## 7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities:

A.- Technical measures for storage

Minimum Temp.: 5 °C

Maximum Temp.: 30 °C

Maximum time: 12 Months

B.- General conditions for storage

Avoid sources of heat, radiation, static electricity and contact with food. For additional information see subsection 10.5

## 7.3 Specific end use(s):

Except for the instructions already specified it is not necessary to provide any special recommendation regarding the uses of this product.

## SECTION 8: EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

## 8.1 Control parameters:

Substances whose occupational exposure limits have to be monitored in the workplace

Identification		En	Environmental limits		
Xylene		IOELV (8h)	50 ppm	221 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	
CAS: 1330-20-7	EC: 215-535-7	IOELV (STEL)	100 ppm	442 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	

## **DNEL (Workers):**

		Short exposure		Long exposure	
Identification		Systemic	Local	Systemic	Local
Aromatic hydrocarbons, C8	Oral	Non-applicable	Non-applicable	Non-applicable	Non-applicable
CAS: 90989-38-1	Dermal	Non-applicable	Non-applicable	180 mg/kg	Non-applicable
EC: 292-694-9	Inhalation	Non-applicable	Non-applicable	77 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	Non-applicable
Xylene	Oral	Non-applicable	Non-applicable	Non-applicable	Non-applicable
CAS: 1330-20-7	Dermal	Non-applicable	Non-applicable	180 mg/kg	Non-applicable
EC: 215-535-7	Inhalation	289 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	289 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	77 mg/m³	Non-applicable
1-butanol	Oral	Non-applicable	Non-applicable	Non-applicable	Non-applicable
CAS: 71-36-3	Dermal	Non-applicable	Non-applicable	Non-applicable	Non-applicable
EC: 200-751-6	Inhalation	Non-applicable	Non-applicable	Non-applicable	310 mg/m <sup>3</sup>

## **DNEL (General population):**

		Short e	Short exposure		Long exposure	
Identification		Systemic	Local	Systemic	Local	
Aromatic hydrocarbons, C8	Oral	Non-applicable	Non-applicable	1,6 mg/kg	Non-applicable	
CAS: 90989-38-1	Dermal	Non-applicable	Non-applicable	108 mg/kg	Non-applicable	
EC: 292-694-9	Inhalation	Non-applicable	Non-applicable	14,8 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	Non-applicable	
Xylene	Oral	Non-applicable	Non-applicable	1,6 mg/kg	Non-applicable	
CAS: 1330-20-7	Dermal	Non-applicable	Non-applicable	108 mg/kg	Non-applicable	
EC: 215-535-7	Inhalation	Non-applicable	Non-applicable	14,8 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	Non-applicable	
1-butanol	Oral	Non-applicable	Non-applicable	3,125 mg/kg	Non-applicable	
CAS: 71-36-3	Dermal	Non-applicable	Non-applicable	Non-applicable	Non-applicable	
EC: 200-751-6	Inhalation	Non-applicable	Non-applicable	Non-applicable	55 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	

## PNEC:

Identification					
Aromatic hydrocarbons, C8	STP	6,58 mg/L	Fresh water	0,327 mg/L	
CAS: 90989-38-1	Soil	2,31 mg/kg	Marine water	0,327 mg/L	
EC: 292-694-9	Intermittent	0,327 mg/L	Sediment (Fresh water)	12,46 mg/kg	
	Oral	Non-applicable	Sediment (Marine water)	12,46 mg/kg	

Date of compilation: 22/12/2014 Revised: 14/11/2018 Version: 6 (Replaced 5) Page 4/12

## **EPOXOL PRIMER B**









## SECTION 8: EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION (continued)

Identification				
Xylene	STP	6,58 mg/L	Fresh water	0,327 mg/L
CAS: 1330-20-7	Soil	2,31 mg/kg	Marine water	0,327 mg/L
EC: 215-535-7	Intermittent	0,327 mg/L	Sediment (Fresh water)	12,46 mg/kg
	Oral	Non-applicable	Sediment (Marine water)	12,46 mg/kg
1-butanol	STP	2476 mg/L	Fresh water	0,082 mg/L
CAS: 71-36-3	Soil	0,015 mg/kg	Marine water	0,0082 mg/L
EC: 200-751-6	Intermittent	2,25 mg/L	Sediment (Fresh water)	0,178 mg/kg
	Oral	Non-applicable	Sediment (Marine water)	0,0178 mg/kg

## 8.2 Exposure controls:

A.- General security and hygiene measures in the work place

In accordance with the order of importance to control professional exposure (Directive 98/24/EC) it is recommended to use localized extraction in the work area as a collective protection measure to avoid exceeding the occupational exposure limits. In case of using personal protective equipment it should have CE marking in accordance with Directive 89/686/EC. For more information on Personal Protective Equipment (storage, use, cleaning, maintenance, class of protection,...) consult the information leaflet provided by the manufacturer. For additional information see subsection 7.1.

All information contained herein is a recommendation which needs some specification from the labour risk prevention services as it is not known whether the company has additional measures at its disposal.

B.- Respiratory protection

Pictogram	PPE	Labelling	CEN Standard	Remarks
Mandatory respiratory tract protection	Filter mask for gases and vapours	CAT III	EN 405:2001+A1:2009	Replace when there is a taste or smell of the contaminant inside the face mask. If the contaminant comes with warnings it is recommended to use isolation equipment.

## C.- Specific protection for the hands

Pictogram	PPE	Labelling	CEN Standard	Remarks
Mandatory hand protection	Protective gloves against minor risks	CATI		Replace gloves in case of any sign of damage. For prolonged periods of exposure to the product for professional users/industrials, we recommend using CE III gloves in line with standards EN 420 and EN 374.

<sup>&</sup>quot;As the product is a mixture of several substances, the resistance of the glove material can not be predicted in advance with total reliability and has therefore to be checked prior to the application"

## D.- Ocular and facial protection

Pictogram	PPE	Labelling	CEN Standard	Remarks
Mandatory face protection	Panoramic glasses against splash/projections.	CATII	EN 166:2001 EN ISO 4007:2012	Clean daily and disinfect periodically according to the manufacturer's instructions. Use if there is a risk of splashing.

## E.- Body protection

Pictogram	PPE	Labelling	CEN Standard	Remarks
Mandatory complete body protection	Antistatic and fireproof protective clothing	CAT III	EN 1149-1:2006 EN 1149-2:1997 EN 1149-3:2004 EN 168:2001 EN ISO 14116:2015 EN 1149-5:2008	Limited protection against flames.
Mandatory foot protection	Safety footwear with antistatic and heat resistant properties	CAT III	EN 13287:2008 EN ISO 20345:2011	Replace boots at any sign of deterioration.

## F.- Additional emergency measures

## **EPOXOL PRIMER B**



## SECTION 8: EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION (continued)

Emergency measure	Standards	Emergency measure	Standards
+	ANSI Z358-1 ISO 3864-1:2002	<b>O</b> + T	DIN 12 899 ISO 3864-1:2002
Emergency shower		Eyewash stations	

#### **Environmental exposure controls:**

In accordance with the community legislation for the protection of the environment it is recommended to avoid environmental spillage of both the product and its container. For additional information see subsection 7.1.D

## Volatile organic compounds:

With regard to Directive 2010/75/EU, this product has the following characteristics:

V.O.C. (Supply): 56,8 % weight

V.O.C. density at 20 °C: 479,16 kg/m³ (479,16 g/L)

Average carbon number: 7,13

Average molecular weight: 99,56 g/mol

## SECTION 9: PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

## 9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties:

For complete information see the product datasheet.

**Appearance:** 

Physical state at 20 °C: Liquid

Appearance: Not available

Colour: Not available
Odour: Not available
Odour threshold: Non-applicable \*

**Volatility:** 

Boiling point at atmospheric pressure: 132 °C Vapour pressure at 20 °C: 809 Pa

Vapour pressure at 50 °C: 34,65 (4,62 kPa) Evaporation rate at 20 °C: Non-applicable \*

**Product description:** 

Density at 20 °C:

Relative density at 20 °C:

Dynamic viscosity at 20 °C:

Kinematic viscosity at 20 °C:

Concentration:

844 kg/m³

0,844

1,79 cP

2,13 cSt

<20,5 cSt

Concentration:

Non-applies

Concentration: Non-applicable \* pH: Non-applicable \* Vapour density at 20 °C: Non-applicable \* Partition coefficient n-octanol/water 20 °C: Non-applicable \* Solubility in water at 20 °C: Non-applicable \* Solubility properties: Non-applicable \* Decomposition temperature: Non-applicable \* Melting point/freezing point: Non-applicable \* Explosive properties: Non-applicable \* Oxidising properties: Non-applicable \* \*Not relevant due to the nature of the product, not providing information property of its hazards.

Date of compilation: 22/12/2014 Revised: 14/11/2018 Version: 6 (Replaced 5) Page 6/12

## **EPOXOL PRIMER B**



## SECTION 9: PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES (continued)

Flammability:

Flash Point: 26 °C

Flammability (solid, gas): Non-applicable \*

Autoignition temperature: 343 °C
Lower flammability limit: Not available
Upper flammability limit: Not available

**Explosive:** 

Lower explosive limit: Non-applicable \* Upper explosive limit: Non-applicable \*

9.2 Other information:

Surface tension at 20 °C:

Non-applicable \*

Non-applicable \*

\*Not relevant due to the nature of the product, not providing information property of its hazards.

## SECTION 10: STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

## 10.1 Reactivity:

No hazardous reactions are expected because the product is stable under recommended storage conditions. See section 7.

#### 10.2 Chemical stability:

Chemically stable under the conditions of storage, handling and use.

#### 10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions:

Under the specified conditions, hazardous reactions that lead to excessive temperatures or pressure are not expected.

## 10.4 Conditions to avoid:

Applicable for handling and storage at room temperature:

Shock and friction	Contact with air	Increase in temperature	Sunlight	Humidity
Not applicable	Not applicable	Risk of combustion	Avoid direct impact	Not applicable

## 10.5 Incompatible materials:

Acids	Water	Combustive materials	Combustible materials	Others
Avoid strong acids	Not applicable	Avoid direct impact	Not applicable	Avoid alkalis or strong bases

#### 10.6 Hazardous decomposition products:

See subsection 10.3, 10.4 and 10.5 to find out the specific decomposition products. Depending on the decomposition conditions, complex mixtures of chemical substances can be released: carbon dioxide (CO2), carbon monoxide and other organic compounds.

## SECTION 11: TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

## 11.1 Information on toxicological effects:

The experimental information related to the toxicological properties of the product itself is not available

## **Dangerous health implications:**

In case of exposure that is repetitive, prolonged or at concentrations higher than the recommended occupational exposure limits, adverse effects on health may result, depending on the means of exposure:

- A- Ingestion (acute effect):
  - Acute toxicity: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met, however, it contains substances classified as dangerous for consumption. For more information see section 3.
  - Corrosivity/Irritability: The consumption of a considerable dose can cause irritation in the throat, abdominal pain, nausea and vomiting.
- B- Inhalation (acute effect):

## **EPOXOL PRIMER B**



## SECTION 11: TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION (continued)

- Acute toxicity: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met. However, it contains substances classified as dangerous for inhalation. For more information see section 3.
- Corrosivity/Irritability: Causes irritation in respiratory passages, which is normally reversible and limited to the upper respiratory passages.
- C- Contact with the skin and the eyes (acute effect):
  - Contact with the skin: Produces skin inflammation.
  - Contact with the eyes: Produces serious eye damage after contact.
- D- CMR effects (carcinogenicity, mutagenicity and toxicity to reproduction):
  - Carcinogenicity: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met, as it does not contain substances classified as dangerous for the effects mentioned. For more information see section 3.

    IARC: Xylene (3)
  - Mutagenicity: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met, as it does not contain substances classified as dangerous for this effect. For more information see section 3.
  - Reproductive toxicity: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met, as it does not contain substances classified as dangerous for this effect. For more information see section 3.
- E- Sensitizing effects:
  - Respiratory: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met, as it does not contain substances classified as dangerous with sensitising effects. For more information see section 3.
  - Cutaneous: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met, as it does not contain substances classified as dangerous for this effect. For more information see section 3.
- F- Specific target organ toxicity (STOT) single exposure:

Causes irritation in respiratory passages, which is normally reversible and limited to the upper respiratory passages.

- G- Specific target organ toxicity (STOT)-repeated exposure:
  - Specific target organ toxicity (STOT)-repeated exposure: Exposure in high concentration can interfere with the central nervous system causing headache, dizziness, vertigo, nausea, vomiting, confusion, and in serious cases, loss of consciousness.
  - Skin: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met, as it does not contain substances classified as dangerous for this effect. For more information see section 3.
- H- Aspiration hazard:

The consumption of a considerable dose can cause pulmonary damage.

## Other information:

Non-applicable

## Specific toxicology information on the substances:

Identification	Acu	te toxicity	Genus
Fatty acids, C18-unsatd., dimers, polymers with isophthalic acid, tall-oil fatty acids and triethylenetetramine	LD50 oral	>2000 mg/kg	
CAS: 198028-08-9	LD50 dermal	>2000 mg/kg	
EC: Non-applicable	LC50 inhalation	Non-applicable	
Aromatic hydrocarbons, C8	LD50 oral	3223 mg/kg	Rat
CAS: 90989-38-1	LD50 dermal	1100 mg/kg (ATEi)	
EC: 292-694-9	LC50 inhalation	11 mg/L (4 h) (ATEi)	
1-butanol	LD50 oral	2292 mg/kg	Rat
CAS: 71-36-3	LD50 dermal	3400 mg/kg	Rabbit
EC: 200-751-6	LC50 inhalation	24,66 mg/L (4 h)	Rat
Xylene	LD50 oral	2100 mg/kg	Rat
CAS: 1330-20-7	LD50 dermal	1100 mg/kg (ATEi)	Rat
EC: 215-535-7	LC50 inhalation	11 mg/L (4 h) (ATEi)	

## SECTION 12: ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

The experimental information related to the eco-toxicological properties of the product itself is not available

## 12.1 Toxicity:

Date of compilation: 22/12/2014 Revised: 14/11/2018 Version: 6 (Replaced 5) **Page 8/12** 

## **EPOXOL PRIMER B**









## SECTION 12: ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION (continued)

Identification	Acute toxicity		Species	Genus
Fatty acids, C18-unsatd., dimers, polymers with isophthalic acid, tall-oil fatty acids and triethylenetetramine	LC50	10 - 100 mg/L (96 h)		Fish
CAS: 198028-08-9	EC50	10 - 100 mg/L		Crustacean
EC: Non-applicable	EC50	10 - 100 mg/L		Algae
Xylene	LC50	13.5 mg/L (96 h)	Oncorhynchus mykiss	Fish
CAS: 1330-20-7	EC50	3.4 mg/L (48 h)	Ceriodaphnia dubia	Crustacean
EC: 215-535-7	EC50	10 mg/L (72 h)	Skeletonema costatum	Algae
1-butanol	LC50	1740 mg/L (96 h)	Pimephales promelas	Fish
CAS: 71-36-3	EC50	1983 mg/L (48 h)	Daphnia magna	Crustacean
EC: 200-751-6	EC50	500 mg/L (96 h)	Scenedesmus subspicatus	Algae

## 12.2 Persistence and degradability:

Identification	Degradability		Biodegradability	
Xylene	BOD5	Non-applicable	Concentration	Non-applicable
CAS: 1330-20-7	COD	Non-applicable	Period	28 days
EC: 215-535-7	BOD5/COD	Non-applicable	% Biodegradable	88 %
1-butanol	BOD5	1.71 g O2/g	Concentration	Non-applicable
CAS: 71-36-3	COD	2.46 g O2/g	Period	19 days
EC: 200-751-6	BOD5/COD	0.69	% Biodegradable	98 %

## 12.3 Bioaccumulative potential:

Identification Bioaccumulation potential		nulation potential
Xylene	BCF	9
CAS: 1330-20-7	Pow Log	2.77
EC: 215-535-7	Potential	Low
1-butanol	BCF	1
CAS: 71-36-3	Pow Log	0.88
EC: 200-751-6	Potential	Low

## 12.4 Mobility in soil:

Identification	Absorption/desorption		Volatility	
Xylene	Koc	202	Henry	524,86 Pa·m³/mol
CAS: 1330-20-7	Conclusion	Moderate	Dry soil	Yes
EC: 215-535-7	Surface tension	Non-applicable	Moist soil	Yes
1-butanol	Koc	2.44	Henry	5,39E-2 Pa·m³/mol
CAS: 71-36-3	Conclusion	Very High	Dry soil	Yes
EC: 200-751-6	Surface tension	2,567E-2 N/m (25 °C)	Moist soil	Yes

## 12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB assessment:

Product fails to meet PBT/vPvB criteria

## 12.6 Other adverse effects:

Not described

## SECTION 13: DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

## 13.1 Waste treatment methods:

Code	Description	Waste class (Regulation (EU) No 1357/2014)	
08 01 11*	waste paint and varnish containing organic solvents or other hazardous substances	Dangerous	

# Type of waste (Regulation (EU) No 1357/2014):

HP14 Ecotoxic, HP5 Specific Target Organ Toxicity (STOT)/Aspiration Toxicity, HP3 Flammable, HP4 Irritant — skin irritation and eye damage, HP6 Acute Toxicity

Waste management (disposal and evaluation):

Date of compilation: 22/12/2014 Revised: 14/11/2018 Version: 6 (Replaced 5) Page 9/12

## **EPOXOL PRIMER B**



## SECTION 13: DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS (continued)

Consult the authorized waste service manager on the assessment and disposal operations in accordance with Annex 1 and Annex 2 (Directive 2008/98/EC). As under 15 01 (2014/955/EC) of the code and in case the container has been in direct contact with the product, it will be processed the same way as the actual product. Otherwise, it will be processed as non-dangerous residue. We do not recommended disposal down the drain. See paragraph 6.2.

## Regulations related to waste management:

In accordance with Annex II of Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 (REACH) the community or state provisions related to waste management are stated

Community legislation: Directive 2008/98/EC, 2014/955/EU, Regulation (EU) No 1357/2014

## **SECTION 14: TRANSPORT INFORMATION**

## Transport of dangerous goods by land:

With regard to ADR 2017 and RID 2017:



UN1263 14.1 UN number: 14.2 UN proper shipping name: **PAINT** 14.3 Transport hazard class(es): Labels: 3 14.4 Packing group: III14.5 Environmental hazards: Nο

14.6 Special precautions for user

Special regulations: 163, 367, 650

Tunnel restriction code: D/E

Physico-Chemical properties: see section 9

Limited quantities:

14.7 Transport in bulk according

to Annex II of Marpol and

the IBC Code:

Non-applicable

#### Transport of dangerous goods by sea:

With regard to IMDG 38-16:



14.1 UN number: UN1263 **PAINT** 14.2 UN proper shipping name: 14.3 Transport hazard class(es): 3 3 Labels: 14.4 Packing group: TTT 14.5 Environmental hazards:

14.6 Special precautions for user Special regulations: 223, 955, 163, 367

> EmS Codes: F-E, S-E Physico-Chemical properties: see section 9

5 L Limited quantities:

Segregation group: Non-applicable

14.7 Transport in bulk according to Annex II of Marpol and the IBC Code:

Non-applicable

Transport of dangerous goods by air:

With regard to IATA/ICAO 2018:

## **EPOXOL PRIMER B**



## SECTION 14: TRANSPORT INFORMATION (continued)



14.1 UN number: UN1263
14.2 UN proper shipping name: PAINT
14.3 Transport hazard class(es): 3

Labels: 3
14.4 Packing group: III
14.5 Environmental hazards: No
14.6 Special precautions for user

Physico-Chemical properties: see section 9 **14.7 Transport in bulk according** Non-applicable

to Annex II of Marpol and

the IBC Code:

## **SECTION 15: REGULATORY INFORMATION**

## 15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture:

Candidate substances for authorisation under the Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 (REACH): Non-applicable

Substances included in Annex XIV of REACH ("Authorisation List") and sunset date: Non-applicable

Regulation (EC) No 1005/2009, about substances that deplete the ozone layer: Non-applicable

Article 95, REGULATION (EU) No 528/2012: Non-applicable

REGULATION (EU) No 649/2012, in relation to the import and export of hazardous chemical products: Non-applicable

#### Seveso III:

Section	Description	Lower-tier requirements	Upper-tier requirements
P5c		5000	50000

# Limitations to commercialisation and the use of certain dangerous substances and mixtures (Annex XVII REACH, etc ....):

Shall not be used, as substance or as mixtures in aerosol dispensers where these aerosol dispensers are intended for supply to the general public for entertainment and decorative purposes such as the following:

- metallic glitter intended mainly for decoration,
- artificial snow and frost,
- "whoopee" cushions,
- silly string aerosols,
- imitation excrement,
- horns for parties.
- decorative flakes and foams,
- artificial cobwebs.
- stink bombs.

Without prejudice to the application of other Community provisions on the classification, packaging and labelling of substances, suppliers shall ensure before the placing on the market that the packaging of aerosol dispensers referred to above is marked visibly, legibly and indelibly with:

'For professional users only'.

Shall not be used in:

- —ornamental articles intended to produce light or colour effects by means of different phases, for example in ornamental lamps and ashtrays,
- -tricks and jokes.
- —games for one or more participants, or any article intended to be used as such, even with ornamental aspects.

## Specific provisions in terms of protecting people or the environment:

It is recommended to use the information included in this safety data sheet as a basis for conducting workplace-specific risk assessments in order to establish the necessary risk prevention measures for the handling, use, storage and disposal of this product.

#### Other legislation:

The product could be affected by sectorial legislation

## 15.2 Chemical safety assessment:

The supplier has not carried out evaluation of chemical safety.

- CONTINUED ON NEXT PAGE -

## **EPOXOL PRIMER B**



## **SECTION 16: OTHER INFORMATION**

#### Legislation related to safety data sheets:

This safety data sheet has been designed in accordance with ANNEX II-Guide to the compilation of safety data sheets of Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 (Regulation (EC) No 2015/830)

## Modifications related to the previous Safety Data Sheet which concerns the ways of managing risks.:

CLP Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 (SECTION 2, SECTION 16):

· Precautionary statements

## Texts of the legislative phrases mentioned in section 2:

H315: Causes skin irritation

H318: Causes serious eye damage

H412: Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects

H335: May cause respiratory irritation

H373: May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure (Inhalation)

H304: May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways

H226: Flammable liquid and vapour

#### Texts of the legislative phrases mentioned in section 3:

The phrases indicated do not refer to the product itself; they are present merely for informative purposes and refer to the individual components which appear in section 3

## CLP Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008:

Acute Tox. 4: H302 - Harmful if swallowed

Acute Tox. 4: H312+H332 - Harmful in contact with skin or if inhaled Aquatic Chronic 3: H412 - Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects Asp. Tox. 1: H304 - May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways

Eye Dam. 1: H318 - Causes serious eye damage Eye Irrit. 2: H319 - Causes serious eye irritation Flam. Liq. 3: H226 - Flammable liquid and vapour

Skin Irrit. 2: H315 - Causes skin irritation

STOT RE 2: H373 - May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure (Inhalation)

STOT SE 3: H335 - May cause respiratory irritation STOT SE 3: H336 - May cause drowsiness or dizziness

## Classification procedure:

Skin Irrit. 2: Calculation method Eye Dam. 1: Calculation method Aquatic Chronic 3: Calculation method STOT SE 3: Calculation method STOT RE 2: Calculation method Asp. Tox. 1: Calculation method

Flam. Liq. 3: Calculation method (2.6.4.3)

#### Advice related to training:

Minimal training is recommended in order to prevent industrial risks for staff using this product and to facilitate their comprehension and interpretation of this safety data sheet, as well as the label on the product.

#### **Principal bibliographical sources:**

http://echa.europa.eu http://eur-lex.europa.eu

#### **Abbreviations and acronyms:**

ADR: European agreement concerning the international carriage of dangerous goods by road

IMDG: International maritime dangerous goods code IATA: International Air Transport Association

ICAO: International Civil Aviation Organisation

COD: Chemical Oxygen Demand

BOD5: 5-day biochemical oxygen demand

BCF: Bioconcentration factor LD50: Lethal Dose 50 LC50: Lethal Concentration 50 EC50: Effective concentration 50

Log-POW: Octanol—water partition coefficient Koc: Partition coefficient of organic carbon

The information contained in this safety data sheet is based on sources, technical knowledge and current legislation at European and state level, without being able to guarantee its accuracy. This information cannot be considered a guarantee of the properties of the product, it is simply a description of the security requirements. The occupational methodology and conditions for users of this product are not within our awareness or control, and it is ultimately the responsibility of the user to take the necessary measures to obtain the legal requirements concerning the manipulation, storage, use and disposal of chemical products. The information on this safety data sheet only refers to this product, which should not be used for needs other than those specified.