

## SECTION 1: IDENTIFICATION OF THE SUBSTANCE/MIXTURE AND OF THE COMPANY/UNDERTAKING

1.1 Product identifier: TOPCOAT (GELCOAT)

#### 1.2 Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against:

Relevant uses: Products for ships, boats, ... (construction, repair, ...)

Uses advised against: All uses not specified in this section or in section 7.3

# 1.3 Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet:

NEOTEX S.A.

V. MOIRA STR., INDUSTRIAL AREA MANDRA

GR 19600 ATHENS - GREECE

Phone.: +302105557579 - Fax: +302105558482

support@neotex.gr www.neotex.eu

**1.4 Emergency telephone number:** Poison center +302107743777

### SECTION 2: HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION \*\*

#### 2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture:

### CLP Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008:

Classification of this product has been carried out in accordance with CLP Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008.

Aquatic Chronic 3: Hazardous to the aquatic environment, long-term hazard, Category 3, H412

Eye Irrit. 2: Eye irritation, Category 2, H319 Flam. Liq. 3: Flammable liquids, Category 3, H226 Repr. 2: Reproductive toxicity, Category 2, H361d Skin Irrit. 2: Skin irritation, Category 2, H315 Skin Sens. 1A: Sensitisation, skin, Category 1A, H317

STOT RE 1: Specific target organ toxicity by inhalation, repeated exposure, Category 1, H372

STOT SE 3: Respiratory tract toxicity, single exposure, Category 3, H335

#### 2.2 Label elements:

### CLP Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008:

#### Danger







#### **Hazard statements:**

Aquatic Chronic 3: H412 - Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects

Eye Irrit. 2: H319 - Causes serious eye irritation Flam. Liq. 3: H226 - Flammable liquid and vapour

Repr. 2: H361d - Suspected of damaging the unborn child.

Skin Irrit. 2: H315 - Causes skin irritation

Skin Sens. 1A: H317 - May cause an allergic skin reaction

STOT RE 1: H372 - Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure (Inhalation)

STOT SE 3: H335 - May cause respiratory irritation

# **Precautionary statements:**

P210: Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking

P243: Take action to prevent static discharges

P260: Do not breathe dust/fume/gas/mist/vapours/spray

P273: Avoid release to the environment

P280: Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection

P302+P352: IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of water

P304+P340: IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing

P305+P351+P338: IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing

P403+P233: Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed

### Substances that contribute to the classification

styrene; Methyl methacrylate; Cobalt bis(2-ethylhexanoate)

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<sup>\*\*</sup> Changes with regards to the previous version

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# **TOPCOAT (GELCOAT)**



# SECTION 2: HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION \*\* (continued)

#### 2.3 Other hazards:

Product fails to meet PBT/vPvB criteria

# SECTION 3: COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS \*\*

#### 3.1 Substance:

Non-applicable

#### 3.2 Mixture:

Chemical description: Mixture of organic and inorganic substances

**Components:** 

In accordance with Annex II of Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 (point 3), the product contains:

	Identification		Chemical name/Classification	Concentration
CAS:	100-42-5	styrene <sup>(1)</sup>	Self-classified	
EC: Index: REACH:	202-851-5 601-026-00-0 01-2119457861-32- XXXX	Regulation 1272/2008	Acute Tox. 4: H332; Aquatic Chronic 3: H412; Asp. Tox. 1: H304; Eye Irrit. 2: H319; Flam. Liq. 3: H226; Repr. 2: H361d; Skin Irrit. 2: H315; STOT RE 1: H372; STOT SE 3: H335 - Danger	25 - <50 %
CAS:	80-62-6	Methyl methacrylate	ATP CLP00	
EC: Index: REACH:	201-297-1 607-035-00-6 01-2119452498-28- XXXX	Regulation 1272/2008	Flam. Liq. 2: H225; Skin Irrit. 2: H315; Skin Sens. 1: H317; STOT SE 3: H335 - Danger	2,5 - <10 %
CAS:	34590-94-8	Dipropylene Glycol M	lethyl Ether <sup>(2)</sup> Not classified	
EC: Index: REACH:	252-104-2 Non-applicable 01-2119450011-60- XXXX	Regulation 1272/2008		<1 %
CAS:	136-52-7	Cobalt bis(2-ethylhe	xanoate) <sup>(1)</sup> Self-classified	
Index:	EC: 205-250-6 Index: Non-applicable REACH: 01-2119524678-29- XXXX	Regulation 1272/2008	Aquatic Acute 1: H400; Aquatic Chronic 3: H412; Eye Irrit. 2: H319; Repr. 1B: H360; Skin Sens. 1A: H317 - Danger	<1 %

<sup>(1)</sup> Substances presenting a health or environmental hazard which meet criteria laid down in Regulation (EU) No. 2015/830

To obtain more information on the hazards of the substances consult sections 11, 12 and 16.

# **SECTION 4: FIRST AID MEASURES**

## 4.1 Description of first aid measures:

The symptoms resulting from intoxication can appear after exposure, therefore, in case of doubt, seek medical attention for direct exposure to the chemical product or persistent discomfort, showing the SDS of this product.

## By inhalation:

Remove the person affected from the area of exposure, provide with fresh air and keep at rest. In serious cases such as cardiorespiratory failure, artificial resuscitation techniques will be necessary (mouth to mouth resuscitation, cardiac massage, oxygen supply, etc.) requiring immediate medical assistance.

#### By skin contact:

Remove contaminated clothing and footwear, rinse skin or shower the person affected if appropriate with plenty of cold water and neutral soap. In serious cases see a doctor. If the product causes burns or freezing, clothing should not be removed as this could worsen the injury caused if it is stuck to the skin. If blisters form on the skin, these should never be burst as this will increase the risk of infection.

### By eye contact:

Rinse eyes thoroughly with lukewarm water for at least 15 minutes. Do not allow the person affected to rub or close their eyes. If the injured person uses contact lenses, these should be removed unless they are stuck to the eyes, in which case this could cause further damage. In all cases, after cleaning, a doctor should be consulted as quickly as possible with the SDS of the product.

#### By ingestion/aspiration:

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<sup>\*\*</sup> Changes with regards to the previous version

<sup>(2)</sup> Substance with a Union workplace exposure limit

<sup>\*\*</sup> Changes with regards to the previous version

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## SECTION 4: FIRST AID MEASURES (continued)

Do not induce vomiting, but if it does happen keep the head down to avoid aspiration. Keep the person affected at rest. Rinse out the mouth and throat, as they may have been affected during ingestion.

#### 4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed:

Acute and delayed effects are indicated in sections 2 and 11.

#### 4.3 Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed:

Non-applicable

## **SECTION 5: FIREFIGHTING MEASURES**

#### 5.1 Extinguishing media:

If possible use polyvalent powder fire extinguishers (ABC powder), alternatively use foam or carbon dioxide extinguishers (CO<sub>2</sub>). IT IS RECOMMENDED NOT to use full jet water as an extinguishing agent.

### 5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture:

As a result of combustion or thermal decomposition reactive sub-products are created that can become highly toxic and, consequently, can present a serious health risk.

### 5.3 Advice for firefighters:

Depending on the magnitude of the fire it may be necessary to use full protective clothing and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA). Minimum emergency facilities and equipment should be available (fire blankets, portable first aid kit,...) in accordance with Directive 89/654/EC.

#### **Additional provisions:**

Act in accordance with the Internal Emergency Plan and the Information Sheets on actions to take after an accident or other emergencies. Eliminate all sources of ignition. In case of fire, cool the storage containers and tanks for products susceptible to combustion, explosion or BLEVE as a result of high temperatures. Avoid spillage of the products used to extinguish the fire into an aqueous medium.

# SECTION 6: ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

## 6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures:

Isolate leaks provided that there is no additional risk for the people performing this task. Evacuate the area and keep out those without protection. Personal protection equipment must be used against potential contact with the spilt product (See section 8). Above all prevent the formation of any vapour-air flammable mixtures, through either ventilation or the use of an inert medium. Destroy any source of ignition. Eliminate electrostatic charges by interconnecting all the conductive surfaces on which static electricity could form, and also ensuring that all surfaces are connected to the ground.

## 6.2 Environmental precautions:

Avoid at all cost any type of spillage into an aqueous medium. Contain the product absorbed appropriately in hermetically sealed containers. Notify the relevant authority in case of exposure to the general public or the environment.

### 6.3 Methods and material for containment and cleaning up:

It is recommended:

Absorb the spillage using sand or inert absorbent and move it to a safe place. Do not absorb in sawdust or other combustible absorbents. For any concern related to disposal consult section 13.

#### 6.4 Reference to other sections:

See sections 8 and 13.

# SECTION 7: HANDLING AND STORAGE

## 7.1 Precautions for safe handling:

A.- Precautions for safe manipulation

Comply with the current legislation concerning the prevention of industrial risks. Keep containers hermetically sealed. Control spills and residues, destroying them with safe methods (section 6). Avoid leakages from the container. Maintain order and cleanliness where dangerous products are used.

B.- Technical recommendations for the prevention of fires and explosions

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### SECTION 7: HANDLING AND STORAGE (continued)

Transfer in well ventilated areas, preferably through localized extraction. Fully control sources of ignition (mobile phones, sparks,...) and ventilate during cleaning operations. Avoid the existence of dangerous atmospheres inside containers, applying inertization systems where possible. Transfer at a slow speed to avoid the creation of electrostatic charges. Against the possibility of electrostatic charges: ensure a perfect equipotential connection, always use groundings, do not wear work clothes made of acrylic fibres, preferably wearing cotton clothing and conductive footwear. Comply with the essential security requirements for equipment and systems defined in Directive 2014/34/EC (ATEX 100) and with the minimum requirements for protecting the security and health of workers under the selection criteria of Directive 1999/92/EC (ATEX 137). Consult section 10 for conditions and materials that should be avoided.

C.- Technical recommendations to prevent ergonomic and toxicological risks

PREGNANT WOMEN SHOULD NOT BE EXPOSED TO THIS PRODUCT. Transfer in designated areas that comply with the necessary safety conditions (emergency showers and eyewash stations in close proximity), using personal protection equipment, especially on the hands and face (See section 8). Limit manual transfers to small amounts only. Do not eat or drink during the process, washing hands afterwards with suitable cleaning products.

D.- Technical recommendations to prevent environmental risks

Due to the danger of this product for the environment it is recommended to use it within an area containing contamination control barriers in case of spillage, as well as having absorbent material in close proximity.

### 7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities:

A.- Technical measures for storage

Minimum Temp.: 5 °C

Maximum Temp.: 30 °C

Maximum time: 12 Months

B.- General conditions for storage

Avoid sources of heat, radiation, static electricity and contact with food. For additional information see subsection 10.5

### 7.3 Specific end use(s):

Except for the instructions already specified it is not necessary to provide any special recommendation regarding the uses of this product.

# SECTION 8: EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

### 8.1 Control parameters:

Substances whose occupational exposure limits have to be monitored in the workplace (European OEL, not country-specific legislation):

Identification	Occup	Occupational exposure limits		
Methyl methacrylate	IOELV (8h)	50 ppm		
CAS: 80-62-6 EC: 201-297-1	IOELV (STEL)	100 ppm		
Dipropylene Glycol Methyl Ether	IOELV (8h)	50 ppm	308 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	
CAS: 34590-94-8	IOELV (STEL)			

### **DNEL (Workers):**

		Short e	xposure	Long exposure	
Identification		Systemic	Local	Systemic	Local
styrene	Oral	Non-applicable	Non-applicable	Non-applicable	Non-applicable
CAS: 100-42-5	Dermal	Non-applicable	Non-applicable	406 mg/kg	Non-applicable
EC: 202-851-5	Inhalation	289 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	306 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	85 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	Non-applicable
Methyl methacrylate	Oral	Non-applicable	Non-applicable	Non-applicable	Non-applicable
CAS: 80-62-6	Dermal	Non-applicable	Non-applicable	13,67 mg/kg	Non-applicable
EC: 201-297-1	Inhalation	Non-applicable	Non-applicable	208 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	208 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
Dipropylene Glycol Methyl Ether	Oral	Non-applicable	Non-applicable	Non-applicable	Non-applicable
CAS: 34590-94-8	Dermal	Non-applicable	Non-applicable	283 mg/kg	Non-applicable
EC: 252-104-2	Inhalation	Non-applicable	Non-applicable	308 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	Non-applicable
Cobalt bis(2-ethylhexanoate)	Oral	Non-applicable	Non-applicable	Non-applicable	Non-applicable
CAS: 136-52-7	Dermal	Non-applicable	Non-applicable	Non-applicable	Non-applicable
EC: 205-250-6	Inhalation	Non-applicable	Non-applicable	Non-applicable	0,2351 mg/m <sup>3</sup>

**DNEL (General population):** 

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# SECTION 8: EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION (continued)

		Short	exposure Long exposure		exposure
Identification		Systemic	Local	Systemic	Local
styrene	Oral	Non-applicable	Non-applicable	2,1 mg/kg	Non-applicable
CAS: 100-42-5	Dermal	Non-applicable	Non-applicable	343 mg/kg	Non-applicable
EC: 202-851-5	Inhalation	174,25 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	182,75 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	10,2 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	Non-applicable
Methyl methacrylate	Oral	Non-applicable	Non-applicable	Non-applicable	Non-applicable
CAS: 80-62-6	Dermal	Non-applicable	Non-applicable	8,2 mg/kg	Non-applicable
EC: 201-297-1	Inhalation	Non-applicable	Non-applicable	74,3 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	104 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
Dipropylene Glycol Methyl Ether	Oral	Non-applicable	Non-applicable	36 mg/kg	Non-applicable
CAS: 34590-94-8	Dermal	Non-applicable	Non-applicable	121 mg/kg	Non-applicable
EC: 252-104-2	Inhalation	Non-applicable	Non-applicable	37,2 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	Non-applicable
Cobalt bis(2-ethylhexanoate)	Oral	Non-applicable	Non-applicable	0,175 mg/kg	Non-applicable
CAS: 136-52-7	Dermal	Non-applicable	Non-applicable	Non-applicable	Non-applicable
EC: 205-250-6	Inhalation	Non-applicable	Non-applicable	Non-applicable	0,037 mg/m <sup>3</sup>

#### PNEC:

Identification				
styrene	STP	5 mg/L	Fresh water	0,028 mg/L
CAS: 100-42-5	Soil	0,2 mg/kg	Marine water	0,014 mg/L
EC: 202-851-5	Intermittent	0,04 mg/L	Sediment (Fresh water)	0,614 mg/kg
	Oral	Non-applicable	Sediment (Marine water)	0,307 mg/kg
Methyl methacrylate	STP	10 mg/L	Fresh water	0,94 mg/L
CAS: 80-62-6	Soil	1,47 mg/kg	Marine water	0,94 mg/L
EC: 201-297-1	Intermittent	0,94 mg/L	Sediment (Fresh water)	5,74 mg/kg
	Oral	Non-applicable	Sediment (Marine water)	Non-applicable
Dipropylene Glycol Methyl Ether	STP	4168 mg/L	Fresh water	19 mg/L
CAS: 34590-94-8	Soil	2,74 mg/kg	Marine water	1,9 mg/L
EC: 252-104-2	Intermittent	190 mg/L	Sediment (Fresh water)	70,2 mg/kg
	Oral	Non-applicable	Sediment (Marine water)	7,02 mg/kg
Cobalt bis(2-ethylhexanoate)	STP	0,37 mg/L	Fresh water	0,00062 mg/L
CAS: 136-52-7	Soil	10,9 mg/kg	Marine water	0,00236 mg/L
EC: 205-250-6	Intermittent	Non-applicable	Sediment (Fresh water)	53,8 mg/kg
	Oral	Non-applicable	Sediment (Marine water)	69,8 mg/kg

### 8.2 Exposure controls:

A.- General security and hygiene measures in the work place

In accordance with the order of importance to control professional exposure (Directive 98/24/EC) it is recommended to use localized extraction in the work area as a collective protection measure to avoid exceeding the occupational exposure limits. In case of using personal protective equipment it should have CE marking in accordance with Directive 2016/425/EC. For more information on Personal Protective Equipment (storage, use, cleaning, maintenance, class of protection,...) consult the information leaflet provided by the manufacturer. For additional information see subsection 7.1.

All information contained herein is a recommendation which needs some specification from the labour risk prevention services as it is not known whether the company has additional measures at its disposal.

B.- Respiratory protection

Pictogram	PPE	Labelling	CEN Standard	Remarks
Mandatory respiratory tract protection	Filter mask for gases and vapours	CAT III	EN 405:2001+A1:2009	Replace when there is a taste or smell of the contaminant inside the face mask. If the contaminant comes with warnings it is recommended to use isolation equipment.

C.- Specific protection for the hands

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# SECTION 8: EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION (continued)

Pictogram	PPE	Labelling	CEN Standard	Remarks
Mandatory hand protection	NON-disposable chemical protective gloves	CAT III	EN ISO 374-1:2016 EN 16523-1:2015 EN 420:2003+A1:2009	The Breakthrough Time indicated by the manufacturer must exceed the period during which the product is being used. Do not use protective creams after the product has come into contact with skin.

<sup>&</sup>quot;As the product is a mixture of several substances, the resistance of the glove material can not be predicted in advance with total reliability and has therefore to be checked prior to the application"

### D.- Ocular and facial protection

Pictogram	PPE	Labelling	CEN Standard	Remarks
Mandatory face protection	Face shield	CATII	EN 166:2001 EN 167:2001 EN 168:2001 EN ISO 4007:2018	Clean daily and disinfect periodically according to the manufacturer's instructions. Use if there is a risk of splashing.

# E.- Body protection

Pictogram	PPE	Labelling	CEN Standard	Remarks
Mandatory complete body protection	Disposable clothing for protection against chemical risks, with antistatic and fireproof properties	CAT III	EN 1149-1,2,3 EN 13034:2005+A1:2009 EN ISO 13982- 1:2004/A1:2010 EN ISO 6529:2013 EN ISO 6530:2005 EN ISO 13688:2013 EN 464:1994	For professional use only. Clean periodically according to the manufacturer's instructions.
Mandatory foot protection	Safety footwear for protection against chemical risk, with antistatic and heat resistant properties	CAT III	EN ISO 13287:2012 EN ISO 20345:2011 EN 13832-1:2019	Replace boots at any sign of deterioration.

## F.- Additional emergency measures

Emergency measure	Standards	Emergency measure	Standards
<b>-3</b>	ANSI Z358-1 ISO 3864-1:2011, ISO 3864-4:2011	<b>⊣</b> (♦)	DIN 12 899 ISO 3864-1:2011, ISO 3864-4:2011
Emergency shower		Eyewash stations	

## **Environmental exposure controls:**

In accordance with the community legislation for the protection of the environment it is recommended to avoid environmental spillage of both the product and its container. For additional information see subsection 7.1.D

## Volatile organic compounds:

With regard to Directive 2010/75/EU, this product has the following characteristics:

V.O.C. (Supply): 38,9 % weight

V.O.C. density at 20 °C: 491,99 kg/m³ (491,99 g/L)

Average carbon number: 7,57

Average molecular weight: 104,07 g/mol

# SECTION 9: PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

## 9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties:

For complete information see the product datasheet.

Appearance:

Physical state at 20 °C: Liquid

Appearance: Not available

Colour: Not available

\*Not relevant due to the nature of the product, not providing information property of its hazards.

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# SECTION 9: PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES (continued)

Odour: Not available
Odour threshold: Non-applicable \*

Volatility:

Boiling point at atmospheric pressure: 58 °C Vapour pressure at 20 °C: 1066 Pa

Vapour pressure at 50 °C: 5163,51 Pa (5,16 kPa)
Evaporation rate at 20 °C: Non-applicable \*

**Product description:** 

Density at 20 °C: 1264,7 kg/m<sup>3</sup> Relative density at 20 °C: 1,265 >20000 cP Dynamic viscosity at 20 °C: Kinematic viscosity at 20 °C: Non-applicable \* Kinematic viscosity at 40 °C: Non-applicable \* Concentration: Non-applicable \* pH: Non-applicable \* Vapour density at 20 °C: Non-applicable \* Partition coefficient n-octanol/water 20 °C: Non-applicable \* Non-applicable \*

Solubility in water at 20 °C:

Solubility properties:

Non-applicable \*

Oxidising properties:

Non-applicable \*

Non-applicable \*

Flammability:

Flash Point: 23 °C

Flammability (solid, gas): Non-applicable \*

Autoignition temperature: 270 °C

Lower flammability limit: Not available

Upper flammability limit: Not available

**Explosive:** 

Lower explosive limit: Non-applicable \*
Upper explosive limit: Non-applicable \*

9.2 Other information:

Surface tension at 20 °C:

Refraction index:

Non-applicable \*

Non-applicable \*

Non-applicable \*

# SECTION 10: STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

### 10.1 Reactivity:

No hazardous reactions are expected because the product is stable under recommended storage conditions. See section 7.

### 10.2 Chemical stability:

Chemically stable under the conditions of storage, handling and use.

## 10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions:

Under the specified conditions, hazardous reactions that lead to excessive temperatures or pressure are not expected.

### 10.4 Conditions to avoid:

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## SECTION 10: STABILITY AND REACTIVITY (continued)

Applicable for handling and storage at room temperature:

Shock and friction	Contact with air	Increase in temperature	Sunlight	Humidity
Not applicable	Not applicable	Risk of combustion	Avoid direct impact	Not applicable

### 10.5 Incompatible materials:

Acids	Water	Oxidising materials	Combustible materials	Others
Avoid strong acids	Not applicable	Avoid direct impact	Not applicable	Avoid alkalis or strong bases

# 10.6 Hazardous decomposition products:

See subsection 10.3, 10.4 and 10.5 to find out the specific decomposition products. Depending on the decomposition conditions, complex mixtures of chemical substances can be released: carbon dioxide (CO2), carbon monoxide and other organic compounds.

### SECTION 11: TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION \*\*

#### 11.1 Information on toxicological effects:

The experimental information related to the toxicological properties of the product itself is not available

Contains glycols. It is recommended not to breathe the vapours for prolonged periods of time due to the possibility of effects that are hazardous to the health .

### **Dangerous health implications:**

In case of exposure that is repetitive, prolonged or at concentrations higher than the recommended occupational exposure limits, adverse effects on health may result, depending on the means of exposure:

- A- Ingestion (acute effect):
  - Acute toxicity: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met, as it does not contain substances classified as dangerous for consumption. For more information see section 3.
  - Corrosivity/Irritability: The consumption of a considerable dose can cause irritation in the throat, abdominal pain, nausea and vomiting.
- B- Inhalation (acute effect):
  - Acute toxicity: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met. However, it contains substances classified as dangerous for inhalation. For more information see section 3.
  - Corrosivity/Irritability: Causes irritation in respiratory passages, which is normally reversible and limited to the upper respiratory passages.
- C- Contact with the skin and the eyes (acute effect):
  - Contact with the skin: Produces skin inflammation.
  - Contact with the eyes: Produces eye damage after contact.
- D- CMR effects (carcinogenicity, mutagenicity and toxicity to reproduction):
  - Carcinogenicity: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met, as it does not contain substances classified as dangerous for the effects mentioned. For more information see section 3.
  - IARC: Titanium dioxide (aerodynamic diameter ≥ 10 µm) (2B); Talc (3); Glass, oxide, chemicals (1); Methyl methacrylate (3); Cobalt bis(2-ethylhexanoate) (2B); styrene (2A)
  - Mutagenicity: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met, as it does not contain substances classified as dangerous for this effect. For more information see section 3.
  - Reproductive toxicity: Suspected of damaging the unborn child.
- E- Sensitizing effects:
  - Respiratory: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met, as it does not contain substances classified as dangerous with sensitising effects. For more information see section 3.
  - Cutaneous: Prolonged contact with the skin can result in episodes of allergic contact dermatitis.
- F- Specific target organ toxicity (STOT) single exposure:

Causes irritation in respiratory passages, which is normally reversible and limited to the upper respiratory passages.

- G- Specific target organ toxicity (STOT)-repeated exposure:
  - Specific target organ toxicity (STOT)-repeated exposure: Serious health effects in the case of prolonged inhalation, including death, serious functional disorders or morphological changes of toxicological importance.
  - Skin: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met, as it does not contain substances classified as dangerous for this effect. For more information see section 3.

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# SECTION 11: TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION \*\* (continued)

### H- Aspiration hazard:

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met. However, it does contain substances classified as dangerous for this effect. For more information see section 3.

## Other information:

Non-applicable

## Specific toxicology information on the substances:

Identification	Ac	Acute toxicity	
Methyl methacrylate	LD50 oral	>2000 mg/kg	
CAS: 80-62-6	LD50 dermal	>2000 mg/kg	
EC: 201-297-1	LC50 inhalation	>20 mg/L (4 h)	
styrene	LD50 oral	>2000 mg/kg	
CAS: 100-42-5	LD50 dermal	>2000 mg/kg	
EC: 202-851-5	LC50 inhalation	11,8 mg/L (4 h)	Rat
Dipropylene Glycol Methyl Ether	LD50 oral	>2000 mg/kg	
CAS: 34590-94-8	LD50 dermal	>2000 mg/kg	
EC: 252-104-2	LC50 inhalation	>20 mg/L	
Cobalt bis(2-ethylhexanoate)	LD50 oral	>2000 mg/kg	
CAS: 136-52-7	LD50 dermal	>2000 mg/kg	
EC: 205-250-6	LC50 inhalation	>5 mg/L	

<sup>\*\*</sup> Changes with regards to the previous version

# SECTION 12: ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION \*\*

The experimental information related to the eco-toxicological properties of the product itself is not available

### 12.1 Toxicity:

Identification	Acute toxicity		Species	Genus
styrene	LC50	64.7 mg/L (96 h)	Carassius auratus	Fish
CAS: 100-42-5	EC50	4.7 mg/L (48 h)	Daphnia magna	Crustacean
EC: 202-851-5	EC50	67 mg/L (192 h)	Microcystis aeruginosa	Algae
Methyl methacrylate	LC50	191 mg/L (96 h)	Lepomis macrochirus	Fish
CAS: 80-62-6	EC50	69 mg/L (48 h)	Daphnia magna	Crustacean
EC: 201-297-1	EC50	170 mg/L (96 h)	Selenastrum capricornutum	Algae
Dipropylene Glycol Methyl Ether	LC50	10000 mg/L (96 h)	Pimephales promelas	Fish
CAS: 34590-94-8	EC50	1919 mg/L (48 h)	Daphnia magna	Crustacean
EC: 252-104-2	EC50	Non-applicable		
Cobalt bis(2-ethylhexanoate)	LC50	0.1 - 1 mg/L (96 h)		Fish
CAS: 136-52-7	EC50	0.1 - 1 mg/L		Crustacean
EC: 205-250-6	EC50	0.1 - 1 mg/L		Algae

### 12.2 Persistence and degradability:

Identification	Degradability		Biodegradability	
styrene	BOD5	1.96 g O2/g	Concentration	100 mg/L
CAS: 100-42-5	COD	2.8 g O2/g	Period	14 days
EC: 202-851-5	BOD5/COD	0.7	% Biodegradable	100 %
Methyl methacrylate	BOD5	Non-applicable	Concentration	100 mg/L
CAS: 80-62-6	COD	Non-applicable	Period	14 days
EC: 201-297-1	BOD5/COD	Non-applicable	% Biodegradable	94,3 %
Dipropylene Glycol Methyl Ether	BOD5	Non-applicable	Concentration	Non-applicable
CAS: 34590-94-8	COD	0.00202 g O2/g	Period	28 days
EC: 252-104-2	BOD5/COD	Non-applicable	% Biodegradable	73 %

### 12.3 Bioaccumulative potential:

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# **TOPCOAT (GELCOAT)**



# SECTION 12: ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION \*\* (continued)

Identification	Bioaccumulation potential		
styrene	BCF	14	
CAS: 100-42-5	Pow Log	2.95	
EC: 202-851-5	Potential	Low	
Methyl methacrylate	BCF	7	
CAS: 80-62-6	Pow Log	1.38	
EC: 201-297-1	Potential	Low	
Dipropylene Glycol Methyl Ether	BCF	1	
CAS: 34590-94-8	Pow Log	-0.06	
EC: 252-104-2	Potential	Low	

#### 12.4 Mobility in soil:

Identification	Absorption/desorption		Volatility	
styrene	Koc	Non-applicable	Henry	Non-applicable
CAS: 100-42-5	Conclusion	Non-applicable	Dry soil	Non-applicable
EC: 202-851-5	Surface tension	3,21E-2 N/m (25 °C)	Moist soil	Non-applicable
Methyl methacrylate	Koc	Non-applicable	Henry	Non-applicable
CAS: 80-62-6	Conclusion	Non-applicable	Dry soil	Non-applicable
EC: 201-297-1	Surface tension	2,551E-2 N/m (25 °C)	Moist soil	Non-applicable

#### 12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB assessment:

Product fails to meet PBT/vPvB criteria

#### 12.6 Other adverse effects:

Not described

## SECTION 13: DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

### 13.1 Waste treatment methods:

Code	Description	Waste class (Regulation (EU) No 1357/2014)
	It is not possible to assign a specific code, as it depends on the intended use by the user	Dangerous

# Type of waste (Regulation (EU) No 1357/2014):

HP14 Ecotoxic, HP3 Flammable, HP5 Specific Target Organ Toxicity (STOT)/Aspiration Toxicity, HP6 Acute Toxicity, HP10 Toxic for reproduction, HP4 Irritant — skin irritation and eye damage

# Waste management (disposal and evaluation):

Consult the authorized waste service manager on the assessment and disposal operations in accordance with Annex 1 and Annex 2 (Directive 2008/98/EC). As under 15 01 (2014/955/EC) of the code and in case the container has been in direct contact with the product, it will be processed the same way as the actual product. Otherwise, it will be processed as non-dangerous residue. We do not recommended disposal down the drain. See paragraph 6.2.

# Regulations related to waste management:

In accordance with Annex II of Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 (REACH) the community or state provisions related to waste management are stated

Community legislation: Directive 2008/98/EC, 2014/955/EU, Regulation (EU) No 1357/2014

## **SECTION 14: TRANSPORT INFORMATION**

### Transport of dangerous goods by land:

With regard to ADR 2019 and RID 2019:

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# **TOPCOAT (GELCOAT)**



## SECTION 14: TRANSPORT INFORMATION (continued)



**14.1 UN number:** UN1993

**14.2 UN proper shipping name:** FLAMMABLE LIQUID, N.O.S. (styrene)

**14.3 Transport hazard class(es):** 3 Labels: 3

14.4 Packing group: III
14.5 Environmental hazards: No

14.6 Special precautions for user

Special regulations: 274, 601
Tunnel restriction code: D/E
Physics Chemical proporties: see section

Physico-Chemical properties: see section 9

Limited quantities: 5 L

14.7 Transport in bulk according to Annex II of Marpol and the IBC Code:

Non-applicable

Transport of dangerous goods by sea:

With regard to IMDG 39-18:

**14.1 UN number:** UN1993

**14.2 UN proper shipping name:** FLAMMABLE LIQUID, N.O.S. (styrene)

14.3 Transport hazard class(es): 3 Labels: 3

**14.4 Packing group:** III **14.5 Environmental hazards:** No

14.6 Special precautions for user

Special regulations: 274, 223, 955 EmS Codes: F-E, S-E Physico-Chemical properties: see section 9

Limited quantities: 5 L

Segregation group: Non-applicable **14.7 Transport in bulk according** Non-applicable

the IBC Code: Transport of dangerous goods by air:

With regard to IATA/ICAO 2020:

**14.1 UN number:** UN1993

**14.2 UN proper shipping name:** FLAMMABLE LIQUID, N.O.S. (styrene)

14.3Transport hazard class(es):3Labels:314.4Packing group:III

to Annex II of Marpol and

14.4 Packing group: III

14.5 Environmental hazards: No

14.6 Special precautions for user

Physico-Chemical properties: see section 9 **14.7 Transport in bulk according** Non-applicable

to Annex II of Marpol and the IBC Code:

## SECTION 15: REGULATORY INFORMATION

### 15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture:

Candidate substances for authorisation under the Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 (REACH): Non-applicable

Substances included in Annex XIV of REACH ("Authorisation List") and sunset date: Non-applicable

Regulation (EC) No 1005/2009, about substances that deplete the ozone layer: Non-applicable

Article 95, REGULATION (EU) No 528/2012: Non-applicable

REGULATION (EU) No 649/2012, in relation to the import and export of hazardous chemical products: Non-applicable

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## **TOPCOAT (GELCOAT)**







## SECTION 15: REGULATORY INFORMATION (continued)

Section	Description	Lower-tier requirements	Upper-tier requirements
P5c	FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS	5000	50000

Limitations to commercialisation and the use of certain dangerous substances and mixtures (Annex XVII REACH, etc ....):

Non-applicable

#### Specific provisions in terms of protecting people or the environment:

It is recommended to use the information included in this safety data sheet as a basis for conducting workplace-specific risk assessments in order to establish the necessary risk prevention measures for the handling, use, storage and disposal of this product.

#### Other legislation:

The product could be affected by sectorial legislation

### 15.2 Chemical safety assessment:

The supplier has not carried out evaluation of chemical safety.

## SECTION 16: OTHER INFORMATION \*\*

### Legislation related to safety data sheets:

The SDS shall be supplied in an official language of the country where the product is placed on the market. This safety data sheet has been designed in accordance with ANNEX II-Guide to the compilation of safety data sheets of Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 (Regulation (EC) No 2015/830).

## Modifications related to the previous Safety Data Sheet which concerns the ways of managing risks.:

COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS (SECTION 3, SECTION 11, SECTION 12):

New declared substances

Dipropylene Glycol Methyl Ether (34590-94-8)

Methyl methacrylate (80-62-6)

styrene (100-42-5)

· Removed substances

phthalic anhydride (85-44-9)

styrene (100-42-5)

Xylene (1330-20-7)

Naphtha (petroleum), hydrodesulphurized heavy (64742-82-1)

Substances that contribute to the classification (SECTION 2):

· New declared substances

Cobalt bis(2-ethylhexanoate) (136-52-7)

Methyl methacrylate (80-62-6)

styrene (100-42-5)

CLP Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 (SECTION 2, SECTION 16):

- Hazard statements
- Supplementary information

#### Texts of the legislative phrases mentioned in section 2:

H315: Causes skin irritation

H317: May cause an allergic skin reaction

H335: May cause respiratory irritation

H412: Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects

H361d: Suspected of damaging the unborn child.

H372: Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure (Inhalation)

H226: Flammable liquid and vapour

H319: Causes serious eye irritation

### Texts of the legislative phrases mentioned in section 3:

The phrases indicated do not refer to the product itself; they are present merely for informative purposes and refer to the individual components which appear in section 3

CLP Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008:

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## **TOPCOAT (GELCOAT)**



## SECTION 16: OTHER INFORMATION \*\* (continued)

Acute Tox. 4: H332 - Harmful if inhaled

Aquatic Acute 1: H400 - Very toxic to aquatic life

Aquatic Chronic 3: H412 - Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects

Asp. Tox. 1: H304 - May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways

Eye Irrit. 2: H319 - Causes serious eye irritation

Flam. Liq. 2: H225 - Highly flammable liquid and vapour

Flam. Liq. 3: H226 - Flammable liquid and vapour

Repr. 1B: H360 - May damage fertility or the unborn child Repr. 2: H361d - Suspected of damaging the unborn child.

Skin Irrit. 2: H315 - Causes skin irritation

Skin Sens. 1: H317 - May cause an allergic skin reaction Skin Sens. 1A: H317 - May cause an allergic skin reaction

STOT RE 1: H372 - Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure (Inhalation)

STOT SE 3: H335 - May cause respiratory irritation

## Classification procedure:

Skin Irrit. 2: Calculation method Skin Sens. 1A: Calculation method STOT SE 3: Calculation method Aquatic Chronic 3: Calculation method

Repr. 2: Calculation method STOT RE 1: Calculation method

Flam. Liq. 3: Calculation method (2.6.4.3)

Eye Irrit. 2: Calculation method

### Advice related to training:

Minimal training is recommended in order to prevent industrial risks for staff using this product and to facilitate their comprehension and interpretation of this safety data sheet, as well as the label on the product.

#### Principal bibliographical sources:

http://echa.europa.eu http://eur-lex.europa.eu

## **Abbreviations and acronyms:**

ADR: European agreement concerning the international carriage of dangerous goods by road

IMDG: International maritime dangerous goods code

IATA: International Air Transport Association

ICAO: International Civil Aviation Organisation

COD: Chemical Oxygen Demand

BOD5: 5-day biochemical oxygen demand BCF: Bioconcentration factor

LD50: Lethal Dose 50 LC50: Lethal Concentration 50 EC50: Effective concentration 50

Log-POW: Octanol-water partition coefficient Koc: Partition coefficient of organic carbon

The information contained in this safety data sheet is based on sources, technical knowledge and current legislation at European and state level, without being able to guarantee its accuracy. This information cannot be considered a guarantee of the properties of the product, it is simply a description of the security requirements. The occupational methodology and conditions for users of this product are not within our awareness or control, and it is ultimately the responsibility of the user to take the necessary measures to obtain the legal requirements concerning the manipulation, storage, use and disposal of chemical products. The information on this safety data sheet only refers to this product, which should not be used for needs other than those specified.

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