

Revision nr.8 Dated 24/07/2020 Printed on 24/07/2020 Page n. 1 / 12 Replaced revision:7 (Dated 22/04/2020)

(ATTIKI)

# Safety Data Sheet

According to Annex II to REACH - Regulation 2015/830

### **SECTION 1.** Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

#### 1.1. Product identifier

Product name

WASH PRIMER B' COMP.

1.2. Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Intended use

Anticorrosive solventbased primer.

#### 1.3. Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Name Full address District and Country	VITEX S.A. IMEROS TOPOS 19300 ASPROPYRGOS GREECE Tel. (0030) 2105589400 Fax (0030) 2105597859
e-mail address of the competent person responsible for the Safety Data Sheet	vitexlab@vitex.gr
Product distribution by:	VITEX S.A
1.4. Emergency telephone number	
For urgent inquiries refer to	(0030) 2105589400 (0030) 2107793777

### **SECTION 2. Hazards identification**

#### 2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture

The product is classified as hazardous pursuant to the provisions set forth in (EC) Regulation 1272/2008 (CLP) (and subsequent amendments and supplements). The product thus requires a safety datasheet that complies with the provisions of (EU) Regulation 2015/830. Any additional information concerning the risks for health and/or the environment are given in sections 11 and 12 of this sheet.

Hazard classification and indication:		
Flammable liquid, category 3	H226	Flammable liquid and vapour.
Acute toxicity, category 4	H312	Harmful in contact with skin.
Acute toxicity, category 4	H332	Harmful if inhaled.
Aspiration hazard, category 1	H304	May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.
Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure,	H373	May cause damage to organs through prolonged or
category 2		repeated exposure.
Serious eye damage, category 1	H318	Causes serious eye damage.
Skin irritation, category 2	H315	Causes skin irritation.
Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure,	H335	May cause respiratory irritation.
category 3		
Skin sensitization, category 1B	H317	May cause an allergic skin reaction.
Hazardous to the aquatic environment, chronic	H412	Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
toxicity, category 3		

#### 2.2. Label elements

Hazard labelling pursuant to EC Regulation 1272/2008 (CLP) and subsequent amendments and supplements.

Hazard pictograms:



Signal words:

Danger



Revision nr.8 Dated 24/07/2020 Printed on 24/07/2020 Page n. 2 / 12 Replaced revision:7 (Dated 22/04/2020)

# SECTION 2. Hazards identification ... / >>

Hazard statements:	
H226	Flammable liquid and vapour.
H312+H332	Harmful in contact with skin or if inhaled.
H304	May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.
H373	May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.
H318	Causes serious eye damage.
H315	Causes skin irritation.
H335	May cause respiratory irritation.
H317	May cause an allergic skin reaction.
H412	Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
EUH210	Safety data sheet available on request.
EUH208	Contains: TRIETHYLENETETRAMINE
	May produce an allergic reaction.

#### Precautionary statements:

Fieldulionaly statement	
P101	If medical advice is needed, have product container or label at hand.
P102	Keep out of reach of children.
P210	Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking.
P260	Do not breathe dust / fume / gas / mist / vapours / spray.
P271	Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area.
P280	Wear protective gloves / protective clothing / eye protection / face protection.
P301+P310	IF SWALLOWED: Immediately call a POISON CENTER / doctor /
P305+P351+P338	IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do.
	Continue rinsing.
P331	Do NOT induce vomiting.
P405	Store locked up.
P501	Dispose of contents / container in accordance with local and national regulations.
Contains:	Reaction mass of ethylbenzene and m-xylene and p-xylene
	FATTY ACIDS, C18-UNSAT., DIMERS, POLYMERS WITH TRIETHYLENETETRAMINE TRIETHYLENETETRAMINE

VOC (Directive 2004/42/EC) :	
Two-pack performance coatings.	
VOC given in g/litre of product in a ready-to-use condition :	490,00
Limit value:	500,00

#### 2.3. Other hazards

On the basis of available data, the product does not contain any PBT or vPvB in percentage greater than 0,1%.

### **SECTION 3. Composition/information on ingredients**

### 3.2. Mixtures

Contains:		
Identification	x = Conc. %	Classification 1272/2008 (CLP)
Reaction mas	s of ethylbenzene and m-xylen	ne and p-xylene
CAS	55 ≤ x < 75	Flam. Liq. 3 H226, Acute Tox. 4 H312, Acute Tox. 4 H332, Asp. Tox. 1 H304, STOT RE 2 H373, Eye Irrit. 2 H319, Skin Irrit. 2 H315, STOT SE 3 H335, Aquatic Chronic 3 H412, Classification note according to Annex VI to the CLP Regulation: C
EC INDEX	905-562-9	
Reg. no.	01-2119488216-32-XXXX	
FATTY ACIDS	, C18-UNSAT., DIMERS, POLY	MERS WITH TRIETHYLENETETRAMINE
CAS EC INDEX	103758-99-2 15 ≤ x < 25 500-290-3	Eye Dam. 1 H318, Skin Irrit. 2 H315, Skin Sens. 1B H317, Aquatic Chronic 2 H411
XYLENE (MIX	TURE OF ISOMERS)	
CAS	1330-20-7 5≤x<7	Flam. Liq. 3 H226, Acute Tox. 4 H312, Acute Tox. 4 H332, Skin Irrit. 2 H315, Classification note according to Annex VI to the CLP Regulation: C
EC	215-535-7	



Revision nr.8 Dated 24/07/2020 Printed on 24/07/2020 Page n. 3 / 12 Replaced revision:7 (Dated 22/04/2020)

SECTION 3. Composition/information on ingredients ... / >>

INDEX 601-022-00-9 Reg. no. 01-2119488216-XXXX ETHYLBENZENE CAS 100-41-4 1 ≤ x < 2 Flam. Liq. 2 H225, Acute Tox. 4 H332, Asp. Tox. 1 H304, STOT RE 2 H373 EC 202-849-4 INDEX 601-023-00-4 01-2119489370-XXXX Reg. no. TRIETHYLENETETRAMINE CAS 112-24-3 0,5 ≤ x < 0,8 Skin Corr. 1A H314, Eye Dam. 1 H318, Skin Sens. 1 H317, Aquatic Chronic 3 H412 EC INDEX

The full wording of hazard (H) phrases is given in section 16 of the sheet.

### **SECTION 4. First aid measures**

#### 4.1. Description of first aid measures

EYES: Remove contact lenses, if present. Wash immediately with plenty of water for at least 30-60 minutes, opening the eyelids fully. Get medical advice/attention.

SKIN: Remove contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with a shower immediately. Get medical advice/attention.

INGESTION: Have the subject drink as much water as possible. Get medical advice/attention. Do not induce vomiting unless explicitly authorised by a doctor.

INHALATION: Get medical advice/attention immediately. Remove victim to fresh air, away from the accident scene. If the subject stops breathing, administer artificial respiration. Take suitable precautions for rescue workers.

#### 4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Specific information on symptoms and effects caused by the product are unknown.

#### 4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Information not available

# **SECTION 5. Firefighting measures**

#### 5.1. Extinguishing media

SUITABLE EXTINGUISHING EQUIPMENT

Extinguishing substances are: carbon dioxide, foam, chemical powder. For product loss or leakage that has not caught fire, water spray can be used to disperse flammable vapours and protect those trying to stem the leak.

UNSUITABLE EXTINGUISHING EQUIPMENT

Do not use jets of water. Water is not effective for putting out fires but can be used to cool containers exposed to flames to prevent explosions.

#### 5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

HAZARDS CAUSED BY EXPOSURE IN THE EVENT OF FIRE Excess pressure may form in containers exposed to fire at a risk of explosion. Do not breathe combustion products.

#### 5.3. Advice for firefighters

**GENERAL INFORMATION** 

Use jets of water to cool the containers to prevent product decomposition and the development of substances potentially hazardous for health. Always wear full fire prevention gear. Collect extinguishing water to prevent it from draining into the sewer system. Dispose of contaminated water used for extinction and the remains of the fire according to applicable regulations. SPECIAL PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT FOR FIRE-FIGHTERS

Normal fire fighting clothing i.e. fire kit (BS EN 469), gloves (BS EN 659) and boots (HO specification A29 and A30) in combination with self-contained open circuit positive pressure compressed air breathing apparatus (BS EN 137).

### **SECTION 6.** Accidental release measures

### 6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Block the leakage if there is no hazard.

Wear suitable protective equipment (including personal protective equipment referred to under Section 8 of the safety data sheet) to prevent any contamination of skin, eyes and personal clothing. These indications apply for both processing staff and those involved in emergency procedures.

Send away individuals who are not suitably equipped. Use explosion-proof equipment. Eliminate all sources of ignition (cigarettes, flames,



Revision nr.8 Dated 24/07/2020 Printed on 24/07/2020 Page n. 4 / 12 Replaced revision:7 (Dated 22/04/2020)

### SECTION 6. Accidental release measures ... / >>

sparks, etc.) from the leakage site.

### 6.2. Environmental precautions

The product must not penetrate into the sewer system or come into contact with surface water or ground water.

### 6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Collect the leaked product into a suitable container. Evaluate the compatibility of the container to be used, by checking section 10. Absorb the remainder with inert absorbent material.

Make sure the leakage site is well aired. Contaminated material should be disposed of in compliance with the provisions set forth in point 13.

### 6.4. Reference to other sections

Any information on personal protection and disposal is given in sections 8 and 13.

# **SECTION 7. Handling and storage**

## 7.1. Precautions for safe handling

Keep away from heat, sparks and naked flames; do not smoke or use matches or lighters. Vapours may catch fire and an explosion may occur; vapour accumulation is therefore to be avoided by leaving windows and doors open and ensuring good cross ventilation. Without adequate ventilation, vapours may accumulate at ground level and, if ignited, catch fire even at a distance, with the danger of backfire. Avoid bunching of electrostatic charges. When performing transfer operations involving large containers, connect to an earthing system and wear antistatic footwear. Vigorous stirring and flow through the tubes and equipment may cause the formation and accumulation of electrostatic charges. In order to avoid the risk of fires and explosions, never use compressed air when handling. Open containers with caution as they may be pressurised. Do not eat, drink or smoke during use. Avoid leakage of the product into the environment.

### 7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Store only in the original container. Store the containers sealed, in a well ventilated place, away from direct sunlight. Store in a cool and well ventilated place, keep far away from sources of heat, naked flames and sparks and other sources of ignition. Keep containers away from any incompatible materials, see section 10 for details.

#### 7.3. Specific end use(s)

Information not available

# **SECTION 8. Exposure controls/personal protection**

#### 8.1. Control parameters

Regulatory References:

BGR	България	МИНИСТЕРСТВО НА ТРУДА И СОЦИАЛНАТА ПОЛИТИКА МИНИСТЕРСТВО НА ЗДРАВЕОПАЗВАНЕТО НАРЕДБА № 13 от 30 декември 2003 г (4 Септември 2018г)
CZE	Česká Republika	Nařízení vlády č. 246/2018 Sb. Nařízení vlády, kterým se mění nařízení vlády č. 361/2007 Sb., kterým se stanoví podmínky ochrany zdraví při práci, ve znění pozdějších předpisů
FRA	France	Valeurs limites d'exposition professionnelle aux agents chimiques en France. ED 984 - INRS
GBR	United Kingdom	EH40/2005 Workplace exposure limits (Third edition published 2018)
GRC	Ελλάδα	ΕΦΗΜΕΡΙΔΑ ΤΗΣ ΚΥΒΕΡΝΗΣΕΩΣ - ΤΕΥΧΟΣ ΠΡΩΤΟ Αρ. Φύλλου 152 - 21 Αυγούστου 2018
HRV	Hrvatska	Pravilnik o zaštiti radnika od izloženosti opasnim kemikalijama na radu, graničnim vrijednostima izloženosti i biološkim graničnim vrijednostima (NN 91/18)
HUN	Magyarország	A pénzügyminiszter 7/2018. (VIII. 29.) PM rendelete a munkahelyek kémiai biztonságáról szóló 25/2000. (IX. 30.) EüM–SZCSM együttes rendelet módosításáról
ITA	Italia	DIRETTIVA (UE) 2017/164 DELLA COMMISSIONE del 31 gennaio 2017
SVK	Slovensko	Nariadenie vlády č. 33/2018 Z. z. Nariadenie vlády Slovenskej republiky, ktorým sa mení a dopĺňa nariadenie vlády Slovenskej republiky č. 355/2006 Z. z. o ochrane zamestnancov pred rizikami súvisiacimi s expozíciou chemickým faktorom pri práci v znení neskorších predpisov
EU	OEL EU	Directive (EU) 2017/2398; Directive (EU) 2017/164; Directive 2009/161/EU; Directive 2006/15/EC; Directive 2004/37/EC; Directive 2000/39/EC; Directive 91/322/EEC.
	TLV-ACGIH	ACGIH 2019



Skin

# VITEX S.A. WASH PRIMER B' COMP.

Revision nr.8 Dated 24/07/2020 Printed on 24/07/2020 Page n. 5 / 12 Replaced revision:7 (Dated 22/04/2020)

# SECTION 8. Exposure controls/personal protection ..../>>

#### Reaction mass of ethylbenzene and m-xylene and p-xylene

Threshold Limit	Value					
Туре	Country	TWA/8h		STEL/15	min	Remarks / Observations
		mg/m3	ppm	mg/m3	ppm	
TLV	BGR	221		442		SKIN
TLV	CZE	200		400		SKIN
VLEP	FRA	221	50	442	100	SKIN
WEL	GBR	220	50	441	100	
TLV	GRC	435	100	650	150	SKIN
GVI/KGVI	HRV	221	50	442	100	SKIN
AK	HUN	221		442		SKIN
VLEP	ITA	221	50	442	100	SKIN
NPEL	SVK	221	50	442		SKIN
OEL	EU	221	50	442	100	SKIN
TLV-ACGIH		434	100	651	150	
Health - Derived	no-effect lev	el - DNEL /	DMEL			

	Effects on	consumers			Effects on wor	kers		
Route of exposure	Acute	Acute	Chronic	Chronic	Acute local	Acute	Chronic	Chronic
	local	systemic	local	systemic		systemic	local	systemic
Oral			VND	1,6				
				mg/kg/d				
Inhalation	174	174	VND	14,8	289	289	VND	77
	mg/m3	mg/m3		mg/m3	mg/m3	mg/m3		mg/m3
Skin			VND	108			VND	180
				mg/kg/d				mg/kg/d

#### XYLENE (MIXTURE OF ISOMERS)

					UKE UF 130	VIERS)			
Threshold Limit	t Value								
Туре	Countr	y TWA	/8h	STEL/15	min	Remarks / O	bservations		
		mg/m	I3 ppm	mg/m3	ppm				
TLV	BGR	221		442		SKIN			
TLV	CZE	200		400		SKIN			
VLEP	FRA	221	50	442	100	SKIN			
WEL	GBR	220	50	441	100				
TLV	GRC	435	100	650	150	SKIN			
GVI/KGVI	HRV	221	50	442	100	SKIN			
AK	HUN	221		442		SKIN			
VLEP	ITA	221	50	442	100	SKIN			
NPEL	SVK	221	50	442		SKIN			
OEL	EU	221	50	442	100	SKIN			
TLV-ACGIH		434	100	651	150				
Health - Derived	d no-effect	level - DNE	EL / DMEL						
	I	Effects on co	onsumers			Effects on wor	kers		
Route of expo	osure /	Acute	Acute	Chronic	Chronic	Acute local	Acute	Chronic	Chronic
	l	ocal	systemic	local	systemic		systemic	local	systemic
Oral				VND	1,6 mg/kg/d				
Inhalation		174 mg/m3	174 mg/m3	VND	14,8 mg/m3	289 mg/m3	289 mg/m3	VND	77 mg/m3

108

mg/kg/d

VND

@EPY 9.11.3 - SDS 1004.13

180

mg/kg/d

VND



#### SECTION 8. Exposure controls/personal protection .../>>

#### ETHYLBENZENE

Threshold Limit	Value					
Туре	Country	TWA/8h		STEL/15	min	Remarks / Observations
		mg/m3	ppm	mg/m3	ppm	
TLV	BGR	435		545		SKIN
TLV	CZE	200		500		SKIN
VLEP	FRA	88,4	20	442	100	SKIN
WEL	GBR	441	100	552	125	SKIN
TLV	GRC	435	100	545	125	
GVI/KGVI	HRV	442	100	884	200	SKIN
AK	HUN	442		884		
VLEP	ITA	442	100	884	200	SKIN
NPEL	SVK	442	100	884		SKIN
OEL	EU	442	100	884	200	SKIN
TLV-ACGIH		20	100		87	

Legend:

(C) = CEILING ; INHAL = Inhalable Fraction ; RESP = Respirable Fraction ; THORA = Thoracic Fraction.

VND = hazard identified but no DNEL/PNEC available ; NEA = no exposure expected ; NPI = no hazard identified.

#### 8.2. Exposure controls

As the use of adequate technical equipment must always take priority over personal protective equipment, make sure that the workplace is well aired through effective local aspiration.

When choosing personal protective equipment, ask your chemical substance supplier for advice.

Personal protective equipment must be CE marked, showing that it complies with applicable standards.

Provide an emergency shower with face and eye wash station.

Exposure levels must be kept as low as possible to avoid significant build-up in the organism. Manage personal protective equipment so as to guarantee maximum protection (e.g. reduction in replacement times).

HAND PROTECTION

Protect hands with category III work gloves (see standard EN 374).

The following should be considered when choosing work glove material: compatibility, degradation, failure time and permeability.

The work gloves' resistance to chemical agents should be checked before use, as it can be unpredictable. The gloves' wear time depends on the duration and type of use.

SKIN PROTECTION

Wear category II professional long-sleeved overalls and safety footwear (see Regulation 2016/425 and standard EN ISO 20344). Wash body with soap and water after removing protective clothing.

Consider the appropriateness of providing antistatic clothing in the case of working environments in which there is a risk of explosion. EYE PROTECTION

Wear airtight protective goggles (see standard EN 166).

In the presence of risks of exposure to splashes or squirts during work, adequate mouth, nose and eye protection should be used to prevent accidental absorption.

RESPIRATORY PROTECTION

If the threshold value (e.g. TLV-TWA) is exceeded for the substance or one of the substances present in the product, use a mask with a type A filter whose class (1, 2 or 3) must be chosen according to the limit of use concentration. (see standard EN 14387). In the presence of gases or vapours of various kinds and/or gases or vapours containing particulate (aerosol sprays, fumes, mists, etc.) combined filters are required. Respiratory protection devices must be used if the technical measures adopted are not suitable for restricting the worker's exposure to the threshold values considered. The protection provided by masks is in any case limited.

If the substance considered is odourless or its olfactory threshold is higher than the corresponding TLV-TWA and in the case of an emergency, wear open-circuit compressed air breathing apparatus (in compliance with standard EN 137) or external air-intake breathing apparatus (in compliance with standard EN 138). For a correct choice of respiratory protection device, see standard EN 529. ENVIRONMENTAL EXPOSURE CONTROLS

The emissions generated by manufacturing processes, including those generated by ventilation equipment, should be checked to ensure compliance with environmental standards.

Product residues must not be indiscriminately disposed of with waste water or by dumping in waterways.

### **SECTION 9.** Physical and chemical properties

9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Properties	Value
Appearance	liquid
Colour	yellowish
Odour	characteristic
Odour threshold	Not available
рН	Not available
Melting point / freezing point	Not available

Information



Revision nr.8 Dated 24/07/2020 Printed on 24/07/2020 Page n. 7 / 12 Replaced revision:7 (Dated 22/04/2020)

#### SECTION 9. Physical and chemical properties ... /

Initial boiling point Boiling range Flash point Evaporation Rate Flammability of solids and gases Lower inflammability limit Upper inflammability limit Lower explosive limit Upper explosive limit Vapour pressure Vapour density Relative density Solubility Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water Auto-ignition temperature Decomposition temperature Viscosity Explosive properties	Not available Not available $23 \le T \le 60$ °C Not available Not available
,	
Oxidising properties	Not available

#### 9.2. Other information

Information not available

## **SECTION 10. Stability and reactivity**

#### 10.1. Reactivity

There are no particular risks of reaction with other substances in normal conditions of use.

#### 10.2. Chemical stability

The product is stable in normal conditions of use and storage.

#### 10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions

The vapours may also form explosive mixtures with the air.

#### ETHYLBENZENE

ETHYLBENZENE: reacts violently with strong oxidising agents and attacks various types of plastics. Can form explosive mixtures with the air.

#### 10.4. Conditions to avoid

Avoid overheating. Avoid bunching of electrostatic charges. Avoid all sources of ignition.

#### 10.5. Incompatible materials

Information not available

#### **10.6.** Hazardous decomposition products

In the event of thermal decomposition or fire, gases and vapours that are potentially dangerous to health may be released.

#### ETHYLBENZENE

ETHYLBENZENE: methane, styrene, hydrogen, ethane.

### **SECTION 11. Toxicological information**

#### 11.1. Information on toxicological effects

#### ETHYLBENZENE

ETHYLBENZENE: like the benzene homologues, may exert an effect on the CNS with depression, narcosis, often preceded by dizziness and accompanied by headache. It is irritating to the skin, conjunctivae and respiratory apparatus.

Metabolism, toxicokinetics, mechanism of action and other information

Information not available



Revision nr.8 Dated 24/07/2020 Printed on 24/07/2020 Page n. 8 / 12 Replaced revision:7 (Dated 22/04/2020)

# SECTION 11. Toxicological information ..../

Information on likely routes of exposure

Information not available

Delayed and immediate effects as well as chronic effects from short and long-term exposure

Information not available

Interactive effects

Information not available

#### ACUTE TOXICITY

LC50 (Inhalation) of the mixture: LD50 (Oral) of the mixture: LD50 (Dermal) of the mixture: 12,06 mg/l Not classified (no significant component) 1341,46 mg/kg

> 2000 mg/kg Rat

> 10 mg/l/4h Rat

Reaction mass of ethylbenzene and m-xylene and p-xyleneLD50 (Oral)> 2000 mg/kg RatLC50 (Inhalation)> 10 mg/l/4h Rat

XYLENE (MIXTURE OF ISOMERS) LD50 (Oral) LC50 (Inhalation)

/

# SKIN CORROSION / IRRITATION

Causes skin irritation

#### SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE / IRRITATION

#### Causes serious eye damage

#### **RESPIRATORY OR SKIN SENSITISATION**

Sensitising for the skin May produce an allergic reaction. Contains: TRIETHYLENETETRAMINE

#### **GERM CELL MUTAGENICITY**

Does not meet the classification criteria for this hazard class

#### CARCINOGENICITY

Does not meet the classification criteria for this hazard class

#### **REPRODUCTIVE TOXICITY**

Does not meet the classification criteria for this hazard class

#### STOT - SINGLE EXPOSURE

May cause respiratory irritation

STOT - REPEATED EXPOSURE

May cause damage to organs

ASPIRATION HAZARD

Toxic for aspiration



Revision nr.8 Dated 24/07/2020 Printed on 24/07/2020 Page n. 9 / 12 Replaced revision:7 (Dated 22/04/2020)

# **SECTION 12. Ecological information**

This product is dangerous for the environment and the aquatic organisms. In the long term, it have negative effects on aquatic environment.

#### 12.1. Toxicity

Reaction mass of ethylbenzene and m-xylene and LC50 - for Fish EC50 - for Crustacea EC50 - for Algae / Aquatic Plants Chronic NOEC for Fish Chronic NOEC for Crustacea	l p-xylene > 1 mg/l/96h > 1 mg/l/48h > 1 mg/l/72h > 1 mg/l based on test data > 0,1 mg/l
XYLENE (MIXTURE OF ISOMERS) LC50 - for Fish EC50 - for Crustacea EC50 - for Algae / Aquatic Plants Chronic NOEC for Fish Chronic NOEC for Crustacea <b>12.2. Persistence and degradability</b>	> 1 mg/l/96h > 1 mg/l/48h > 1 mg/l/72h > 1 mg/l based on test data > 0,1 mg/l
Reaction mass of ethylbenzene and m-xylene and Rapidly degradable XYLENE (MIXTURE OF ISOMERS) Rapidly degradable	l p-xylene
12.3. Bioaccumulative potential	
Reaction mass of ethylbenzene and m-xylene and Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water XYLENE (MIXTURE OF ISOMERS) Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water	ł p-xylene 3,12 3,12
12.4. Mobility in soil	

Information not available

#### 12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

On the basis of available data, the product does not contain any PBT or vPvB in percentage greater than 0,1%.

#### 12.6. Other adverse effects

Information not available

# **SECTION 13. Disposal considerations**

#### 13.1. Waste treatment methods

Reuse, when possible. Product residues should be considered special hazardous waste. The hazard level of waste containing this product should be evaluated according to applicable regulations.

Disposal must be performed through an authorised waste management firm, in compliance with national and local regulations.

Waste transportation may be subject to ADR restrictions.

CONTAMINATED PACKAGING

Contaminated packaging must be recovered or disposed of in compliance with national waste management regulations.



Revision nr.8 Dated 24/07/2020 Printed on 24/07/2020 Page n. 10 / 12 Replaced revision:7 (Dated 22/04/2020)

# **SECTION 14. Transport information**

#### 14.1. UN number

ADR / RID, IMDG, IATA: 1263

#### 14.2. UN proper shipping name

ADR / RID:	PAINT or PAINT RELATED MATERIAL
IMDG:	PAINT or PAINT RELATED MATERIAL
IATA:	PAINT or PAINT RELATED MATERIAL

#### 14.3. Transport hazard class(es)

ADR / RID:	Class: 3	Label: 3
IMDG:	Class: 3	Label: 3
IATA:	Class: 3	Label: 3



#### 14.4. Packing group

ADR / RID, IMDG, IATA: III

#### 14.5. Environmental hazards

ADR / RID: NO IMDG: NO IATA: NO

#### 14.6. Special precautions for user

ADR / RID:	HIN - Kemler: 30	Limited Quantities: 5 L	Tunnel restriction code: (D/E)
	Special Provision: -		
IMDG:	EMS: F-E, <u>S-E</u>	Limited Quantities: 5 L	
IATA:	Cargo:	Maximum quantity: 220 L	Packaging instructions: 366
	Pass.:	Maximum quantity: 60 L	Packaging instructions: 355
	Special Instructions:	A3, A72, A192	

#### 14.7. Transport in bulk according to Annex II of Marpol and the IBC Code

Information not relevant

# **SECTION 15. Regulatory information**

15.1. Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

Seveso Category - Directive 2012/18/EC:

P5c

<b>Restrictions</b>	relating to the product or contai	ined substances pursuant to Annex XVII to EC Regulation 1907/2006
Product		
Point	3 - 40	
Substances	in Candidate List (Art. 59 REAC	<u>CH)</u>
On the basis	s of available data, the product of	does not contain any SVHC in percentage greater than 0,1%.

Substances subject to authorisation (Annex XIV REACH) None

Substances subject to exportation reporting pursuant to (EC) Reg. 649/2012: None



Revision nr.8 Dated 24/07/2020 Printed on 24/07/2020 Page n. 11 / 12 Replaced revision:7 (Dated 22/04/2020)

#### SECTION 15. Regulatory information ... / >>

Substances subject to the Rotterdam Convention:

None

Substances subject to the Stockholm Convention: None

Healthcare controls

Workers exposed to this chemical agent must not undergo health checks, provided that available risk-assessment data prove that the risks related to the workers' health and safety are modest and that the 98/24/EC directive is respected.

<u>VOC (Directive 2004/42/EC) :</u> Two-pack performance coatings.

#### 15.2. Chemical safety assessment

A chemical safety assessment has not been performed for the preparation/for the substances indicated in section 3.

## **SECTION 16. Other information**

Text of hazard (H) indications mentioned in section 2-3 of the sheet:

Flam. Liq. 2 Flam. Liq. 3 Acute Tox. 4 Asp. Tox. 1 STOT RE 2 Skin Corr. 1A Eye Dam. 1 Eye Irrit. 2 Skin Irrit. 2 Stor SE 3 Skin Sens. 1 Skin Sens. 1B Aquatic Chronic 2 Aquatic Chronic 3 H225 H226 H312 H312+H332 H332 H304 H373 H314 H318 H240	Flammable liquid, category 2 Flammable liquid, category 3 Acute toxicity, category 4 Aspiration hazard, category 1 Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure, category 2 Skin corrosion, category 1A Serious eye damage, category 1 Eye irritation, category 2 Skin irritation, category 2 Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure, category 3 Skin sensitization, category 1 Skin sensitization, category 1B Hazardous to the aquatic environment, chronic toxicity, category 2 Hazardous to the aquatic environment, chronic toxicity, category 3 Highly flammable liquid and vapour. Flammable liquid and vapour. Harmful in contact with skin. Harmful in contact with skin or if inhaled. Harmful if inhaled. May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways. May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. Causes serious eye damage. Causes serious eye damage.
	Causes serious eye damage.
H319 H315 H335 H317 H411 H412 EUH210	Causes serious eye irritation. Causes skin irritation. May cause respiratory irritation. May cause an allergic skin reaction. Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects. Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects. Safety data sheet available on request.

LEGEND:

- ADR: European Agreement concerning the carriage of Dangerous goods by Road
- CAS NUMBER: Chemical Abstract Service Number
- CE50: Effective concentration (required to induce a 50% effect)
- CE NUMBER: Identifier in ESIS (European archive of existing substances)
- CLP: EC Regulation 1272/2008
- DNEL: Derived No Effect Level
- EmS: Emergency Schedule
- GHS: Globally Harmonized System of classification and labeling of chemicals
- IATA DGR: International Air Transport Association Dangerous Goods Regulation
- IC50: Immobilization Concentration 50%
- IMDG: International Maritime Code for dangerous goods
- IMO: International Maritime Organization
- INDEX NUMBER: Identifier in Annex VI of CLP
- LC50: Lethal Concentration 50%
- LD50: Lethal dose 50%



Revision nr.8 Dated 24/07/2020 Printed on 24/07/2020 Page n. 12 / 12 Replaced revision:7 (Dated 22/04/2020)

#### SECTION 16. Other information ...

- OEL: Occupational Exposure Level- PBT: Persistent bioaccumulative and toxic as REACH Regulation
- PEC: Predicted environmental Concentration
- PEL: Predicted exposure level
- PNEC: Predicted no effect concentration
- REACH: EC Regulation 1907/2006
- RID: Regulation concerning the international transport of dangerous goods by train
- TLV: Threshold Limit Value
- TLV CEILING: Concentration that should not be exceeded during any time of occupational exposure.
- TWA STEL: Short-term exposure limit
- TWA: Time-weighted average exposure limit
- VOC: Volatile organic Compounds
- vPvB: Very Persistent and very Bioaccumulative as for REACH Regulation
- WGK: Water hazard classes (German).

#### GENERAL BIBLIOGRAPHY

- 1. Regulation (EC) 1907/2006 (REACH) of the European Parliament
- 2. Regulation (EC) 1272/2008 (CLP) of the European Parliament
- 3. Regulation (EU) 790/2009 (I Atp. CLP) of the European Parliament
- 4. Regulation (EU) 2015/830 of the European Parliament
- 5. Regulation (EU) 286/2011 (II Atp. CLP) of the European Parliament
- 6. Regulation (EU) 618/2012 (III Atp. CLP) of the European Parliament
- 7. Regulation (EU) 487/2013 (IV Atp. CLP) of the European Parliament
- 8. Regulation (EU) 944/2013 (V Atp. CLP) of the European Parliament
- 9. Regulation (EU) 605/2014 (VI Atp. CLP) of the European Parliament
- 10. Regulation (EU) 2015/1221 (VII Atp. CLP) of the European Parliament
- 11. Regulation (EU) 2016/918 (VIII Atp. CLP) of the European Parliament
- 12. Regulation (EU) 2016/1179 (IX Atp. CLP)
- 13. Regulation (EU) 2017/776 (X Atp. CLP)
- 14. Regulation (EU) 2018/669 (XI Atp. CLP)
- 15. Regulation (EU) 2018/1480 (XIII Atp. CLP)
- 16. Regulation (EU) 2019/521 (XII Atp. CLP)
- The Merck Index. 10th Edition
- Handling Chemical Safety
- INRS Fiche Toxicologique (toxicological sheet)
- Patty Industrial Hygiene and Toxicology
- N.I. Sax Dangerous properties of Industrial Materials-7, 1989 Edition
- IFA GESTIS website
- ECHA website
- Database of SDS models for chemicals Ministry of Health and ISS (Istituto Superiore di Sanità) Italy

#### Note for users:

The information contained in the present sheet are based on our own knowledge on the date of the last version. Users must verify the suitability and thoroughness of provided information according to each specific use of the product.

This document must not be regarded as a guarantee on any specific product property.

The use of this product is not subject to our direct control; therefore, users must, under their own responsibility, comply with the current health and safety laws and regulations. The producer is relieved from any liability arising from improper uses. Provide appointed staff with adequate training on how to use chemical products.

Product's classification is based on the calculation methods set out in Annex I of the CLP Regulation, unless otherwise indicated in sections 11 and 12.

The data for evaluation of chemical-physical properties are reported in section 9.

Changes to previous review: The following sections were modified: 01 / 02 / 03 / 07 / 08 / 10 / 11 / 12 / 16.



Revision nr.6 Dated 07/07/2020 Printed on 24/07/2020 Page n. 1 / 12 Replaced revision:5 (Dated 24/06/2019)

(ATTIKI)

# Safety Data Sheet

According to Annex II to REACH - Regulation 2015/830

# SECTION 1. Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

#### 1.1. Product identifier

Product name

WASH PRIMER A' COMP.

1.2. Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Intended use

Solventbased Anticorrosive Primer

#### 1.3. Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Name Full address District and Country	VITEX S.A. IMEROS TOPOS 19300 ASPROPYRGOS GREECE Tel. (0030) 2105589400 Fax (0030) 2105597859
e-mail address of the competent person responsible for the Safety Data Sheet	vitexlab@vitex.gr
Product distribution by:	VITEX S.A
1.4. Emergency telephone number	
For urgent inquiries refer to	(0030) 2105589400 (0030) 2107793777

# **SECTION 2. Hazards identification**

#### 2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture

The product is classified as hazardous pursuant to the provisions set forth in (EC) Regulation 1272/2008 (CLP) (and subsequent amendments and supplements). The product thus requires a safety datasheet that complies with the provisions of (EU) Regulation 2015/830. Any additional information concerning the risks for health and/or the environment are given in sections 11 and 12 of this sheet.

Hazard classification and indication:		
Flammable liquid, category 3	H226	Flammable liquid and vapour.
Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure, category 2	H373	May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.
Eye irritation, category 2	H319	Causes serious eye irritation.
Skin irritation, category 2	H315	Causes skin irritation.
Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure, category 3	H335	May cause respiratory irritation.
Skin sensitization, category 1	H317	May cause an allergic skin reaction.

#### 2.2. Label elements

Hazard labelling pursuant to EC Regulation 1272/2008 (CLP) and subsequent amendments and supplements.

Hazard pictograms:



Signal words:

Warning

Hazard statements:H226Flammable liquid and vapour.H373May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.H319Causes serious eye irritation.

@ EPY 9.11.3 - SDS 1004.13



Revision nr.6 Dated 07/07/2020 Printed on 24/07/2020 Page n. 2 / 12 Replaced revision:5 (Dated 24/06/2019)

### SECTION 2. Hazards identification ....

SECTION 2. Hazard	as identification/>>	
H315 H335 H317 EUH205	Causes skin irritation. May cause respiratory irritation. May cause an allergic skin reaction. Contains epoxy constituents. May produce a	an allergic reaction.
Precautionary state	ments:	
P101	If medical advice is needed, have product c	ontainer or label at hand.
P102	Keep out of reach of children.	
P210	Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks,	open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking.
P260	Do not breathe dust / fume / gas / mist / vap	oours / spray.
P271	Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated are	a.
P280	Wear protective gloves / protective clothing	/ eye protection / face protection.
P405	Store locked up.	
P501	Dispose of contents / container in accordar	ice with local and national regulations.
Contains:	Reaction mass of ethylbenzene and m-xyler Phenol, 4,4'-(1-methylethylidene)bis-, polym 2,2'-[(1-methylethylidene)bis(4,1-phenylened	ner with
<u>VOC (Directive 2004</u> Two-pack performar VOC given in g/litre Limit value:		490,00 500,00
2.3. Other hazards		

On the basis of available data, the product does not contain any PBT or vPvB in percentage greater than 0,1%.

#### **SECTION 3.** Composition/information on ingredients 3.2. Mixtures Contains: Identification x = Conc. % Classification 1272/2008 (CLP) Phenol, 4,4'-(1-methylethylidene)bis-, polymer with 2,2'-[(1-methylethylidene)bis(4,1-phenyleneoxymethylene)]bis[oxirane] CAS 25036-25-3 20 ≤ x < 25 Eye Irrit. 2 H319, Skin Irrit. 2 H315, Skin Sens. 1 H317 EC INDEX Reaction mass of ethylbenzene and m-xylene and p-xylene CAS $10 \le x \le 15$ Flam. Liq. 3 H226, Acute Tox. 4 H312, Acute Tox. 4 H332, Asp. Tox. 1 H304, STOT RE 2 H373, Eye Irrit. 2 H319, Skin Irrit. 2 H315, STOT SE 3 H335, Aquatic Chronic 3 H412, Classification note according to Annex VI to the CLP Regulation: C 905-562-9 EC INDEX Reg. no. 01-2119488216-32-XXXX 1-METHOXY-2-PROPANOL CAS 107-98-2 5≤x< 10 Flam. Liq. 3 H226, STOT SE 3 H336 EC 203-539-1 INDEX 603-064-00-3 Rea. no. 01-2119457435-35-XXXX XYLENE (MIXTURE OF ISOMERS) *1330-20-7* 4 ≤ x < 9 Flam. Liq. 3 H226, Acute Tox. 4 H312, Acute Tox. 4 H332, Asp. Tox. 1 H304, CAS STOT RE 2 H373, Eye Irrit. 2 H319, Skin Irrit. 2 H315, STOT SE 3 H335, Classification note according to Annex VI to the CLP Regulation: C EC 215-535-7 INDEX 601-022-00-9 01-2119488216-XXXX Reg. no. The full wording of hazard (H) phrases is given in section 16 of the sheet.



### **SECTION 4. First aid measures**

#### 4.1. Description of first aid measures

EYES: Remove contact lenses, if present. Wash immediately with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes, opening the eyelids fully. If problem persists, seek medical advice.

SKIN: Remove contaminated clothing. Wash immediately with plenty of water. If irritation persists, get medical advice/attention. Wash contaminated clothing before using it again.

INHALATION: Remove to open air. In the event of breathing difficulties, get medical advice/attention immediately.

INGESTION: Get medical advice/attention. Induce vomiting only if indicated by the doctor. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person, unless authorised by a doctor.

#### 4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Specific information on symptoms and effects caused by the product are unknown.

#### 4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Information not available

### **SECTION 5. Firefighting measures**

#### 5.1. Extinguishing media

#### SUITABLE EXTINGUISHING EQUIPMENT

Extinguishing substances are: carbon dioxide, foam, chemical powder. For product loss or leakage that has not caught fire, water spray can be used to disperse flammable vapours and protect those trying to stem the leak.

UNSUITABLE EXTINGUISHING EQUIPMENT

Do not use jets of water. Water is not effective for putting out fires but can be used to cool containers exposed to flames to prevent explosions.

#### 5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

HAZARDS CAUSED BY EXPOSURE IN THE EVENT OF FIRE Excess pressure may form in containers exposed to fire at a risk of explosion. Do not breathe combustion products.

#### 5.3. Advice for firefighters

#### GENERAL INFORMATION

Use jets of water to cool the containers to prevent product decomposition and the development of substances potentially hazardous for health. Always wear full fire prevention gear. Collect extinguishing water to prevent it from draining into the sewer system. Dispose of contaminated water used for extinction and the remains of the fire according to applicable regulations.

SPECIAL PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT FOR FIRE-FIGHTERS

Normal fire fighting clothing i.e. fire kit (BS EN 469), gloves (BS EN 659) and boots (HO specification A29 and A30) in combination with self-contained open circuit positive pressure compressed air breathing apparatus (BS EN 137).

#### **SECTION 6.** Accidental release measures

#### 6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Block the leakage if there is no hazard.

Wear suitable protective equipment (including personal protective equipment referred to under Section 8 of the safety data sheet) to prevent any contamination of skin, eyes and personal clothing. These indications apply for both processing staff and those involved in emergency procedures.

Send away individuals who are not suitably equipped. Use explosion-proof equipment. Eliminate all sources of ignition (cigarettes, flames, sparks, etc.) from the leakage site.

#### 6.2. Environmental precautions

The product must not penetrate into the sewer system or come into contact with surface water or ground water.

#### 6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Collect the leaked product into a suitable container. Evaluate the compatibility of the container to be used, by checking section 10. Absorb the remainder with inert absorbent material.

Make sure the leakage site is well aired. Contaminated material should be disposed of in compliance with the provisions set forth in point 13.



Revision nr.6 Dated 07/07/2020 Printed on 24/07/2020 Page n. 4 / 12 Replaced revision:5 (Dated 24/06/2019)

#### SECTION 6. Accidental release measures ... / >

#### 6.4. Reference to other sections

Any information on personal protection and disposal is given in sections 8 and 13.

# **SECTION 7. Handling and storage**

#### 7.1. Precautions for safe handling

Keep away from heat, sparks and naked flames; do not smoke or use matches or lighters. Without adequate ventilation, vapours may accumulate at ground level and, if ignited, catch fire even at a distance, with the danger of backfire. Avoid bunching of electrostatic charges. Do not eat, drink or smoke during use. Remove any contaminated clothes and personal protective equipment before entering places in which people eat. Avoid leakage of the product into the environment.

#### 7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Store only in the original container. Store in a cool and well ventilated place, keep far away from sources of heat, naked flames and sparks and other sources of ignition. Keep containers away from any incompatible materials, see section 10 for details.

#### 7.3. Specific end use(s)

Information not available

# **SECTION 8. Exposure controls/personal protection**

#### 8.1. Control parameters

Regulatory References:

BGR	България	МИНИСТЕРСТВО НА ТРУДА И СОЦИАЛНАТА ПОЛИТИКА МИНИСТЕРСТВО НА ЗДРАВЕОПАЗВАНЕТО НАРЕДБА No 13 от 30 декември 2003 г (4 Септември 2018г)
CZE	Česká Republika	Nařízení vlády č. 246/2018 Sb. Nařízení vlády, kterým se mění nařízení vlády č. 361/2007 Sb., kterým se stanoví podmínky ochrany zdraví při práci, ve znění pozdějších předpisů
FRA	France	Valeurs limites d'exposition professionnelle aux agents chimiques en France. ED 984 - INRS
GBR	United Kingdom	EH40/2005 Workplace exposure limits (Third edition, published 2018)
GRC	Ελλάδα	ΕΦΗΜΕΡΙΔΑ ΤΗΣ ΚΥΒΕΡΝΗΣΕΩΣ - ΤΕΥΧΟΣ ΠΡΩΤΟ Αρ. Φύλλου 152 - 21 Αυγούστου 2018
HRV	Hrvatska	Pravilnik o zaštiti radnika od izloženosti opasnim kemikalijama na radu, graničnim vrijednostima izloženosti i biološkim graničnim vrijednostima (NN 91/18)
HUN	Magyarország	A pénzügyminiszter 7/2018. (VIII. 29.) PM rendelete a munkahelyek kémiai biztonságáról szóló 25/2000. (IX. 30.) EüM–SZCSM együttes rendelet módosításáról
ITA	Italia	DIRETTIVA (UE) 2017/164 DELLA COMMISSIONE del 31 gennaio 2017
SVK	Slovensko	Nariadenie vlády č. 33/2018 Z. z. Nariadenie vlády Slovenskej republiky, ktorým sa mení a dopĺňa nariadenie vlády Slovenskej republiky č. 355/2006 Z. z. o ochrane zamestnancov pred rizikami súvisiacimi s expozíciou chemickým faktorom pri práci v znení neskorších predpisov
EU	OEL EU	Directive (EU) 2017/2398; Directive (EU) 2017/164; Directive 2009/161/EU; Directive 2006/15/EC; Directive 2004/37/EC; Directive 2000/39/EC; Directive 91/322/EEC.
	TLV-ACGIH	ACGIH 2019



Revision nr.6 Dated 07/07/2020 Printed on 24/07/2020 Page n. 5 / 12 Replaced revision:5 (Dated 24/06/2019)

# SECTION 8. Exposure controls/personal protection ..../>>

#### Reaction mass of ethylbenzene and m-xylene and p-xylene

Threshold Limit	Value					
Туре	Country	TWA/8h		STEL/15min		Remarks / Observations
		mg/m3	ppm	mg/m3	ppm	
TLV	BGR	221		442		SKIN
TLV	CZE	200		400		SKIN
VLEP	FRA	221	50	442	100	SKIN
WEL	GBR	220	50	441	100	
TLV	GRC	435	100	650	150	SKIN
GVI/KGVI	HRV	221	50	442	100	SKIN
AK	HUN	221		442		SKIN
VLEP	ITA	221	50	442	100	SKIN
NPEL	SVK	221	50	442		SKIN
OEL	EU	221	50	442	100	SKIN
TLV-ACGIH		434	100	651	150	

# Health - Derived no-effect level - DNEL / DMEL

	Effects or	on consumers			Effects on wor	kers		
Route of exposure	Acute	Acute	Chronic	Chronic	Acute local	Acute	Chronic	Chronic
	local	systemic	local	systemic		systemic	local	systemic
Oral			VND	1,6 mg/kg/d				
Inhalation	174	174	VND	14,8	289	289	VND	77
01.	mg/m3	mg/m3		mg/m3	mg/m3	mg/m3	1415	mg/m3
Skin			VND	108 mg/kg/d			VND	180 mg/kg/d

#### 1-METHOXY-2-PROPANOL

Threshold Limit	t Value								
Туре	Country	TWA/8h		STEL/15	min	Remarks / Ol	oservations		
		mg/m3	ppm	mg/m3	ppm				
TLV	BGR	375		568		SKIN			
TLV	CZE	270		550		SKIN			
VLEP	FRA	188	50	375	10	SKIN			
WEL	GBR	375	100	560	150	SKIN			
TLV	GRC	360	100	1080	300	SKIN			
TLV	GRC	360	100	1080	300				
GVI/KGVI	HRV	375	100	568	150	SKIN			
AK	HUN	375		568					
VLEP	ITA	375	100	568	150	SKIN			
NPEL	SVK	375	100	568		SKIN			
OEL	EU	375	100	568	150	SKIN			
TLV-ACGIH		369	100	553	150				
Predicted no-ef	fect concentr	ation - PNEC	2						
Normal value	in fresh water						10	mg/l	
Normal value	Normal value for fresh water sediment						41,6	mg/kg	
Normal value	Normal value for marine water sediment						4,17	mg/kg	
Normal value	Normal value of STP microorganisms						100	mg/l	
Normal value	for the terrest	rial compartn	nent				2,47	mg/kg	
Health - Derived	I no-effect lev	el - DNEL / I	DMEL						
	Effe	cts on consu	mers			Effects on worl	kers		
Route of expo	osure Acu	ite Acu	ite	Chronic	Chronic	Acute local	Acute	Chronic	Chronic
	loca	al sys	temic	local	systemic		systemic	local	systemic
Oral				VND	3,3				
					mg/kg				
Inhalation				VND	43,9	553,5	VND	VND	369
					mg/m3	mg/m3			mg/m3
Skin				VND	18,1	-		VND	50,6
					mg/kg				mg/kg



#### SECTION 8. Exposure controls/personal protection ... / >>

#### XYLENE (MIXTURE OF ISOMERS)

Threshold Limit	Value					
Туре	Country	TWA/8h		STEL/15	min	Remarks / Observations
		mg/m3	ppm	mg/m3	ppm	
TLV	BGR	221		442		SKIN
TLV	CZE	200		400		SKIN
VLEP	FRA	221	50	442	100	SKIN
WEL	GBR	220	50	441	100	
TLV	GRC	435	100	650	150	SKIN
GVI/KGVI	HRV	221	50	442	100	SKIN
AK	HUN	221		442		SKIN
VLEP	ITA	221	50	442	100	SKIN
NPEL	SVK	221	50	442		SKIN
OEL	EU	221	50	442	100	SKIN
TLV-ACGIH		434	100	651	150	

#### Health - Derived no-effect level - DNEL / DMEL

Route of exposure	Effects on Acute	consumers Acute	Chronic	Chronic	Effects on wo Acute local	rkers Acute	Chronic	Chronic
	local	systemic	local	systemic		systemic	local	systemic
Oral			VND	1,6 mg/kg/d				
Inhalation	174 mg/m3	174 mg/m3	VND	14,8 mg/m3	289 mg/m3	289 mg/m3	VND	77 mg/m3
Skin			VND	108 mg/kg/d			VND	180 mg/kg/d

Legend:

(C) = CEILING ; INHAL = Inhalable Fraction ; RESP = Respirable Fraction ; THORA = Thoracic Fraction.

VND = hazard identified but no DNEL/PNEC available ; NEA = no exposure expected ; NPI = no hazard identified.

#### 8.2. Exposure controls

As the use of adequate technical equipment must always take priority over personal protective equipment, make sure that the workplace is well aired through effective local aspiration.

When choosing personal protective equipment, ask your chemical substance supplier for advice.

Personal protective equipment must be CE marked, showing that it complies with applicable standards.

Provide an emergency shower with face and eye wash station.

Exposure levels must be kept as low as possible to avoid significant build-up in the organism. Manage personal protective equipment so as to guarantee maximum protection (e.g. reduction in replacement times).

HAND PROTECTION

Protect hands with category III work gloves (see standard EN 374).

The following should be considered when choosing work glove material: compatibility, degradation, failure time and permeability.

The work gloves' resistance to chemical agents should be checked before use, as it can be unpredictable. The gloves' wear time depends on the duration and type of use.

SKIN PROTECTION

Wear category II professional long-sleeved overalls and safety footwear (see Regulation 2016/425 and standard EN ISO 20344). Wash body with soap and water after removing protective clothing.

Consider the appropriateness of providing antistatic clothing in the case of working environments in which there is a risk of explosion. EYE PROTECTION

Wear airtight protective goggles (see standard EN 166).

RESPIRATORY PROTECTION

If the threshold value (e.g. TLV-TWA) is exceeded for the substance or one of the substances present in the product, use a mask with a type A filter whose class (1, 2 or 3) must be chosen according to the limit of use concentration. (see standard EN 14387). In the presence of gases or vapours of various kinds and/or gases or vapours containing particulate (aerosol sprays, fumes, mists, etc.) combined filters are required. Respiratory protection devices must be used if the technical measures adopted are not suitable for restricting the worker's exposure to the threshold values considered. The protection provided by masks is in any case limited.

If the substance considered is odourless or its olfactory threshold is higher than the corresponding TLV-TWA and in the case of an emergency, wear open-circuit compressed air breathing apparatus (in compliance with standard EN 137) or external air-intake breathing apparatus (in compliance with standard EN 138). For a correct choice of respiratory protection device, see standard EN 529. ENVIRONMENTAL EXPOSURE CONTROLS

The emissions generated by manufacturing processes, including those generated by ventilation equipment, should be checked to ensure compliance with environmental standards.

### **SECTION 9.** Physical and chemical properties

9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties



Revision nr.6 Dated 07/07/2020 Printed on 24/07/2020 Page n. 7 / 12 Replaced revision:5 (Dated 24/06/2019)

Information

#### SECTION 9. Physical and chemical properties ..../>>

SE	ECTION 9. Physical and chemica
	Properties Appearance Colour Odour Odour threshold pH Melting point / freezing point Initial boiling point Boiling range Flash point Evaporation Rate Flammability of solids and gases Lower inflammability limit Upper inflammability limit Upper explosive limit Upper explosive limit Upper explosive limit Vapour pressure Vapour density Relative density Solubility Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water Auto-ignition temperature Decomposition temperature Viscosity Explosive properties
	Explosive properties Oxidising properties

<b>Value</b> liquid
yellowish
characteristic of solvent
Not available
23 ≤ T ≤ 60 °C
Not available
1,53-1,57
insoluble in water
Not available
Not available
Not available
90-100 KU
Not available
Not available

#### 9.2. Other information

Information not available

# **SECTION 10. Stability and reactivity**

#### 10.1. Reactivity

There are no particular risks of reaction with other substances in normal conditions of use.

#### 10.2. Chemical stability

The product is stable in normal conditions of use and storage.

#### 10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions

The vapours may also form explosive mixtures with the air.

#### 10.4. Conditions to avoid

Avoid overheating. Avoid bunching of electrostatic charges. Avoid all sources of ignition.

#### 10.5. Incompatible materials

Information not available

#### 10.6. Hazardous decomposition products

In the event of thermal decomposition or fire, gases and vapours that are potentially dangerous to health may be released.

### **SECTION 11. Toxicological information**

#### 11.1. Information on toxicological effects

Metabolism, toxicokinetics, mechanism of action and other information

Information not available

Information on likely routes of exposure

Information not available



Revision nr.6 Dated 07/07/2020 Printed on 24/07/2020 Page n. 8 / 12 Replaced revision:5 (Dated 24/06/2019)

#### SECTION 11. Toxicological information .../>>

Delayed and immediate effects as well as chronic effects from short and long-term exposure

Information not available

Interactive effects

Information not available

ACUTE TOXICITY

LC50 (Inhalation) of the mixture: LD50 (Oral) of the mixture: LD50 (Dermal) of the mixture: > 20 mg/lNot classified (no significant component)>2000 mg/kg

Reaction mass of ethylbenzene and m-xylene and p-xyleneLD50 (Oral)> 2000 mg/kg RatLC50 (Inhalation)> 10 mg/l/4h Rat

1-METHOXY-2-PROPANOL LD50 (Oral) LD50 (Dermal) LC50 (Inhalation)

XYLENE (MIXTURE OF ISOMERS) LD50 (Oral) LC50 (Inhalation)

> 2000 mg/kg Rat > 10 mg/l/4h Rat

> 2000 mg/kg Rat

> 5000 mg/kg Rabbit> 20 mg/l/4h Rat

Phenol, 4,4'-(1-methylethylidene)bis-, polymer with 2,2'-[(1-methylethylidene)bis(4,1-phenyleneoxymethylene)]bis[oxirane]LD50 (Oral)> 2000 mg/kgLD50 (Dermal)> 2000 mg/kg

#### SKIN CORROSION / IRRITATION

Causes skin irritation

**SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE / IRRITATION** 

Causes serious eye irritation

**RESPIRATORY OR SKIN SENSITISATION** 

Sensitising for the skin

**GERM CELL MUTAGENICITY** 

Does not meet the classification criteria for this hazard class

#### CARCINOGENICITY

Does not meet the classification criteria for this hazard class

#### **REPRODUCTIVE TOXICITY**

Does not meet the classification criteria for this hazard class

STOT - SINGLE EXPOSURE

May cause respiratory irritation

STOT - REPEATED EXPOSURE

May cause damage to organs

#### ASPIRATION HAZARD

Does not meet the classification criteria for this hazard class Viscosity: 90-100 KU



Revision nr.6 Dated 07/07/2020 Printed on 24/07/2020 Page n. 9 / 12 Replaced revision:5 (Dated 24/06/2019)

# **SECTION 12. Ecological information**

#### 12.1. Toxicity

Reaction mass of ethylbenzene and m-xylene and p LC50 - for Fish EC50 - for Crustacea EC50 - for Algae / Aquatic Plants Chronic NOEC for Fish Chronic NOEC for Crustacea	-xylene > 1 mg/l/96h > 1 mg/l/48h > 1 mg/l/72h > 1 mg/l based on test data > 0,1 mg/l
1-METHOXY-2-PROPANOL LC50 - for Fish EC50 - for Crustacea EC50 - for Algae / Aquatic Plants	> 100 mg/l/96h > 100 mg/l/48h > 100 mg/l/72h
XYLENE (MIXTURE OF ISOMERS) LC50 - for Fish EC50 - for Crustacea EC50 - for Algae / Aquatic Plants Chronic NOEC for Fish Chronic NOEC for Crustacea <b>12.2. Persistence and degradability</b>	<ul> <li>1 mg/l/96h</li> <li>1 mg/l/48h</li> <li>1 mg/l/72h</li> <li>1 mg/l based on test data</li> <li>0,1 mg/l</li> </ul>
	and an a
Reaction mass of ethylbenzene and m-xylene and p Rapidly degradable	-xyiene
1-METHOXY-2-PROPANOL Rapidly degradable	
XYLENE (MIXTURE OF ISOMERS) Rapidly degradable	
12.3. Bioaccumulative potential	
Reaction mass of ethylbenzene and m-xylene and p Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water	-xylene 3,12
1-METHOXY-2-PROPANOL Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water	> 0,37
XYLENE (MIXTURE OF ISOMERS) Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water	3,12
12.4. Mobility in soil	

Information not available

#### 12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

On the basis of available data, the product does not contain any PBT or vPvB in percentage greater than 0,1%.

#### 12.6. Other adverse effects

Information not available

### **SECTION 13. Disposal considerations**

#### 13.1. Waste treatment methods

Reuse, when possible. Product residues should be considered special hazardous waste. The hazard level of waste containing this product should be evaluated according to applicable regulations.



Revision nr.6 Dated 07/07/2020 Printed on 24/07/2020 Page n. 10 / 12 Replaced revision:5 (Dated 24/06/2019)

#### SECTION 13. Disposal considerations .../>

Disposal must be performed through an authorised waste management firm, in compliance with national and local regulations. Waste transportation may be subject to ADR restrictions.

CONTAMINATED PACKAGING

Contaminated packaging must be recovered or disposed of in compliance with national waste management regulations.

### **SECTION 14. Transport information**

#### 14.1. UN number

ADR / RID, IMDG, IATA: 1263

The product, if packaged in packages of less than 450 litres, is not subject to ADR regulations as stated in 2.2.3.1.5.

The product, if packaged in packages of less than 30 litres, is not subject to obligations relating to marking, labelling and package testing in accordance with 2.3.2.5 of the IMDG CODE.

#### 14.2. UN proper shipping name

ADR / RID:	PAINT or PAINT RELATED MATERIAL
IMDG:	PAINT or PAINT RELATED MATERIAL
IATA:	PAINT or PAINT RELATED MATERIAL

#### 14.3. Transport hazard class(es)

ADR / RID:	Class: 3	Label: 3	
IMDG:	Class: 3	Label: 3	
IATA:	Class: 3	Label: 3	

#### 14.4. Packing group

ADR / RID, IMDG, IATA: III

#### 14.5. Environmental hazards

ADR / RID:	NO
IMDG:	NO
IATA:	NO

#### 14.6. Special precautions for user

ADR / RID:	HIN - Kemler: 30	Limited Quantities: 5 L	Tunnel restriction code: (D/E)
	Special Provision: -		
IMDG:	EMS: F-E, <u>S-E</u>	Limited Quantities: 5 L	
IATA:	Cargo:	Maximum quantity: 220 L	Packaging instructions: 366
	Pass.:	Maximum quantity: 60 L	Packaging instructions: 355
	Special Instructions:	A3, A72, A192	

#### 14.7. Transport in bulk according to Annex II of Marpol and the IBC Code

Information not relevant

# **SECTION 15. Regulatory information**

#### 15.1. Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

Seveso Category - Directive 2012/18/EC:

P5c

Restrictions relating to the product or contained substances pursuant to Annex XVII to EC Regulation 1907/2006 Product



Revision nr.6 Dated 07/07/2020 Printed on 24/07/2020 Page n. 11/12 Replaced revision:5 (Dated 24/06/2019)

### SECTION 15. Regulatory information ... / >

Point

3 - 40

<u>Substances in Candidate List (Art. 59 REACH)</u> On the basis of available data, the product does not contain any SVHC in percentage greater than 0,1%.

Substances subject to authorisation (Annex XIV REACH) None

Substances subject to exportation reporting pursuant to (EC) Reg. 649/2012:

None

<u>Substances subject to the Rotterdam Convention:</u> None

<u>Substances subject to the Stockholm Convention:</u> None

#### Healthcare controls

Workers exposed to this chemical agent must not undergo health checks, provided that available risk-assessment data prove that the risks related to the workers' health and safety are modest and that the 98/24/EC directive is respected.

VOC (Directive 2004/42/EC) : Two-pack performance coatings.

#### 15.2. Chemical safety assessment

A chemical safety assessment has not been performed for the preparation/for the substances indicated in section 3.

# **SECTION 16. Other information**

Text of hazard (H) indications mentioned in section 2-3 of the sheet:

Flam. Acute Asp. T STOT Eye Irr Skin S TOT Skin S Aquati H226 H312 H304 H312 H304 H373 H319 H315 H335 H317 H336 H412 EUH20	Tox. 4 fox. 1 RE 2 rit. 2 SE 3 sens. 1 to Chronic 3	<ul> <li>Flammable liquid, category 3</li> <li>Acute toxicity, category 4</li> <li>Aspiration hazard, category 1</li> <li>Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure, category 2</li> <li>Eye irritation, category 2</li> <li>Skin irritation, category 2</li> <li>Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure, category 3</li> <li>Skin sensitization, category 1</li> <li>Hazardous to the aquatic environment, chronic toxicity, category 3</li> <li>Flammable liquid and vapour.</li> <li>Harmful in contact with skin.</li> <li>Harmful if inhaled.</li> <li>May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.</li> <li>May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.</li> <li>Causes skin irritation.</li> <li>May cause respiratory irritation.</li> <li>May cause drowsiness or dizziness.</li> <li>Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.</li> <li>Contains epoxy constituents. May produce an allergic reaction.</li> </ul>
	-	- , , , , , , , , ,

LEGEND:

- ADR: European Agreement concerning the carriage of Dangerous goods by Road
- CAS NUMBER: Chemical Abstract Service Number
- CE50: Effective concentration (required to induce a 50% effect)
- CE NUMBER: Identifier in ESIS (European archive of existing substances)
- CLP: EC Regulation 1272/2008
- DNEL: Derived No Effect Level
- EmS: Emergency Schedule
- GHS: Globally Harmonized System of classification and labeling of chemicals
- IATA DGR: International Air Transport Association Dangerous Goods Regulation
- IC50: Immobilization Concentration 50%
- IMDG: International Maritime Code for dangerous goods
- IMO: International Maritime Organization
- INDEX NUMBER: Identifier in Annex VI of CLP



Revision nr.6 Dated 07/07/2020 Printed on 24/07/2020 Page n. 12 / 12 Replaced revision:5 (Dated 24/06/2019)

#### SECTION 16. Other information ... / >>

- LC50: Lethal Concentration 50%- LD50: Lethal dose 50%
- OEL: Occupational Exposure Level
- PBT: Persistent bioaccumulative and toxic as REACH Regulation
- PEC: Predicted environmental Concentration
- PEL: Predicted exposure level
- PNEC: Predicted no effect concentration
- REACH: EC Regulation 1907/2006
- RID: Regulation concerning the international transport of dangerous goods by train
- TLV: Threshold Limit Value
- TLV CEILING: Concentration that should not be exceeded during any time of occupational exposure.
- TWA STEL: Short-term exposure limit
- TWA: Time-weighted average exposure limit
- VOC: Volatile organic Compounds
- vPvB: Very Persistent and very Bioaccumulative as for REACH Regulation
- WGK: Water hazard classes (German).

#### GENERAL BIBLIOGRAPHY

- 1. Regulation (EC) 1907/2006 (REACH) of the European Parliament
- 2. Regulation (EC) 1272/2008 (CLP) of the European Parliament
- 3. Regulation (EU) 790/2009 (I Atp. CLP) of the European Parliament
- 4. Regulation (EU) 2015/830 of the European Parliament
- 5. Regulation (EU) 286/2011 (II Atp. CLP) of the European Parliament
- 6. Regulation (EU) 618/2012 (III Atp. CLP) of the European Parliament
- 7. Regulation (EU) 487/2013 (IV Atp. CLP) of the European Parliament
- 8. Regulation (EU) 944/2013 (V Atp. CLP) of the European Parliament
- 9. Regulation (EU) 605/2014 (VI Atp. CLP) of the European Parliament
- 10. Regulation (EU) 2015/1221 (VII Atp. CLP) of the European Parliament
- 11. Regulation (EU) 2016/918 (VIII Atp. CLP) of the European Parliament
- 12. Regulation (EU) 2016/1179 (IX Atp. CLP)
- 13. Regulation (EU) 2017/776 (X Atp. CLP)
- 14. Regulation (EU) 2018/669 (XI Atp. CLP)
- 15. Regulation (EU) 2018/1480 (XIII Atp. CLP)
- 16. Regulation (EU) 2019/521 (XII Atp. CLP)
- The Merck Index. 10th Edition
- Handling Chemical Safety
- INRS Fiche Toxicologique (toxicological sheet)
- Patty Industrial Hygiene and Toxicology
- N.I. Sax Dangerous properties of Industrial Materials-7, 1989 Edition
- IFA GESTIS website
- ECHA website
- Database of SDS models for chemicals Ministry of Health and ISS (Istituto Superiore di Sanità) Italy

#### Note for users:

The information contained in the present sheet are based on our own knowledge on the date of the last version. Users must verify the suitability and thoroughness of provided information according to each specific use of the product.

This document must not be regarded as a guarantee on any specific product property.

The use of this product is not subject to our direct control; therefore, users must, under their own responsibility, comply with the current health and safety laws and regulations. The producer is relieved from any liability arising from improper uses. Provide appointed staff with adequate training on how to use chemical products.

Product's classification is based on the calculation methods set out in Annex I of the CLP Regulation, unless otherwise indicated in sections 11 and 12.

The data for evaluation of chemical-physical properties are reported in section 9.

Changes to previous review: The following sections were modified: 02 / 03.